

**C H A U C E R ' S  
C A N T E R B U R Y T A L E S .**

**IN FIVE VOLUMES.**

**VOL. V.**

THE CANTERBURY TALES OF CHAUCER;  
WITH AN ESSAY ON HIS LANGUAGE AND  
VERSIFICATION, AN INTRODUCTORY  
DISCOURSE, NOTES, AND A  
GLOSSARY BY THO.

TYRWHITT,

ESQ.



VOL. V.

LONDON:  
WILLIAM PICKERING.

1830.



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OLIVER  
VRAISCU

C. WHITTINGHAM, TOOKS COURT,  
CHANCERY LANE.

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EXPLANATION OF THE ABBREVIATIONS BY WHICH  
THE WORKS OF CHAUCER AND SOME OTHER  
BOOKS ARE GENERALLY CITED IN THE FOL-  
LOWING GLOSSARY.

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The Arabian numerals, without any letter pre-fixed, refer to the verses of the *Canterbury Tales* in this Edition.

Edit. Sp. 1602.

A. B. C.	—Chaucer's A. B. C.	—	fol. 347
A. F.	—Assemblee of Foules,	—	233
An.	—Annelida and Arcite,	—	243 b.
Astr.	—Treatise on the Astrolabe,	—	249
Bal. Vil.	—Balade of the Village,	—	319 b.
Ber.	—The History of Beryn, Edit. Ur. p. 580.		
B. K.	—Complaint of the Black Knight,	257 b.	
Bo.	—Translation of Boethius, 5 Books,	197 b.	
C. D.	—Chaucer's Dreme,	—	334
C. L.	—Court of Love,	—	327
C. M.	—Complaint of Mars,	—	309 b.
C. M. V.	—Complaint of Mars and Venus,	308 b.	
C. N.	—Cuckow and Nightingale,	—	316 b.
Cotg.	—Cotgrave's Fr. and Eng. Dictionary.		
Conf. Am.	—Gower's <i>Confessio Amantis</i> , Edit.		

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C. V.	—Complaint of Venus,	—	310
Du.	—The Book of the Duchesse, com-		
	monly called, <i>The Dreme of</i>		
	<i>Chaucer</i> ,	—	227
F.	—The House of Fame, 3 Books,	262	
F. L.	—The Flour and Leaf,	—	344
Gam.	—The Tale of Gamelyn, Edit. Ur.		
	p. 36.		
Jun. Etymol.	—Junii Etymologicon Ling. Angl.		
	by Lye.		
Kilian.	—Kilianii Etymologicum Ling.		
	Teuton.		
L. W.	—Legende of good Women,	185	
Lydg. <i>Trag.</i>	—Lydgate's Translation of Boe-		
	cace <i>De casibus virorum illust-</i>		
	<i>rius</i> , Edit. J. Wayland.		
M.	—The Tale of Melibeus, Vol. III.		
	p. 80.		
Magd.	—Lamentation of Marie Magda-		
	lene,	—	302
P.	—The Persones Tale, Vol. iv. p. 1.		
P. L.	—Translation of Peter of Langtoft,		
	by Robert of Brunne. Ed.		
	Hearne.		
P. P.	—Visions of Pierce Ploughman,		
	Edit. 1550.		

Prompt. Parv. — *Promptorium Parvulorum sive Clericorum*. Ms. Harl. 221. A dictionary, in which many hundreds of English words are translated into Latin, compiled in 1440, by a Friar Preacher, a Recluse, at Lynne in Norfolk. He gives notice in his preface, that *his English* is that spoken in the *East country*; and accordingly his orthography will be found to differ very much from Chaucer's. His name was *Richard Fraunces*; if we may believe a Ms. note cited by Hearne, Gloss. to P. L. v. *Neshe*; who has there also given an account of an edition of this dictionary, printed by Pynson in 1499. Dr. Hunter has a copy of it.

Prov.	—Proverbes by Chaucer,	—	321 b.
R.	—The Romaunt of the Rose,	'	109
R. G.	—Robert of Gloucester's Chronicle. Ed. Hearne.		
Sk.	—Skinner's <i>Etymologicon Ling. Angl.</i>		
Sp.	—Speght, the Editor of Chaucer.		
T.	—Troilus and Cresseide, 5 Books,		143
T. L.	—Testament of Love, 3 Books,		271 b.
Ur.	—Urry, the Editor of Chaucer.		

## A

## G L O S S A R Y.

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**A**, WHICH is commonly called the *Indefinite Article*, is really nothing more than a corruption of the Saxon *Adjective ANE*, or *AN*, before a Substantive beginning with a consonant.

It is sometimes prefixed to another Adjective; the Substantive, to which both belong, being understood. ver. 208.

*A Frere there was, A WANTON and A MERY.*  
See ver. 165, and the note.

It is also joined to *Nouns plural*, taken collectively; as, *An hundred frankes*, ver. 13201. *A thousand frankes*, ver. 13206.—and to such as are not used in the singular number; as, *A listes*, ver. 1715. See the note. So the Latins said, *Unæ literæ*, Cic. ad Att. v. 9. and the French, formerly, *unes lices*; *unes lettres*; *unes tréves*. Froissart. v. i. c. 153. 237. v. ii. c. 78.

**A**, *prep.* before a *Gerund*, is a corruption of *ON*. *To go A BEGGING.* 11884. R. 6719. i. e. *on begging*. The *prep.* is often expressed at length. *ON HUNTING ben they ridden.* 1689. *To ride ON HAWKING.* 13667.

In the same manner, before a *noun* it is generally a corruption of *ON* or *IN*. *A'bed.* 5989, 6509. *A'fire.* 6308. *A'Goddes name.* 17267. *A'morwe.* 824. *A'night.* 5784. *A'werke.* 4335, 5797. though in some of these instances perhaps it may as well be supposed to be a corruption of *AT*.

**A** in composition, in words of Saxon original, is an abbreviation of *AF*, or *OF*; of *AT*; of *ON*, or *IN*; and often only a corruption of the prepositive particle *GE*, or *Y*. In words of French original, it is generally to be deduced from the Latin *AB*, *AD*, and sometimes *EX*.

**A**, *Interj.* Ah! 1080. 9109.

**ABACKE**, *adv.* SAX. Backwards. L. W. 864.

**ABAIST**, *part. pa.* FR. Abashed, ashamed. 8193. 8887.

**ABATE**, *v.* FR. To beat down. P. 83.

**ABAUED**, *part. pa.* FR. *Esbahi.* Astonished. R. 3646.  
*I was ABAUED for marveile.* Orig. *Moult m'ESBAHY de la merveille.*

**ABEGGE**, **ABEYE**, **ABIE**, *v.* SAX. To suffer for. 3936. 12034. 16162.

**ABET**, *n.* SAX. Help. T. II. 357.

**ABIDE**, *v.* SAX. To stay. 3131,3.

**ABIDDEN**, } *part. pa.* { T. II. 935.  
**ABIDEN**, } *part. pa.* { 2984. 9762.

**ABIT** for **ABIDETH**. 16643. R. 4977.

**ABLE**, *adj.* FR. Fit, proper. 167. R. 986.

**ABOTE**, *part. pa.* of **ABATE**. C. D. 1290.

- ABOUGHT**, *part. pa.* of **ABEGGE**. 2305.
- ABOUTEN**, *prep.* SAX. On-but-an. About. 2191. 4146.
- ABRAIDE**, *v.* SAX. To awake; to start. 4188. See **BRAIDE**.
- ABRAIDE**, *pa. t.* Awaked, started. 8937. 10791. 15014.
- ABREDE**, *adv.* SAX. Abroad. R. 2563.
- ABREGE**, *v.* FR. To shorten, to abridge. 9531.
- ABROCHE**, *v.* FR. To tap, to set abroach; spoken of a vessel of liquor. 5759.
- ABUSION**, *n.* Fr. Abuse, impropriety. T. iv. 990.
- ACCESSE**, *n.* FR. Properly, the approach of a fever; *A fever*. B. K. 136.
- ACCIDIE**, *n.* FR. from Ακηδία, Gr. Negligence; arising from discontent, melancholy, &c. P. 77. seq.
- ACCORD**, *n.* FR. Agreement. 840.
- ACCORD**, *v.* FR. To agree. 832.
- ACCORDEDEN**, *pa. t. pl.* L. W. 168.
- ACCORDANT**, } *part. pr.* { 10417.  
    **ACCORDING**, } *part. pr.* { 6506.
- ACCUSE**, *v.* FR. To discover. R. 1591.
- ACHATE**, *n.* FR. Purchase. 573.
- ACHATOUR**, *n.* FR. A purchaser; a caterer. 570.
- ACHEKED**, *part. pa.* SAX. Choaked. L. W. 2006.
- ACHEVE**, *v.* FR. To accomplish. R. 2049. 4600.
- ACKELE (Akele)**, *v.* SAX. To cool. C. L. 1076.
- ACLOYE**, *v.* A. F. 517. may perhaps mean—To cloy; to embarrass with superfluity.

- Acoie, v. Fr.** To make quiet. R. 3564.
- ACOMBRED, part. pa. Fr.** Encumbered. 510.
- ACROKE, adj. Fr.** Crooked, awkward. C. L. 378.
- ADAWE, v. SAX.** To awake. 10274. T. III. 1126.
- ADO, v. SAX.** To do. It is used to express the Fr. *à faire*. *To have ADO.* R. 3036. To have to do. *And don all that they han ADO.* R. 5080. *Et facent ce qu'ils doivent FAIRE.* Orig. 4801.
- ADON (corruption of Of-don), part. pa. SAX.** Done away. L. W. 2582.
- ADON, pr. n.** Adonis. 2226.
- ADOUN, adv. SAX.** Downward, 2417.—Below. 17054.
- ADBAD, ADRADDE, part. pa. of ADREDE, v. SAX.** Afraid, 607, 3425.
- ADRIANE for ARIADNE, pr. n.** 4487.
- ADVERTENCE, n. Fr.** Attention, T. IV. 698.
- ADVOCACIES, n. pl. Fr.** Law-suits, T. II. 1469.
- ADVOCAS, n. pl. Fr.** Lawyers, advocates. 12225.
- AFERED, AFERDE, part. pa. SAX.** Afraid, frightened, 12218. T. II. 606.
- AFFECTE, n. LAT.** Affection. R. 5486. T. III. 1397.
- AFFERMED, part. pa. Fr.** Confirmed. 2351. L. W. 790.
- AFFIE, v. Fr.** To trust. R. 3155.
- AFFRAY, v. Fr.** To affright. 8331.
- AFFRAY, n. Fr.** Disturbance, 5557.—Fear. R. 4397.
- AFFRIKAN, pr. n.** The elder *Scipio Africanus*. A. F. 41.

**AFILE**, *v. Fr.* To file, polish, 714.

**AFOREN**, **AFORNE**, **AFORE**, *adv. et prep. SAX.*  
*Ær-foran.* Before.

**AGAIN**, *prep. SAX.* On-gean. Against. 2453.  
10456. Toward, 4811. 5419.—*adv.* 993. 10456.

**AGASTE**, *v. SAX.* To terrify. 1509.

**AGAST**, for **AGASTED**, *part. pa.* Terrified. 2343.

**AGATHON**, *pr. n. L. W.* 526. I have nothing to say concerning this writer, except that one of the same name is quoted in the Prol. to the *Tragedie of Cambises*, by Thomas Preston. There is no ground for supposing, with Gloss. *Ur.* that a *philosopher of Samos* is meant, or any of the Agathons of antiquity.

**AGEINS**, *prep.* 12677, as AGAIN.

**AGEN**, *adv.* 803, as AGAIN.

**AGILTE**, *v. SAX.* To offend, to sin against. P. 9.  
125.

**AGILTE**, for **AGILTED**, *pa. t.* Sinned. 5674.

**AGO**, **AGON** for **YGON**, *part. pa. SAX.* Gone; past.  
2338. 6445.

**AGREE**, *Fr. à gré.* In good part. R. 4349.

**AGREFE**, (*A'grefe*). In grief. 14899. T. III.  
864.

**AGREGE**, *v. Fr.* To aggravate. M. 85.

**AGREVED**, *part. pa. Fr.* Injured, aggrieved. 4179.  
L. W. 345.

**AGRISE**, *v. SAX.* To shudder. 5034—To make to shudder. 7231.

- AGROSE**, *pa. t.* Shuddered, trembled. T. II. 930.  
L. W. 830.
- AGROTED**, *part. pa.* Cloyed, surfeited. **AGROTONE WITH METE OR DRINKE**. *Ingurgito*. Prompt. Parv.
- AGUILER**, *n.* Fr. A needle-case. R. 98.
- AJUST**, *v.* Fr. To applie. Bo. II. pr. 3.
- AKEHORNS**, *n. pl.* SAX. Acorns. Bo. I. m. 6.
- AKNOWE**, *part. pa.* SAX. *To benaknowe*. C. L. 1199.  
To confess. *I am aknowe*. Bo. IV. pr. 4. I acknowledge.
- AL, ALLE**, *adj.* SAX. All. *Al and som*. 5673, 11910.  
The whole thing. *At al*, 8921, 9098. In the whole.  
*Over all*. 7666, 8924. Through the whole. *In alle manere wise*. 13276. By every kind of means. *At alle rightes*. 2102. With every thing requisite.
- AL, ALL**, *adv.* SAX. generally answers to the LAT. *Omnino*. *Al alone*. 9200. Quite alone. *Al hol*. 11762. Entire. *Al holly*. 7678. Entirely. *All in one*. C. D. 670. At the same time. *All newe*. 13308. Anew. *Al only*. 13385. T. IV. 1096. Solely, singly. It is sometimes used elliptically for *although*, or *all be it that*. 2266. *ALL tell I not as now his observances*. 2477. *ALL be ye not of o complexion*.
- ALAIN**, *pr. n.* A. F. 316. a poet and divine of the xiith Century. Beside his *Planctus Naturæ*, or *Plaint of Kinde*, which is here quoted, he wrote another poem in Latin verse, called *Anticlaudianus*, to which our author alludes in F. II. 478. For

the rest of his works see *Fabric. Bibl. Med. Et.*  
in v. **ALANUS DE INSULIS.**

**ALARGED**, *part. pa.* Fr. *Eslargi*. Given largely.  
C. D. 156.

**ALAUNS**, *n. pl.* A species of Dog. See the n. on  
ver. 2150. They were much esteemed in Italy in  
the xivth Century. *Gualv. de la flamma*, (ap.  
Murator. *Antiq. Med. Et.* t. ii. p. 394.) com-  
mends the governors of Milan, *quod equos emis-  
arios equabus magnis commiscuerunt, et procreati-  
sunt in nostro territorio DESTRARII nobiles, qui in  
magno pretio habentur.* Item **CANES ALANOS**  
*altae statuæ et mirabilis fortitudinis nutrire stu-  
duerunt.*

**ALAYE**, *n.* Fr. Allay; a mixture of base metal.  
9043.

**ALBIFICATION**, *n.* LAT. A chemical term for mak-  
ing white. 16273.

**ALCALY**, *n.* ARAB. A chemical term for a species  
of Salt. 16278.

**ALCHYMISTRE**, *n.* Fr. Alchymist, 16672.

**ALDER**, **ALLER**, *gen. ca. pl.* Of all. 801, 825. It is  
frequently joined in composition with adjectives  
of the superl. deg. *Alderfirst*. 9492. *Alderlast*. B.  
K. 504. *Alderlevest*. T. III. 240. First, Last,  
Dearest of all.

**ALDRIAN**, *pr. n.* A star on the neck of the Lion,  
Sp. 10579.

**ALE AND BREW**. 13801. This oath of Sire Thopas

*on ale and bred* was perhaps intended to ridicule the solemn vows, which were frequently made in the days of Chivalrie, to a *Peacock*, a *Pheasant*, or some other *noble bird*. See M. de Sainte Palaye, *Sur l'anc. cheval. Mem. IIIme*. I will add here, from our own history, a most remarkable instance of this strange practice. When Edward I. was setting out upon his last expedition to Scotland in 1306, he knighted his eldest son and several other young noblemen with great solemnity. At the close of the whole (says Matthew of Westminster, p. 454.) *allati sunt in pompatied gloria duo CYGNI vel OLORES ante regem, phalerati re-tibus aureis vel fistulis deauratis, desiderabile spec-taculum intuentibus. Quibus visis, Rex VOTUM vovit DEO CÆLI ET CYGNIS se proficisci in Sco-tiam, mortem Johannis Comyn et fidem læsam Scotorum vivus sive mortuus vindicaturus, &c.* This practice is alluded to in “ DUNBAR’S WISH, that the King were Johne Thomsonnis man.” Ms. Maitland. St. 5.

*I wold gif all that ever I have  
To that condition, so God me saif,  
That ye had vowit to the swan  
Ane yeir to be Johne Thomsonnis man.*

And so in the *Prol. to the Contin. of the Canterb.* T. ver. 452. the Hosteler says—I MAKE A VOWE TO THE PECOCK, ther shall wake a foule mist.

ALEGE, v. FR. To alleviate. R. 6626.

- ALEGANCE, n. Fr.** Alleviation. C. D. 1688.
- ALEIS, n. Fr.** *Alise.* The Lote-tree. R. 1377.
- ALEMBIKES, n. pl. Fr.** Vessels for distilling; Stills. 16262.
- ALE-STAKE, n. SAX.** A stake set up before an Ale-house, by way of sign. 12255.
- ALEYE, n. FR.** An alley. 13491.
- ALGATES, ALGATE, adv. SAX.** Always. *Toutesfois.* Fr. 7031, 7619.
- ALGEZIR, pr. n.** A city of Spain. 57.
- ALIGHT, v. SAX.** To descend. 8785.
- ALIGHT, pa. t. for ALIGHTED.** 985, 2191.
- ALISANDRE, pr. n.** Alexandria, a city in Egypt. 51.
- ALLEGE, v. FR.** To alledge. 9532.
- ALMAGEST, pr. n.** 5765. The Arabs called the Μεγαλη Συνταξις of Ptolemy *Almagesti*, or *Almegisti*, a corruption of Μεγιση. See D'Herbelot, in v.
- ALMANDRES, n. pl. FR.** Almond-trees. R. 1363.
- ALMESSE, n. SAX.** from the LAT. Gr. *Eleemosyna*. Alms, 7191, P. 123. **ALMESSES, pl. P.** 124.
- ALNATH, pr. n.** The first star in the horns of *Aries*, whence the first mansion of the Moon takes its name. Sp. 11593.
- ALONDE, (A'londe);** On land. L. W. 2164. 2402.
- ALONG, prep. SAX.** On-long, 16398. *Whereon it was along.* By what it was occasioned. T. II. 1001. *On me is nought along thine evil fare.* Thy ill fare is not occasioned by me.
- ALOSED, part. pa. FR.** Praised. R. 2354.

**ALOUE, v. Fr.** To allow, to approve. 10988. *His dedes are to ALOWE for his hardynesse.* P. L. 281. *Therefore lords ALOW him litle, or lysten to his reason.* P. P. 76. b.

**ALOWE, adv. SAX.** Low. C. L. 1201.

**ALPES, n. pl.** Bulfinches. R. 658.

**ALS, conj. SAX.** Also. 4315, 11902.—As. T. v. 367.

**AMALGAMING.** A Chemical term for mixing of Quicksilver with any metal. 16239.

**AMBASSATRIE, n. FR.** Embassy. 4653.

**AMBES AS,** 4544. Two aces, at dice. Fr.

**AMBLING, part. pr. FR.** 8264.

**AMENDE, v. FR.** To mend. 3068, 3076.

**AMENUSE, v. FR.** To lessen. P. 36, 38.

**AMEVED, part. pa. FR.** Moved. 8374.

**AMIAS, pr. n.** The city of Amiens. R. 3826.

**AMIDDES, prep. SAX.** At, or, in the middle. 2011.

**AMIS, adv. SAX.** Ill; badly. 11610, 17197. See MIS.

**AMONESTE, v. FR.** To admonish, to advise. 83. M. 110. P. 121.

**AMONG, adv. SAX.** Together; at the same time; at the same place. R. 690, 3881. Du. 298. *Ever among.* R. 3771. Ever at the same time. Conf. Am. 114. b.

**AMONGES, prep. SAX.** Among. 6534, 9902. See the n. on ver. 761.

**AMORETTE, n. FR.** An amorous woman. R. 4755.

- And eke as well by* (r. be.) AMORETTES.—*Car aussi bien sont AMOURETTES.* Orig. 4437.
- AMORILY, C L. 1383. is perhaps put by mistake for *Merily*.
- AMORTISED, *part. pa.* Fr. Killed. P. 22.
- AMORWE, On the morrow. 824, 2491.
- AMPHIBOLOGIES, *n. pl.* Fr. Gr. Ambiguous expressions. T. iv. 1406.
- AN, for ON, *prep.* 11161. R. 2270.
- ANCILLE, *n.* LAT. A maid-servant. A. B. C. 109.
- ANCRE, *n.* Fr. Anchor. R. 3780.
- AND, *conj.* SAX. If. 768, 10307, 15613, 16714.
- ANELACE, *n.* 359. See the note.
- ANES, *adv.* for ONES. Once. 4072.
- ANHANG, *v.* SAX. To hang up. 12193.
- ANIENTISSED, *part. pa.* Fr. Reduced to nothing. M. 107.
- ANIGHT, In the night. L. W. 1473.
- ANKER, *n.* SAX. An anchorite, or hermite, R. 6348.
- ANNUELLER, *n.* 16480. See the note.
- ANNUNCIAT, *part. pa.* LAT. Foretold. 14021.
- ANOIE, *n.* Fr. Hurt, trouble. R. 4404.
- ANOIE, *v.* To hurt, to trouble. M. 88.
- ANOIFUL, *adj.* Hurtful; unpleasant. M. 86.
- ANTEM, *n.* SAX. Ante<sup>m</sup>n. An anthem. 13590.
- ANTICLAUDIAN. F. II. 478. The title of a Latin poem by *Alanus de Insulis*. See ALAIN.
- ANTILEGIUS, *pr. n.* Antilochus. Du. 1064.

**ANTIPHONERE, n. LAT. GR.** A book of Antiphones, or *Anthems*. 13449.

**ANVELT, n. SAX.** An anvil. Du. 1165.

**ANY, adj. SAX.** Either; *One of two*. 7115.—It usually signifies *one of many*.

**APAIDE, part. pa. FR.** Paid, satisfied. 1870, 9439.

**APAIRES, v. FR.** See **APEIRE**.

**APE, n. SAX.** Metaphorically, a fool. 3389, 16781.

*The monke put in the mannes hode an ape, And in his wife's eke.* 13370. The monk made a fool of the man, and of his wife too.—*Win of ape*. 16993. See the note.

**APEIRE, v. FR.** To impair; to detract from. 3149.

*Our state it APEIRES.* P. L. 290.—To be impaired; to go to ruin. T. II. 329.

**APERT. adj. FR.** Open. P. 72. *Prive and apert.* 6696. In private and in publick.

**APIES for OPIES, n. pl. FR.** Opiates. L. W. 2659.

**APPALLED, part. pa. FR.** Made pale. 10679, 13032.

**APPARAILE, v. FR.** To prepare. L. W. 2462.

**APPARENCE, n. FR.** An appearance. 11577.

**APPERCEIVE, v. FR.** To perceive. 8476.

**APPERCEIVINGS, n. pl.** Perceptions. 10600.

**APPETITE, v. FR.** To desire, to covet. L. W. 1580.

**APPOSE, v. FR.** To object to; to question. 7179, 15831. It seems to be a corruption of *Oppose*.

**APPROVER, n. FR.** An informer. 6925.

**APPRENTISE, n. pl. FR.** Apprentices, novices. R. 687.

- AQUEINTABLE, *adj.* FR. Easy to be acquainted with. R. 2213.
- AQUITE, *v.* FR. To pay for. 6742.
- ARACE, *v.* FR. To draw away by force. 8979.
- ARANDE, *n.* SAX. A message. T. II. 72.
- ARAYE, *n.* FR. Order. 8138.—Situation. 6484, 13300.—Clothing. 6509.—Equipage. 8821.
- ARAYE, *v.* FR. To dress. 3689.—To dispose. 8837.
- ARBLASTERS, *n. pl.* FR. *Arbalestres.* Engines to cast darts, &c. R. 4196.
- ARCHANGEL, *n.* R. 915. The herb so called; a dead nettle. *Gloss. Ur.*—In the Orig. it is *Mesange*, the bird which we call a Titmouse.
- ARCHEBISHOP, *n.* SAX. LAT. An Archbishop. 7084.
- ARCHEDEKEN, *n.* SAX. LAT. An Archdeacon. 6884.
- ARCHEDIACRE, *n.* FR. Archdeacon. C. D. 2136.
- ARCHEWIVES, 9071. Wives of a superior order.
- ARDURE, *n.* FR. Burning. P. 108.
- AREDE, *v.* SAX. To interpret. Du. 289. See REDE.
- ARERAGE, *n.* FR. Arrear. 604.
- AREISE, *v.* SAX. To raise. P. 61.
- ARESONE, *v.* FR. *Arraisonner.* To reason with. R. 6220.
- ARESTE, *n.* FR. Arrest, constraint. 9158.—Delay. L. W. 806.
- ARESTE, *v.* FR. To stop. 829.
- ARETTE, *v.* FR. To impute to. 728. P. 63.
- ARGOIL, *n.* FR. Potter's clay. 16281.

**ARIETE**, *pr. n.* Aries, one of the signs in the Zodiac.

T. iv. 1592. T. v. 1189.

**ARISTOTLE**, *pr. n.* 10547. A treatise on *Perspective*, under his name, is mentioned by Vincent of Beauvais, in the xiiith century. *Spec. Histor.* L. III. c. 84. *Extat etiam liber, qui dicitur Perspectiva Aristotelis.*

**ARIVAGE**, *n.* Fr. F. i. 223. as *Arivaile*.

**ARIVAILE**, *n.* Fr. Arrival. F. 451.

**ARK**, *n.* LAT. A part of the circumference of a circle. 4422.

**ARME**, *n.* T. ii. 1650. may perhaps be put for *fence, security*.

**ARMLES**, *adj.* SAX. Without an arm. 14209.

**ARM-GRETE**, *adj.* SAX. As thick as a man's arm. 2147.

**ARMIPOTENT**, *adj.* LAT. Mighty in arms. 1984.

**ARMORIKE**, *pr. n.* *Basse Bretagne*, in France, called antiquently *Britannia Armorica*. 11041.

**ARMURE**, *n.* FR. Armour. M. 114.

**ARN**, *pl. n.* of *AM.* *v.* SAX. Are. 4706, 8218.

**ARNOLDE OF THE NEWE TOWN**, *pr. n.* of a Physician and Chemist of the xiiith century. 16896.

See *Fabric. Bibl. Med. Et.* in *v.* **ARNALDUS VILLANOVANUS**.

**AROUUME**, F. ii. 32. seems to signify *At large*.

**AROWME OR MORE UTTER**. *Remote. deprope. seorsum.* Prompt. Parv.

A'ROW; in a *row*; probably from the Fr. *Rue*.

Successively. 6836. R. 7606.

ARSMETRIKE, *n.* LAT. Arithmetick. 1900. See the note.

ARTE, *v.* LAT. To constrain. T. I. 389. C. L. 46.

ARTELRIES, *n. pl.* FR. Artillery. M. 114.

As, *adv.* SAX. Alj. Also. *Omnino sic. As fast.* T. v. 1640. Very fast. *As swith.* 5057, 16404. Very quickly; immediately. See the *n.* on ver. 3172.

ASCAUNCE, See the *n.* on ver. 7327.

ASHEN, *n. pl.* SAX. Ashes. 1304. T. II. 539.

ASLAKE, *v.* SAX. To slacken; to abate. 1762. 3553.

ASPE, *n.* SAX. A sort of poplar. 2928. L. W. 2637.

ASPEN, *adj.* Of an asp. 7249.

ASPIE, *v.* FR. To espie. 13521.

ASPRE, *adj.* FR. Rough, sharp. T. IV. 827. Bo. IV. pr. 7.

ASPRENESSE, *n.* Sharpness. Bo. IV. pr. 4.

ASSAUT, *n.* FR. Assault. 991.

ASSEG, *n.* FR. Siege. 10620.

ASSETH. R. 5600. Sufficient, enough. *Assez.* Orig. P. P. fol. 94. b. *And if it suffice not for ASSETH.*

ASSISE, *n.* FR. Situation. R. 1238.

ASSOILE, *v.* FR. To absolve; to answer. 9528. C. L. 1284. *Assoileth.* imp. m. 2 pers. pl. 9528.

- ASSOMONED**, *part. pa.* Summoned. C. L. 170.
- ASSURE**, *v.* Fr. To confide. T. I. 681.
- ASTERTE**, *v.* SAX. To escape. 1597, 6550.—To release. 6896. *Asterete* for *Asterted*. *part. pa.* 1594.
- ASTONED**, 8192. **ASTONIED**. 11651. *part. pa.* Fr. Confounded, astonished.
- ASTRELABRE**, *n.* Fr. Astrolabe. 3209.
- ASTROLOGIEN**, *n.* Fr. Astrologer. *Ast.*
- ASWEVED**, *part. pa.* SAX. Stupified, as in a dream. F. II. 41.
- ASWOUNE**. In a swoon. 3821, 6. 10788. T. III. 1098. *Adoun he fell all sodenly IN SWOUNE.*
- AT**, **ATTE**, *prep.* SAX. See the n. on ver. 12542.  
*At after souper*. 10616, 11531. As soon as supper was finished. *At day*. 13169. At break of day.  
*At on*. 4195, 8313. Of one mind.
- ATAKE**, *v.* SAX. To overtake. 16024.
- ATAKE**, for **ATAKEN**. *part. pa.* 6966.
- A'THRE**; In three parts. 2935.
- ATTAMED**, *part. pa.* Fr. *Entamé*. Opened; Begun. 14824.—Tasted, felt. C. D. 596.—Disgraced. C. D. 1128.
- ATTEMPRE**, *adj.* Fr. Temperate. 14844. M. 82.
- ATTEMPRELY**, *adv.* Fr. Temperately. 13192.
- ATTOUR**, *n.* Fr. Headdress. R. 3718.
- ATTRY**, **ATTERLY**, *adj.* SAX. Poisonous, pernicious. P. 64.
- A'TWINNE**, 3589. **A'two**, P. 104. In two, asunder.
- ATYZAR**. See the n. on ver. 4725.

- AVALE, v. Fr.** To lower; to let down. 3124.—  
To fall down. T. III. 627.
- AVANCE, v. Fr.** To advance; to profit. 246. T.  
v. 434.
- AVANT, n. Fr.** Boast. 227.
- AVANTAGE, n. Fr.** Advantage. 2449.
- AVANTE, v. Fr.** To boast. 5985.
- AVAUNT, adv. Fr.** Forward. R. 3958. 4790.
- AUCTORITEE, n. LAT.** A text of Scripture; or of  
some respectable writer. See the n. on ver. 6858.  
—and ver. 5583. 6790.
- AUCTOUR, n. LAT.** A writer of credit. 6794.
- AVENAUNT, adj. Fr.** Becoming. R. 1263.
- AVENTAILE, n. Fr.** See n. on ver. 9080.
- AVENTURE, n. Fr.** Adventure. 846.
- AVERROIS, pr. n. 435.** Ebn Roschd, an Arabian  
Physician of the xiith century. See D'Herbelot,  
in v. ROSCHD, and the authors mentioned in n.  
on ver. 433.
- AUGHT, n. SAX.** Apīt. Any thing. T. III. 468.  
It is sometimes used as an *adverb*. *If that the  
childe's mother were AUGHT she*. 5454. *Can he  
OUGHT tell a merry tale or tweie?* 16065.
- AUGHT. pa. t. of OWE.** T. III. 1801. as OUGHT.
- AUGHT-WHERE, adv. SAX.** Any where. L. W. 1538.
- AUGRIM,** a corruption of *Algorithm*. See n. on ver.  
3210.
- AVICEN, pr. n. 434. 12823.** Ebn Sina, an Arabian  
Physician of the xth century. See D'Herbelot, in  
VOL. V.

- v. **SINA**, and the authors mentioned in n. on ver. 433.
- AVIS**, *n.* Fr. Advice. 1870. *The king at his avys sent messengers thre.* P. L. 285.
- AVISAND**, *part. pr.* Observing. C. D. 1882.
- AVISE**, *v.* Fr. To observe. T. II. 276. *Aviseth you. imp. m. 2 pers. pl.* Look to yourselves; take care of yourselves. 3185.
- AVISION**, *n.* Fr. Vision. 15120, 9.
- AUMBLE**, *n.* Fr. An ambling pace. 13814.
- AUMENER**, *n.* Fr. *Aumoniere.* A purse. R. 2087.
- AUMERE**, *n.* R. 2271. *Aumere* of silke. Bourse *de soy.* Orig. It seems to be a corruption of **AUMENER**.
- AUNTRE**, *v.* Fr. Corruption of **AVENTURE**. To adventure. 4207.
- AUNTROUS**, *adj.* Adventurous. 13837.
- AVOUTERER**, **AVOUTRER**, *n.* Fr. An adulterer. P. 102. 6954.
- AVOUTERIE**, **AVOUTRIE**, *n.* Adultery. 6888. 9309.
- Avow**, *n.* Fr. Vow. 2239. 2416.
- AURORA**. Du. 1169. The title of a Latin metrical version of several parts of the Bible by *Petrus de Riga*, Canon of Rheims, in the xiith century. Leyser, in his *Hist. Poet. Med. Evi*, p. 692—736. has given large extracts from this work, and among others the passage which Chaucer seems to have had in his eye. See p. 728.  
*Aure Jubal varios ferramenti notat ictus.*  
*Pondera librat in his. Consona quæque facit.*

Hoc inventa modo prius est ars musica, quamvis  
Pythagoram dicant hanc docuisse prius.

**AUTER**, *n.* Fr. Altar. 2294.

**AWAITE**, *n.* Fr. Watch. 7239. 17098.

**AWAITING**, *part. pr.* Keeping watch. 7634.

**AWAPED**, *part. pa.* SAX. Confounded, stupified.  
T. I. 316. L. W. 814.

**AWAYWARD**, *adv.* SAX. Away. 17211.

**AWREKE**, *v.* SAX. To revenge. 10768. R. 278.

**AXE**, *v.* SAX. To ask. 2241. 3557.

**AXING**, *n.* Request. 1828.

**AY**, *adv.* SAX. Ever. 7406.

**AYEL**, *n.* Fr. Grandfather. 2479.

**AYEN**, *adv. & prep.* P. 102. as AGAIN.

**AYENST**, *prep.* P. 111. as AGAIN.

**AYENWARD**, *adv.* SAX. Back. T. III. 751.

## B.

**BA**, *v.* 6015. seems to be formed from BASSE, *v.* Fr.  
To kiss.

**BACHELER**, *n.* Fr. An unmarried man. 9150.—A  
Knight: 3087. 3465.—One who has taken his  
first degree in a University. 11438.

**BACHELERIE**, *n.* Fr. Knighthood; 17074. *The  
Bachelerie.* 8146. The Knights.

**BADE**, *pa. t. of BEDE*. 6706. 7449.

**BADDER**, *comp. d. of BAD*. *adj.* SAX. Worse. 10538.

**BAGGE**, *v.* To swell; to disdain. *Sk.* Rather, per-  
haps, to squint. *Du.* 624.

- BAGGINGLY, *adv.* R. 292. seems to be the translation of *en lorgnoyant*; squintingly.
- BAILLIE, *n.* Fr. Custody, government. R. 4302. 7574.
- BAITE, *v.* SAX. To feed; to stop to feed. 13841. T. I. 192. C. L. 195.
- BALANCE, *n.* Fr. Doubt, suspense. R. 4667.—*I dare lay in balance All that I have.* 16079. I dare *wager* all t. I h.
- BALE, *n.* SAX. Mischief, sorrow. 16949.
- BALES, C. L. 80. r. BALAIS, *pr. n.* Fr. A sort of bastard Ruby.
- BALKES, *n. pl.* SAX. The timbers of the roof. 3626.
- BALLED, *adj.* Smooth as a ball; bald. 198. 3520.
- BANDON, *n.* Fr. See Du Cange, in *v.* ABANDONS. *To her bandon.* R. 1163. To her disposal. *A son bandon.* Orig.
- BANE, *n.* SAX. Destruction. 1099.
- BARBE, *n.* A hood, or muffler, which covered the lower part of the face, and the shoulders. T. II. 110. See Du Cange, in *v.* BARBUTA.
- BAREN, *pa. t. pl.* of BERE. *v.* SAX. Bore. 723.
- BARGAINE, *n.* Fr. Contention. R. 2551.
- BARGARET, *n.* Fr. Bergerette. A sort of song. F. L. 348.
- BARME, *n.* SAX. The lap. 10945. 14750.
- BARME-CLOTH, 3236. An apron.
- BARRE, *n.* Fr. A bar of a door. 552.—A stripe. 331.

- BARREINE, adj. SAX.** Barren. 8324.
- BASILICOK, n.** A Basilisk. P. 99.
- BASSE, n. FR.** A Kiss. C. L. 797.
- BASTING, part. pr.** Sewing slightly. R. 104.
- BATAILED, part. pa. FR.** Embattled. R. 4162.
- BATHE for BOTHE.** 4085. 4189.
- BATHE, v. SAX.** 15273. We should rather say *to bask*.
- BAUDE, adj. FR.** Joyous. R. 5674.
- BAUDERIE, BAUDRIE, n.** Pimping. 1928. T. III. 398. Keeping a bawdy-house. 6887.
- BAUDY, adj.** Dirty. 16103. *With BAUDY cote.* Lydg. *Trag.* B. ix. f. 36. b.
- BAYARD, pr. n. FR.** Originally, a Bay-horse; a horse in general, 16881. T. I. 218.
- BAY-WINDOW, C. L.** 1058. A large window; probably so called, because it occupied a whole *bay*, i. e. the space between two cross-beams.
- BE, prep. SAX.** By. 2577.
- BE for BEEN, part. pa. SAX.** 60. 7611. 9245.
- BEAU SEMBLANT, FR.** Fair appearance. C. L. 1085.
- BEAU SIRE, FR.** Fair Sir; a mode of address. R. 6053.
- BEBLEDDE, part. pa. SAX.** Covered with blood. 2004.
- BEBLOTTE, v. SAX.** To stain. T. II. 1027.
- BECKE, v. FR.** To nod. 12330, 17295.
- BECLAPPE, v. SAX.** To catch. 15477.

BEDAFFED, *part. pa.* SAX. Made a fool of. 9067.

See DAFFE.

BEDA, *v.* SAX. To order, to bid.—To offer. 8236. 9658. T. v. 185.—To pray. R. 7374. *To bede his necke.* T. iv. 1105. To offer his neck for execution.

BEDOTE, *v.* SAX. To make to dote; to deceive. L. W. 1545. See DOTE.

BEDREDE, *adj.* SAX. Confined to bed. 7351. 9168.

BEDREINTE, *part. pa.* Drenched, thoroughly wetted. C. L. 577.

BEEN, *n. pl.* SAX. Bees. 10518.

BEFILL for BEFELL, *pa. t. of BEFALL.* *v.* SAX. 10007.

BEFOREN, BEFORNE, *adv. et prep.* SAX. Before.

BEGILED, *part. pa.* FR. Beguiled. 12208.

BEGON, *part. pa. of BEGO.* *v.* SAX. Gone. *Wel begon.* 6188. R. 5533. In a good way. *Wo begon.* 5338. 11628. Far gone in woe. *Worse begon.* T. v. 1327. In a worse way. *With gold begon.* R. 943. Painted over with gold; *& or paintes.* Orig.

BEGONNE, *part. pa. of BEGINNE,* *v.* SAX. Begun. 11341.

BEHALVE, *n.* SAX. Half; side, or part. T. iv. 945.

BEHEST, *n.* SAX. Promise. 4461, 2.

BEHETE, *v.* SAX. To promise. 1856.

BEHEWE, *part. pa.* SAX. Coloured. T. iii. 216. See HEWE.

BEHIGHTE, *v.* SAX. To promise. P. 39.

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- BEHIGHTE, *part. pa.* Promised. 11100.  
BEHIGHTEN, *pa. t. pl.* Promised. 11639.  
BEHOVE, *n.* SAX. Behoof, advantage. R. 1090.  
BEJAPED, *part. pa.* SAX. Tricked. 16853. Laughed at. T. i. 532.  
BEKNOWE, *v.* SAX. To confess. 1558. 5306.  
BEL AMY, FR. Good friend. 12252.  
BELEVE, *n.* SAX. Belief. *His believe.* 3456. His creed.  
BELLE, *v.* SAX. To roar. F. III. 713.  
BELLE, *adj. fem.* FR. Fair. T. II. 288.  
BELLE CHERE, FR. Good cheer. 13339.  
BELLE CHOSE, FR. 6029. 6092.  
BELLE ISAUDE, F. III. 707. The fair Isaude; the mistress of Tristan. She is called *Isoude*. L. W. 254.  
BELMARIE, *pr. n.* See *n.* on ver. 57.  
BELOUS, *n.* SAX. Bellows. P. 35.  
BEMES, *n. pl.* SAX. Trumpets. 15404. R. 7605.  
BEN, *inf. m.* SAX. To be. 141. 167.  
BEN, *pr. t. pl.* Are. 764. 820. 945.  
BEN, *part. pa.* Been. 361. 465.  
BENCHED, *part. pa.* Furnished with benches. L.W. 204.  
BENDE, *n.* FR. A Band; or horizontal stripe. R. 1079.  
BENDING, *n.* Striping; making of bands, or stripes. P. 43.  
BENE, *n.* SAX. A bean. 9728. *And al n'as wurth a BENE.* R. G. 497.

BENEDICITE! LAT. An exclamation, answering to our *Bless us!* It was often pronounced as a Trisyllable, *Bencite!* 15399. T. i. 781. iii. 758. 862.

BENIGNE, *adj.* FR. Kind. 8973.

BENIME, *v.* SAX. To take away. P. 59.

BENISON, *n.* FR. Benediction. 9239.

BENOMEN, *part. pa.* of BENIME. Taken away. R. 1509.

BENT, *n.* SAX. The bending, or declivity of a hill. 1983.

BERAINED, *part. pa.* SAX. Rained upon. T. iv. 1172.

BERDE, *n.* SAX. Beard. *To make* any one's *berde*; to cheat him. See *n.* on ver. 4094.

BERE, *n.* SAX. A bear. 2060.

BERE, *v.* SAX. To bear; to carry. *To bere in*, or *on hand*; To accuse falsely. 5040, 5975. To persuade falsely. 5814. 5962.—*To bere the belle.* T. iii. 199. To carry the prize.

BERE, *n.* SAX. A bier. 2906.—A pillow-bear. Du. 254.

BERING, *n.* SAX. Behaviour. P. 41.

BERME, *n.* SAX. Yest. 16281.

BERNARD, *pr. n.* 436. a Physician of Montpelier in the xiiith Century. See the authors mentioned in *n.* on ver. 433.

BERNARD, *pr. n.* L. W. 16. St. Bernard, Abbot of Clairvaux in the xiith Century. Our author

alludes to a proverbial saying concerning him.  
*Bernardus ipse non vidit omnia.* See Hoffman, in v.

**BERNE, n. SAX.** A barn. 3258.

**BESANT, n. FR.** A piece of gold, so called because first coined at Byzantium, now Constantinople.  
Sk. R. 1106.

**BESEKE, v. SAX.** To beseech. 920.

**BESET, BESETTE, part. pa. SAX.** Placed, employed. 3299, 7534.

**BESEY, part. pa. of BESEE, v. SAX.** Beseen. *Evil besey,* 8841. Ill-beseen; of a bad appearance.  
*Richely besey,* 8860, of a rich appearance.

**BESHET, part. pa. SAX.** Shut up. R. 4488. T. III. 603.

**BESHREWE, v. SAX.** To curse. 6426, 7.

**BESIDE, prep. SAX.** By the side of. 5597. 6002.

**BESMOTRED, part. pa. SAX.** Smutted. 76.

**BESPET, part. pa. SAX.** Spit upon. P. 27.

**BESTADDE, BESTAD, part. pa. SAX.** Situated. 5069.

It is sometimes used in an ill sense, for *Distressed.*  
R. 1227.

**BEST, n. FR.** A beast. 1978.

**BESTE, adj. sup. SAX.** Best. 1808. 11843.

**BESY, adj. SAX.** Busy. 2855.

**BET, BETTE, adv. comp. for BETTER.** 7533, 13362.

**BETAKE, v. SAX.** To give, 3748 To recommend to. 8037.

**BETAUGHT, pa. t.** Recommended to. R. 4438. See the n. on ver. 13852.

BETE, *v. SAX.* To prepare, make ready. *To bete fires*, 2255, 2294. To make fires.—To mend; to heal. *To bete nettes*. 3925. To mend nets. *To bete sorwe*. T. i. 666. To heal sorrow.

BETE, *v. FR.* To beat. 4206.

BETECHE, *v. as BETAKE.* See the n. on ver. 13852.

BETH, *imp. m. 2 pers. pl. SAX.* Be ye. 7656. 17259.

BETID, BETIDDE, *pa. t. et part. of BETIDE, v. SAX.*  
Happened, 7773. T. ii. 55.

BETOKE, *pa. t. of BETAKE.* Recommended. 16009.

BETRAISED, *part. pa. FR.* Betrayed. *Thei have  
BETRAISED thee.* P. L. 255.

BETWIX, BETWIXEN, *prep. SAX.* Between. 2134.

BEWEPE, *v. SAX.* To wepe over. T. i. 763.

BEWREY, BEWRIE, *v. SAX.* To discover. 5193.  
9747. T. ii. 537.

BEYE, *v. SAX.* To buy. 16762. See ABEYE.

BEVETE, *part. pa. SAX.* Begotten. T. i. 978.

BIALACOIL, *pr. n. FR.* *Bel-accueil.* Courteous re-  
ception. R. 2984. *et al.* The same person is  
afterwards called *Faire welcoming*. R. 5856.

BIBBED, *part. pa. LAT.* Drunk. 4160.

BIBLE, *n. FR.* Any great book. 16325. F. iii. 244.

BICCHEL BONES. See the n. on ver. 12590.

BIDDE, *v. as BEDE.* 3641.

BIE, *v. SAX.* To suffer. 5749. See ABEYE.

BIGINE, *pr. n. FR.* *Beguine.* A nun, of a certain  
order. R. 6861, 7368. See Du Cange, in v.  
*Beghinæ.*

**BIKER**, *n.* SAX. A quarrel. L. W. 2650.

**BILDER**, *n.* SAX. A builder. *The bilder oke.* A. F. 176. The oak used in building.

**BILL**, *n.* A letter. 9811.

**BIMENE**, *v.* SAX. To bemoan. R. 2667.

**BINT**, for BINDETH. C. M. V. 47, 8.

**BIRDE** for BRIDE, *n.* SAX. R. 1014.

*Hire chere was simple, as BIRDE in bour.* i. e. as bride in chamber.

*Simple fut comme une ESPOUSEE.* Orig.

**BISMARE**, *n.* SAX. Abusive speech. 3963. *And bold, and abiding, BISMARES to suffer.* P. P. 108.b.

**BIT**, for BIDDETH. 187. 10605.

**BITORE**, *n.* FR. A bittern. 6554.

**BITRENT**, *part. pa.* Twisted; carried round. T. III. 1237. IV. 870. Perhaps from the SAX. Bethymian. *Circundare.*

**BIWOPEN**, *part. pa.* of BEWEPE. Drowned in tears. T. IV. 916.

**BLANCMANGER**, *n.* FR. 389. seems to have been a very different dish in the time of Chaucer, from that which is now called by the same name. There is a receipt for making it in Ms. Harl. n. 4016. One of the ingredients is, "*the brawne of a capon, tesed small.*"

**BLANDISE**, *v.* FR. To flatter. P. 38.

**BLANCHE FEVERE**, T. I. 917. See Cotgrave, in v. "*Fievres blanches.* The agues wherewith maidens that have the greene-sickness are troubled; and

hence; *Il a les fievres blanches*: Either he is in love, or sick of wantonness." C. N. 41. *I am so shaken with THE FEVERS WHITE.*

BLE, *n.* SAX. Colour. Magd. 391.

BLEE, *pr. n.* 16024. 16952. A forest in Kent. Ur.

BLEINE, *n.* SAX. A pustule. R. 553.

BLEND, *v.* SAX. To blind, to deceive. T. II. 1496.

BLENT, *pa. t. of BLEND.* T. v. 1194.

BLENT, *part. pa.* 9987. 16545.

BLENT, *pa. t. of BLENCH, v.* SAX. Shrinked, started aside. 1080. And so perhaps it should be understood in ver. 3751. and T. III. 1352.

BLERED, *part. pa.* SAX. In its literal sense is used to describe a particular disorder of the eye, attended with soreness and dimness of sight: and so perhaps it is to be understood in ver. 16198. But more commonly, in Chaucer, a man's *eye* is said to be *blered* metaphorically, when he is any way *imposed upon*. 17201. R. 3912. See also ver. 3863.

BLEVE, *v.* SAX. To stay. T. IV. 1357.

BLIN, *v.* SAX. To cease. 16639.

BLISSE, *v.* SAX. To bless. 8428.

BLIVE, BELIVE, *adv.* SAX. Quickly. 5973. 7102.

BLOSME, *n.* SAX. Blossom. 3324.

BLOSME, *v.* To blossom. 9336.

BLOSMY, *adj.* Full of blossoms. 9337.

BOB UP AND DOWN, *pr. n.* of a town in the road to

Canterbury. 16951. It is not marked in the common maps.

**BOBANCE, n. Fr.** Boasting. 6151.

**BOCHE, n. Fr.** *Bosse.* A swelling; a wen or boil.  
Bo. III. pr. 4.

**BODE, BODEN, part. pa. of BEDE, v. SAX.** Bidden,  
commanded. 6612.

**BODE, pa. t. of BIDE, v. SAX.** Remained. T. v. 29.

**BODE, n. SAX.** A stay, or delay. An. 120.

**BODE.** An omen. A. F. 343.

**BODEKIN, n. SAX.** A dagger. 3958.

**BOECE, pr. n.** 6750. 15248. Boethius. His most popular work *De Consolatione Philosophiae* was translated by Chaucer certainly before 1381, (See L. W. 425.) and probably much earlier. The reflections on Predestination in T. iv. 966—1078. of which there is no trace in the *Filostrato*, are almost entirely taken from Bo. v. pr. 3. Several other passages of the same work, which our author has copied, have been pointed out in the notes on ver. 743. 2923.

**BOISTE, n. FR.** A box. 12241.

**BOISTOUS adj. SAX.** Boisterous; rough. 17160.

**BOISTOUSLY, adv.** Roughly. 8667.

**BOKELER, n. FR.** A buckler. 112.

**BOKELING, part. pr. FR.** Buckling. 2505.

**BOKET, n. SAX.** A Bucket. 1535.

**BOLAS, n. Bullace;** a sort of plumb, or sloe. R. 1377.

- BOLE ARMONIAC. 16258. Armenian earth. FR. GR.  
BOLLEN, *part. pa.* of BOLGE. v. SAX. Swollen.  
B. K. 101.
- BOLT, n. SAX. An arrow. 3264. *Bolt-upright.* 13246.  
Strait as an arrow.
- BONE, n. SAX. A boon, petition. 2671. *He bade hem  
all a bone.* 9492. He made a request to them all.
- BORAS, n. FR. Borax. 632, 16258.
- BORD, n. FR. A border; the side of a ship. 3585.  
*Over bord.* 5342.
- BORDE, n. SAX. A table. 52.
- BORDEL, n. FR. A brothel.—*Bordel-women.* P. 116.  
Whores.
- BORDELLERS, n. pl. Keepers of bawdy-houses.  
R. 7084.
- BOREL, n. FR. *Bureau.* Coarse cloth of a brown  
colour. See Du Cange, in v. BURELLUS. In ver.  
5938, it seems to signify *clothing* in general.
- BOREL, adj. made of plain coarse stuff. 11028.—  
*Borel folk.* 7454, 6. *Borel men.* 13961. Laymen.  
So in P. P. 50. *Burel clerks* is probably put for  
*Lay clerks.*
- BORWE, n. SAX. A pledge. *Hath laid to borwe.*  
1624. Hath pledged. *Have here my feith to  
borwe.* 11546. Have here my faith for a pledge.  
*Seint John to borwe.* 10910. St. John being my  
security.
- BOSARD, n. FR. A buzzard; a species of Hawk,  
unfit for sporting. R. 4033.

BOSSE, *n.* FR. A protuberance. 3266.

BOST, *n.* SAX. Pride, boasting. 14105.

BOST, *adv.* Aloud. *He cracked bost.* 3999. *He spake thise wordes bost.* P. L. 275.

BOTE, *n.* SAX. Remedy; Help; Profit. 426, 13396.

BOTE, *v.* SAX. To help. P. 44.

BOTE, *pa. t.* of BITE. *v.* SAX. Bit. 14519. *His swerd best bote.* P. L. 243.

BOTELES, *adj.* SAX. Bootless; remediless. T. I. 783.

BOTEL, BOTELLE, *n.* FR. Bottle. 7513, 12820.

BOTERFLIE, *n.* SAX. A butterfly. 15280.

BOTHE, *adj.* SAX. Two together. *Our bothe labour.*

T. I. 973. The labour of us two together. *Nos-trum amborum labor.* In T. IV. 168. Ed. Ca. reads *your bother love*, which might lead one to suspect that *bother* was the ancient genitive case of *BOTHE*, as *Aller* was of *Alle*. See the Essay, &c. n. 27

BOTHE, *conj.* is generally used to copulate two members of a sentence; but sometimes *more*. See ver. 992.

And rent adoun *bothe* wall, and sparre, and rafter.  
—And ver. 2300.

To whom *both* heven, and erthe, and see is sene.  
So the Greeks sometimes used *Αμφοτερον*. Od. 6. 78. *Αμφοτερον κυδος τε, και αγλαΐη, και ονειαρ.*

BOTNIM, *n.* FR. *Bouton.* A bud, particularly of a rose. R. 1721. *et al.*

BOUGERON, *n.* FR. A sodomite. R. 7072.

BOUGHTON UNDER BLEE, *pr. n.* of a town in Kent.  
16024.

BOUKE, *n.* SAX. The body. 2748.

BOULTE, *v.* SAX. To sift, to separate the flour of wheat from the bran. 15246.

BOUN, *adj.* SAX. Ready. 11807. *And bade hem all to be BOWNE.* P. P. 10. b.

BOUNTEE, *n.* FR. Goodness. 8033. 10163.

BOURDE, *n.* FR. A jest. 17030.

BOURDE, *v.* FR. To jest. 12712.

BOURDON, *n.* FR. A staff. R. 3401. 4092.

BOURE, *n.* SAX. A house; a chamber. 3367. 13672.

BOWE, *n.* SAX. A bow. 108. *A dogge for the bowe.* 6951. 9888. A dog used in shooting.

BOXE, *n.* A blow. L. W. 1386.

BRACER, *n.* FR. Armour for the arm. 111.

BRADWARDIN, *pr. n.* 15248. Thomas Bradwardine, Archbishop of Canterbury in 1349. His book *De causa Dei*, to which our author alludes, is in print. See Tanner, in *v.* BRADOWARDINUS.

BRAIDE, *n.* SAX. A start. L. W. 1164. *At a BRAIDE.* R. 1336. *Tantost.* Orig.

BRAIDE, *v.* SAX. To awake; to start. 4283, 6381. See ABRAIDE. *Out of his wit he braide.* 11339. 14456. He ran out of his senses. In ver. 5257 it signifies *to take off*. See also F. III. 588.

BRAKET, *n.* BRIT. *Bragod.* A sweet drink made of the wort of ale, honey, and spice. 3261. It is still in use in Wales. Richards, in *v.* *Bragod.*

**BRASIL, n.** A wood used in dyeing, to give a red colour, 15465.—This passage of Chaucer is a decisive proof, that the Brazil-wood was long known by that name before the discovery of the country so called in America. See *Huetiana*. p. 268. In the inventory of the effects of Henry V. *Rot. Parl.* 2 H. VI. m. 20. is the following article. “ *ii Graundes peces du Bracile, pris vi s. viii d.*”

**BRATT, n. SAX.** A coarse mantle. 16349.

**BRECH, n. SAX.** Breeches. 12882.

**BREDE, n. SAX.** Breadth. 1972. *In brede.* T. i. 531. Abroad. In F. iii. 132. it seems to be put for *bride*.

**BREME, adj. SAX.** Furious. 1701. *full scharply and full brim.* P. L. 244.

**BRENNE, v. SAX.** To burn. 2333.

**BRENT, pa. t. & part.** Burnt. 2427. 2959.

**BRENNINGLY, adv. SAX.** Hotly. 1566.

**BRERES, n. pl. FR.** Briars. 1534.

**BRESTE, v. SAX.** To burst. 1982. 11071.

**BRET-FUL, adj.** 689. In the n. on this ver. I should have observed, that the same word occurs, in the same sense, in ver. 2166, and in F. iii. 1033. The sense is much more clear than the etymology.

**BRIBE, n. FR.** Properly, what is given to a beggar ; *What is given to an extortioner, or cheat.* 6960.

**BIBEN, inf. m. FR.** To beg. 4415, or perhaps, *To steal.* See *Rot. Parl.* 22. E. IV. n. 30. *Have stolen and BRIBED Signetts* (Cygnetts). And so in P. P.

115. b. *a bribour* seems to signify *a thief*; as *bribors*, *pilors*, and *pikeharneis*, are classed together; and still more plainly in Lydg. *Trag.* 152.

Who saveth *a thefe*, whan the rope is knet,—

With some false turne *the bribour* will him quite.

See also *Antient Scottish Poems*, p. 171. st. 7. l. 3.

**BRIBOURES.** 6949. Upon second thoughts, I believe that I was wrong in adopting this word from Ms. C. i. and that we should rather read with other MSS.

“ Certain he knew of *briberies* mo.”

See the n. on ver. 2469.

**BRIDALE**, *n.* SAX. A marriage-feast. 4373.

**BRIDDES**, *n. pl.* SAX. Birds. 10925.

**BRIGE**, *n.* FR. Contention. M. 139.

**BRIKE**, *n.* SAX. Breach; Ruin. 14700.

**BRIMME**, *adj.* R. 1836. T. iv. 184. as **BREME**.

**BROCAGE**, *n.* A treaty by a broker or agent. 3375.  
R. 6971.

**BROCHE**, *n.* FR. Seems to have signified originally *the tongue* of a *buckle* or *clasp*; and from thence the *buckle* or *clasp* itself. 3265. 8131. T. v. 1660. But see ver. 160. It probably came by degrees to signify *any sort of jewel*. **BROCHE**. JUELL. *Monile*. *armilla*. Prompt. parv. See **NOCHE**.

**BROIDED**, *part. pa.* FR. Braided, woven. 1051.

**BROKKING**, *part. pr.* Throbbing, quavering. 3377.

**BROMEHOLME**, *pr. n.* A priory in Norfolk. 4284.

*The roode of Bromholme* is mentioned in P. P. 24.

- BRONDE, n. FR.** A torch. 9651.
- BROSTEN, part. pa. of BRESTE.** 3827.
- BROTEL, adj. SAX.** Brittle. 9155. M. 122.
- BROTELNESSE, n.** Brittleness. 9155.
- BROTHERHED, n. SAX.** Brotherly affection. 12972.
- BROUDED, part. pa. FR.** *Brodé.* Embroidered. 14387.
- BROUKEN, inf. m. SAX.** To brook; enjoy, use. 10182. 15306.
- BUCKES HORNE.** A buck's horn. 3387. To *blow the buckes horne* is put for *any useless employment*.
- BUFFETTE, n. FR.** A blow. P. 23.
- BUGLE-HORN, n.** A drinking-vessel made of horn. 11565. Gloss. *Ur.* derives it from *Buculae cornu*. The Gloss. to *Anc. Scott. Po.* explains *Bowgle* to mean *a Buffalo*. I have been told that in some parts of the North *a Bull* is now called *a Boogle*.
- BUMBLE, v. SAX.** To make a humming noise. In ver. 6554. it is used to describe the noise made by a bittern.
- BURDOUN, n. FR. Bourdon.** A humming noise; the bass in musick. 675. 4163.
- BURIELS, n. pl. SAX.** Burying-places. 15654.
- BURNED, part. pa. FR.** Burnished. 1985.
- BURNEL THE ASSE.** 15318. See the note. The story supposes, that the priest's son, when he was to be ordained, directed his servant to call him at cock-crowing, and that the cock, whose leg he had

formerly broken, having overheard this, purposely refrained from crowing at his usual time; by which artifice the young man was suffered to sleep till the ordination was over.

**BURNETTE**, *n.* Fr. *Brunette*. Cloth dyed of a brown colour. R. 226. 4756. See Du Cange in v. **BURNETUM**.

**BUSK**, *n.* Fr. A bush. R. 54. 102.

**BUTTE**, *But*, *adv.* & *conj.* SAX. *But*; *Sed.* 4824.—Unless; *Nisi*. 13115. *I n'ere BUT lost*. *Non essem nisi perdita*. 15942. 16069.—Only. 11349. *which that am BUT lorne*.

**BUT**, *prep.* SAX. Without. Gloss. *Ur.* I cannot say that I have myself observed this preposition in Chaucer, but I may have overlooked it. The Saxons used it very frequently; and how long the Scottish writers have laid it aside, I am doubtful. It occurs repeatedly in Bp. Douglas. *But spot or falt*. p. 3. l. 53. *Poete BUT pere*. p. 9. l. 19. **BUT and BEN**. p. 123. l. 40. *Without and within*; *Butan and binnan*; originally, I suppose, *Bi utan and bi innan*. *By* and *with* are often synonymous.

**BUXOME**, *adj.* SAX. Obedient; civil. 13107. 13172.

**BUXUMLY**, *adv.* SAX. Obediently. 8062.

**BY**, *prep.* SAX. has sometimes the signification of IN. *By the morwe*. 16965. In the morning, or day-time. See the note. *By his life*. R. 5955.

In his life-time.—It is sometimes used adverbially.  
*By and by.* 1013. 4141. Near, hard by. **BY AND BY.** *Sigillatim.* Prompt. Parv. See R. 4581. *These were his wordes by and by.* i. e. *Severally, distinctly.* And so perhaps this phrase should be understood in the passage above quoted.

**BYFORNE.** See BEFORNE.

**BYLEVE, v. SAX.** To stay. 10897. T. III. 624.

**BYRAFT, part. pa. of BYREVE, v. SAX.** Bereaved, taken away. 1363.

**BYWORD, n. SAX.** A proverb. T. IV. 769.

### C.

**CACCHE, v.** To catch. P. 99.

**CADENCE, n. FR.** F. II. 114. See the n. on ver. 17354. and *Jun. Etymolog.* in v.

**CAIRRUD, pr. n. of a city in Bretagne.** 11120.

**CAITIF, n. & adj. FR.** *Chetif.* A wretch ; wretched. 1719. 1948.

**CALCINATION, n. FR.** A chemical process, by which bodies are reduced to a calx. 16272.

**CALCULED, pa. t. FR.** Calculated. 11596.

**CALEWEIS, R.** 7093. is probably mis-written. The Orig. has *La poire du CAILLOUET.* 12468. Cotgrave says, that *Caillouët* is *the name of a very sweet pear.*

**CALIDONE, pr. n.** 12539. It should be *Lacedomie.* See the n. on ver. 12537.

**CALIOPHIA, pr. n. F.** III. 182. We should rather

read CALYPSA, with the two Bodl. MSS. for *Calypso*.

CALLE, *n.* FR. A species of cap. 6600. T. III. 775.

CAMAILLE, *n.* FR. A camel. 9072.

CAMELINE, *n.* FR. A stuff made of camel's hair. R. 7367.

CAMUSE, *adj.* FR. Flat. 3932. 3972.

CAN, *v.* SAX. To know. 4467. 5638. See CONNE.

CANANEE, *adj.* FR. Cananean. 15527.

CANE, *pr. n.* Cana in Galilee. 5593.

CANEL, *n.* FR. Canal. Channel. Du. 943.

CANELLE, *n.* FR. Cinnamon. R. 1370.

CANEVAS, *n.* FR. Canvas. 16407.

CANON, 12824. The title of Avicenne's great work.  
See D'Herbelot, in *v. Canun*.

CANTEL, *n.* SAX. A fragment. 3010.

CAPEL, *n.* LAT. A horse. 17013, 4. *And gave him  
CAPLES to his carte*. P. P. 109.

CAPITAINE, *n.* FR. A captain. 12516.

CAPITOLIE, *n.* LAT. The Capitol at Rome. 14621, 3.

CAPPE, *n.* LAT. A cap, or hood. *To set a man's  
cap*. 588. 3145. To make a fool of him.

CAPTIF, *adj.* FR. Captive. T. III. 383.

CARDIACLE, *n.* FR. GR. A pain about the heart.  
12247.

CARECTES, *n. pl.* LAT. GR. Characters. P. P. 61.

CARFE, *pa. t. of CARVE, v.* SAX. Cut. 14519.

CARLE, *n.* SAX. A churl; a hardy country fellow.  
547.

- CARMES, *n. pl.* FR. Carmelite Friars. R. 7462.
- CAROLE, *n.* FR. A sort of dance. 1933.
- CAROLE, *v.* FR. To dance. 2204. *In caroling.*  
16813. In dancing.
- CARPE, *v.* To talk, 476. *By CARPING of tongue;*  
*By speech.* P. P. 566.
- CARRAINE, *n.* FR. A carrion; dead or putrified flesh. 2015. 14542.
- CARRIKE, *n.* FR. A large ship. 7270.
- CARTE, *n.* SAX. A chariot. 2024.
- CARTER, *n.* SAX. A charioteer. 2024.
- CAS, *n.* FR. *Cas.* Chance. 846. *Upon cas.* 3661.  
T. I. 271. By chance.
- CAS, *n.* FR. *Casse.* A case, quiver. 2360.
- CASSIODORE, *pr. n.* M. 102. Cassiodorus; a Roman Senator and Consul. A. C. 513. Several of his works are extant. See Fabric. *Bibl. Lat.* and *Bibl. Med. Et.*
- CAST, *n.* SAX. A contrivance. 3605. 2470.
- CASTE, *v.* To throw. T. III. 712. L. W. 1931.—  
To contrive. M. 150.
- CASTELOIGNE, *pr. n.* Catalonia, in Spain. F. III.  
158.
- CASUEL, *adj.* FR. Accidental. T. IV. 419.
- CATAPUCE, *n.* FR. A species of spurge. 14971.
- CATEL, *n.* FR. Goods; valuable things of all sorts. 542. 3977. 4447.
- CATERWAWED. 5936. *To gon a caterwawed* seems to signify the same as *to go a caterwawing*; or

*caterwawling*, as it has been called by later writers.

CATON, *pr. n.* See the *n.* on ver. 3227.

CAUGHT, *pa. t. & part.* of CATCH. 8986. 11824.

CAVILATIOUN, *n.* FR. Cavil. 7718.

CECILE, CECILIE, *pr. n.* Cecilia. 15664. 15686.

CEISE, R. 7258. CESE. A. F. 481, are misprinted for SEISE, *v.* FR. To seize, to lay hold of.

CELERER, *n.* LAT. *Celerarius.* The officer in a monastery who had the care of the provisions. 13942.

CELLE, *n.* LAT. A religious house. 172. It seems to be put for a man's *head*. 13978. See also 1378.

CELSITUDE, *n.* FR. Highness. C. L. 611.

CENSER, *n.* FR. An incense-pot. 3340.

CENSING, *part. pr.* FR. Fumigating with incense. 3341.

CENTAURIE, *pr. n.* of an herb. 14969.

CERCLE, *v.* FR. To surround. R. 1619.

CERCLES, *n. pl.* FR. Circles. 2039.

CERIAL, *adj.* FR. Belonging to the species of oak called *Cerrus*. LAT. *Cerro*. ITAL. *Cerre*. FR. 2292.

CERTAIN, *adj.* FR. is used sometimes as a substantive. *Of unces a certain.* 16244. *a certain of gold.* 16492. i.e. A certain *number* of ounces ; a certain *quantity* of gold.

CERTAIN, CERTES, *adv.* Certainly. 3495. 6790.

CERUSE, *n.* FR. White lead. 632.

CESED, *part. pa.* for SEISED. C. M. 87. is used in a legal sense. *To that he be ceded therwith ; Till*

that he be possessed thereof; Till he have *seisen* thereof.

**CESSE**, *v.* FR. To cease. T. II. 483.

**CHACE**, *v.* FR. To chase; to pursue. 8217. 8269.

**CHAPE**, *v.* FR. To grow warm or angry. P. 73.

**CHAFFARE**, *n.* SAX. Merchandise. 4558. 13215.

**CHAFFARE**, *v.* SAX. To merchandise. 4559.

**CHAIERE**, *n.* FR. A chair. 14531. The chair, or pulpit, of a professor or preacher. 7100.

**CHALONS**, 4138. See the note.

**CHAMBERERE**, *n.* FR. A chamber-maid. 5882. 8695.

**CHAMPARTIE**, *n.* FR. A share of land; *A partnership in power*. 1951. Lydgate has the same expression. *Trag.* 139. B. VIII. 17.

**CHANTEPLEURE**, *n.* FR. A sort of proverbial expression for *singing and weeping* successively. An. 323. See Lydg. *Trag.* St. the last; where he says that his book is

“Lyke *Chantepleur*, now singing now weping.”

In Ms. *Harl.* 4333. is a Ballad, which turns upon this expression. It begins; *Moult vaut mieux pleure chante que ne fait chante pleure.*

**CHANTERIE**, *n.* FR. An endowment for the payment of a priest, to sing mass agreeably to the appointment of the founder. 512. There were thirty-five of these Chantries established at St. Paul's, which were served by fifty-four Priests. *Dugd. Hist.* pref. p. 41.

**CHAPMAN**, *n.* SAX. A merchant, or trader. 13184, 6.

- CHAPMANHEDE, n. SAX.** The condition of a Chapman, or tradesman. 13168.
- CHAR, n. FR.** A chariot. 2140. 14366.
- CHARBOUCLE, n. FR.** A carbuncle. 13800.
- CHARGE, n. FR.** A load, burthen; business of weight.  
*It n'ere no charge.* 2289. It were no harm. *Of which there is no charge.* 10673. From which there is no consequence to be expected. *Of that no charge.* 16217. No matter for that.
- CHARGE, v. FR.** To weigh, to incline on account of weight. F. II. 237.—*Which chargeth not to say.* T. III. 1582. Which it is of no importance to say.
- CHARGEANT, particip. pr.** Burthensome. M. 106. P. 78.
- CHARMERESSE, n. FR.** An enchantress. F. III. 171.
- CHASTELAINE, n. FR.** The wife of a *Chastelain*, or lord of a castle. R. 3740.
- CHASTIE, v. FR.** To chastise. R. 6993.
- CHAUNTECLERE, pr. n. of a cock.** 14855.
- CHEKERE, n. FR.** A chess-board. Du. 660.
- CHEES, pa. t. of CHESE, v. SAX.** Chose. 9471. 10039.
- CHEFFIS.** R. 7091. We should read *Cheses*. The Orig. has *fromages*.
- CHEKE.** Du. 659. A term at chess, to give notice to the opposite party, that his king, if not removed, or guarded by the interposition of some other piece, will be made prisoner. It is derived origi-

nally from the Persian *Shāh*, i. e. *King*; and means, *Take care of your King*. See Hyde, *Hist. Shahilud*. p. 3, 4.

**CHEKELATOUN.** 13664. See the note.

**CHEKEMATE**, or simply **MATE**, is a term used at chess, when the king is actually made prisoner, and the game consequently finished. The Persian phrase is *Shāh māt*, i. e. *The King is conquered*. T. II. 754. Du. 659, 660. See Hyde, *Hist. Shahilud*. p. 152.

**CHELAUNDRE**, *n.* FR. A goldfinch. R. 81.

**CHEPE**, *v.* SAX. To cheapen; to buy. 5850.

**CHEPE**, *n.* Cheapness. 6105. F. III. 884.

**CHEPE**, *pr. n.* Cheap-side in London. 756. 4375.

**CHERCHE**, *n.* SAX. A church. 2762.

**CHERE**, *n.* FR. Countenance, appearance. 8114. 8117.—Entertainment, good cheer. 13257.

**CHERICE**, *v.* FR. To cherish. 14438.

**CHERISANCE**, *n.* FR. Comfort. R. 3337.

**CHERL**, *n.* SAX. A man of mean birth and condition. 6740. 7764.

**CHERLISH**, *adj.* Illiberal. 11827.

**CHES**, *n.* FR. The game of chess. 11212.

**CHESE**, *v.* SAX. To choose. 6480. 11398.

**CHESE** for **CHESETH**. 6497.

**CHESTE**, *n.* LAT. A coffin. 7905.

**CHESTE**, *n.* Debate. P. 60.

**CHESTEINE**, *n.* FR. The chestnut tree. 2924.—The chestnut fruit. R. 1375.

CHEVACHIE, *n.* FR. An expedition. See the *n.* on ver. 85. and ver. 16999.

CHEVALRIE, *n.* FR. Knighthood; the manners, exercises, and valiant exploits, of a knight. 45. 2108. 2186.

CHEVALROUS, *adj.* Valiant. T. v. 802.

CHEVE, *v.* FR. To come to an agreement, or conclusion. *Yvel mote he CHEVE.* 16693. Ill may he end. See ver. 4172. *Ye, they shal have the flour of YVEL ENDING.*

CHEVESAILE, *n.* FR. A necklace. R. 1082. The word does not occur in the Orig. in this place, but it is used in ver. 21897.

*Et pour tenir la CHEVESSAILE*

*Deux fermeaux d'or au col luy baillé.*

CHEVETAIN, *n.* FR. Chieftain. 2557.

CHEVISANCE, *n.* FR. An agreement for borrowing of money. 13259. 13277. 13321.

CHICHE, *adj.* FR. Niggardly, sparing. R. 5588.

CHICHEVACHE. See the *n.* on ver. 9064.

CHIDERESSE, *n.* SAX. A female scold. R. 4266.

CHIDESTER, *n.* SAX. A female scold. 9409.

CHIERTEE, *n.* FR. Tenderness, affection. 5978. 13266.

CHIKE, *n.* SAX. A chicken. R. 541.

CHIMBE, *n.* SAX. The prominent part of the staves beyond the head of a barrel. 3893.

CHIMBE, *v.* To sound in consonance, like bells. 3894.

- CHIMENEY, n. FR.** A chimney. T. III. 1147.
- CHINCHE, adj.** as CHICHE. R. 5998. *Conf. Am.* 109. b.
- CHINCHERIE, n.** Niggardliness. M. 133.
- CHIRCHE, n. SAX.** A church. 12263.
- CHIRCHEREVE, n. SAX.** A churchwarden. 6889.
- CHIRCHHawe, n. SAX.** A church-yard. P. 114.
- CHIRK, v. SAX.** To chirp, as a sparrow. 7386.
- CHIRKING, n.** A disagreeable sound. 2006. F. III. 853.
- CHIT for CHIDETH.** 16389.
- CHIVACHEE, n. as CHEVACHIE.** 16999.
- CHIVER, v. SAX.** To shiver. R. 1732. B. K. 231.
- CIERGES, n. pl. FR.** Wax-tapers. R. 6248.
- CIPIOUN, pr. n.** Scipio. R. 10.
- CIPRIS, pr. n.** Venus. F. II. 10.
- CIRCES, pr. n. for CIRCE.** 1946.
- CITEE, n. FR.** A city. 941.
- CITOLE, n. FR.** A musical instrument. 1961. Sir John Hawkins, in his very curious *History of Music*, v. 2. p. 106. n. supposes it to have been a sort of *Dulcimer*, and that the name is a corruption of the LAT. *Cistella*. Beside the passage which he has quoted from Gower. *Conf. Am.* 178. it is mentioned again in fol. 189. among the instruments *which sowned lowe*. See also Du Cange, in v. CITOLA, and M. de la Ravaliere, *Poësies du Roy de Navarre*. T. I. p. 248.
- CITRIN, adj. FR.** Of a pale yellow, or citron-colour. 2169.

**CITRINATION**, *n.* A chemical term. Arnoldus in Rosario Ms. l. l. c. 5. *Citrinacio nihil aliud est quam completa albedinis digestio, nec albedo est aliud quam nigredinis ablatio.* Gloss. Carpent. in v.

**CLAMBEN**, *pa. t. pl. of CLIMB*, *v. SAX.* F. III. 1061.

**CLAPERS**, *n. pl. FR.* Rabbit-burrows. R. 1405.

**CLAPPE**, *v. SAX.* To knock repeatedly. 7163, 6.—

To talk fast. 9076.

**CLAPPETH**, *imp. m. 2 pers. pl.* 9076.

**CLAPPING**, *n.* Noisy talking. 8875.

**CLAPPED**. Clasped. 275.

**CLARRE**, *n. FR.* Wine mixed with honey and spices, and afterwards strained till it is *clear*. 1473. 9717.

It was otherwise called *Piment*; as appears from the title of the following receipt, in the *Medulla Cirurgiae Rolandi*. Ms. Bod. 761. fol. 86. “*Clarretum bonum, sive pigmentum.—Accipe nucem moschatam, cariofilos, gingebas, macis, cinamomum, galangum; quee omnia in pulverem redacta distempera cum bono vino cum tertiali parte mellis: post cola per sacculum, et da ad bibendum. Et nota, quod illud idem potest fieri de cerevisiā.*” And so in R. 5967. *Clarré* is the translation of *Piment*. Orig. 11453.

**CLATTEREDEN**, *pa. t. pl. of CLATTER*, *v. SAX.* 2425.-

**CLAUDIAN**, *pr. n.* His poem *De raptu Proserpinæ* is alluded to in v. 10106. See also F. I. 449. III. 419.

**CLAUSE, n. FR.** An end, or conclusion. T. II. 728.

**CLAW, v. SAX.** To stroke. T. IV. 728. *He clawed him on the back.* 4324. He stroked him on the back, to encourage him. *To claw on the gall.* 6522. signifies the same as *To rub on a sore place.*

**CLED for CLAD.** T. III. 1527.

**CLENENESSE, n. SAX.** Purity. 7465. 7492.

**CLEPE, v. SAX.** To call. 3432.—To name. 4611.

**CLERGIE, n. FR.** The clerical profession. 6859.

**CLERGIAL, adj.** Learned. 16220.

**CLERGION, n.** A young clerk. 13433.

**CLERK, n. FR.** A person in holy orders. P. 114.—

A man of learning. 482.—A student at the university. 3199. 6109. **THE CLERK OF OXENFORDE.** See his **CHARACTER**, ver. 287—310.

**CLEVES, n. pl. SAX.** Rocks. L. W. 1468. See **CLIFFE.**

**CLIFFE, n. SAX.** A rock. L. W. 1495.

**CLIFTE, n. SAX.** A cleft. 7727.

**CLIKET, n. FR.** A key. 9991, 5, 7.

**CLINKE, v. FR.** To ring. 12926.

**CLINKE, v. neut.** To tinkle. 12598.

**CLIPPE, v. SAX.** To cut hair. 3324.—To embrace. 10287.

**CLIPSY, adj.** As if eclipsed. R. 5349.

**CLOBBED, adj. SAX.** Like a club. 13904.

**CLOISTRE, n. FR.** A cloister. 7681.—An inclosure. 15511.

**CLOMBEN, pa. t. pl. of CLIMB, v. SAX.** 3636.

CLOSER, *n.* FR. An inclosure. R. 4069.

CLOTE-LEFE. A leaf of the bur-dock, or clote-bur. 16045.

CLOTERED, *part. pa.* SAX. Clotted. 2747.

CLOUE-GILOFRE. See the note on ver. 13692.

CLOUTES, *n. pl.* SAX. Small pieces. 9827.

CLUM. 3639. This word seems to be formed from the SAX. *v.* Clumian *Mussitare, murmurare*; to express the mumbling noise, which is made by a congregation in accompanying prayers, which they cannot perfectly repeat.

COAGULAT, *part. pa.* LAT. Curdled. 16279.

COCKES BONES. 16958. 17340. A corruption of a familiar oath, which appears undisguised in ver. 12629.

COD, *n.* SAX. A bag. 12468.

COPRE, *n.* FR. A chest. 300. 8461.

COGGE, *n.* SAX. A cock-boat. L. W. 1479. See Du Cange, in *v.* Cogo.

COILONS, *n. pl.* FR. Testicles. 12886.

COINE, *n.* FR. A piece of money. 9044.

COINE. A quince. R. 1373.

COINT, *adj.* FR. Neat, trim. C. D. 1824.

COKE, *n.* LAT. A cook. See his CHARACTER, ver. 381, 9.

COKENEY. See the *n.* on ver. 4206.

COKEWOLD, *n.* A cuckold. How this word has been formed is difficult to say, but probably it has some relation to the FR. *Cocu*. In the best MSS. of the

**CANTERBURY TALES** it is constantly spelled as above ; and is always, I believe, to be pronounced as a *trisyllable*. See ver. 3154. 3226. 6796. 7198. 10130. 12316. The author of the *Remedie of Love*, ver. 288. seq. pretends, that the *true orthographie* of this word is *cokcold*, according to a most absurd *etymologie*, which he has there given of it ; an additional proof, if any were wanted, that the *Remedie of Love* was not written by Chaucer.

**COL.** See the n. on ver. 15221.

**COLD, v. SAX.** To grow cold. 5299.

**COLER, n. FR.** A collar. 3239. T. v. 1659.

**COLERED, part. pa.** Collared ; wearing collars 2154.

**COLLATION, n. FR.** A conference. 8201.

**COLLINGES, n. pl. FR.** Embraces round the neck.  
T. L. ii. 340.

**COLTISH, adj. SAX.** Playful as a colt. 9721.

**COLUMBINE, adj. LAT.** Belonging to a dove ; dove-like. 10015.

**COMBRE-WORLD, n.** An incumbrance to the world.  
T. iv. 279.

**COMBUST, adj. LAT.** Burnt. 16279. A term in astrology, when a planet is not more than  $8^{\circ} 30'$  distant from the sun. T. iii. 718.

**COME for COMETH.** 15710.

**COMMENSAL, n. FR.** A companion at table. T. L. i. 319.

**COMMUNE, n. FR.** Commonalty. 7946.

**COMMUNES**, *n. pl.* Commoners; common people. 2511.

**COMPAGNABLE**, *adj.* Fr. Sociable. 12934.

**COMPAME** for **COMPAGNE**. 3709. See the note.

**COMPAS**, *n.* Fr. A compass; a circle. *The trine compas.* 15513. The Trinity; an appellation borrowed, as it seems, from the common emblem of that mystery, a circle circumscribing a triangle.

—Contrivance. F. I. 461. III. 80.

**COMPASMENT**, *n.* L. W. 1414. } Contrivance.  
**COMPASSING**, *n.* 1998. }

**COMPASS**, *v.* To contrive. L. W. 1412. *He com-*  
*PASSED his thought.* 5011. He contrived in his thought.

**COMPENABLE**, *adj.* Fr. 14878. as **COMPAGNABLE**.

**COMPERE**, *n.* Fr. A gossip; a near friend. 672.  
4417.

**COMPLIN**, *n.* Fr. *Complie.* Even-song; the last service of the day. P. 40.—Singing, in general. 4169.

**COMPWNED**, *part. pa.* Composed, put together.  
L. W. 2574. F. II. 521.

**COMPTE**, *n.* Fr. Account. R. 5026.

**CONCETE**, *n.* Fr. Conception, apprehension. Bo.  
III. pr. 10.

**CONDESCENDE**, *v.* Fr. To yield. 10721.

**CONDISE**, *n. pl.* Fr. Conduits. R. 1414.

**CONFECTURE**, *n.* Fr. Composition. 12796.

**CONFUSE**, *adj.* Fr. Confounded. 2232. 15931.

*He became so CONFUSE, he conneth not loke.* P. P.

47. b.

CONJECTE, *v.* FR. To project. R. 6928.

CONISAUNCE, *n.* FR. Understanding. R. 5465.

CONJURE, *v.* FR. To adjure. 13574.

CONNE, *v.* SAX. To know; to be able. *I shal not CONNE answere.* M. 141. I shall not *know how, or be able, to answer.* *Thou shalt never—Con knownen.* R. 7135. Thou shalt never *be able to know.*—*To conne thank;* to be pleased, or obliged; *Sçavoir gré.* FR. 1810. 3066. *To conne maugré.* R. 4559. To be displeased; *Sçavoir mal gré.* Orig.

CONSEIL, *n.* FR. Counsel. 9237.

CONSENTANT, *part. pr.* FR. *Consentant of this cursednesse.* 12210. Consenting to t. c.

CONSERVE, *v.* FR. To preserve. 15855.

CONSISTORY, *n.* FR. signifies usually an Ecclesiastical Court; but in *v.* 12096. 12191. any court of justice.

CONSTABLERIE, *n.* FR. A ward, or division of a castle, under the care of a constable. R. 4218.

See Du Cange, in *v.* CONSTABULARIUS CASTRI.

CONSTANTINE, *pr. n.* See the *n.* on ver. 9684.

CONTEKE, *n.* SAX. Contention. 2005. T. v. 1478.

CONTENANCE, *n.* FR. Appearance; pretence. 4419. 16732.

CONTRACT, *part. pa.* LAT. Contracted. P. 33.

CONTRARIAUNTES, *part. pr.* is used in the *plura*

- number, according to the French custom. T. L. i. 319. b. Opposing, contradicting.
- CONTRARIE**, *v.* FR. To contradict. 6626.
- CONTRARIOUS**, *adj.* FR. Opposite. 6280. Perverse. 6362.
- CONTRARY**, *n.* FR. Adversary. 1861.
- CONTREFETE**, *v.* FR. To counterfeit; imitate. 130. 15327.
- CONTROVE**, *v.* FR. To invent. R. 4249. 7547.
- CONTUBERNIAL**, *adj.* LAT. Familiar. P. 87.
- CONTUNE** for **CONTINUE**. R. 4354. 5205. 5332.  
This is one of those licenses *for the sake of rime*, of which see the *n.* on ver. 8915. Our author seems to have been ashamed of it, as I do not recollect to have met with it in the CANTERBURY TALES. Lydgate has been less scrupulous. See *Trag.* 2. b. 14. b. 24. b.
- COPE**, *n.* FR. *Cape.* A cloak. 13955.
- COPPE**, *n.* SAX. The top of any thing. 556. F. III. 76.
- CORAGE**, *n.* FR. Heart. 22.—Inclination. 9130.—Spirit; courage. 1947. 8096.
- CORBETTES**, *n. pl.* FR. Niches for statues. F. III. 214.
- CORDETH** for **ACCORDETH**. T. II. 1043.
- CORDEWANE**, *n.* FR. *Cordouan.* Spanish leather, so called from Corduba. 13662.
- CORDILERES**, *n. pl.* FR. *Cordeliers.* An order of Friars, so called from their wearing a cord for a girdle. R. 7461.

**CORINNE, pr. n.** An. 21. What author is meant, I cannot say. One can hardly suppose that Chaucer had met with that poem of the antient Corinna, the contemporary of Pindar, which was entitled 'Ἐκτα επι Θηβαῖς (*Fragm. ex Apollonia Dyscolo*, ap. Maittair. de Dialect. p. 429. l. 4.) nor do I know that any fictitious work upon the War of Thebes has ever been set forth under her name. She is mentioned by Propertius (2. El. 3. v. 21.) and by Statius (Sylv. v. Carm. 3. v. 158.) but neither of them takes notice of her having written on the affairs of Thebes.

**CORNEWAILE, pr. n.** Cornouaille, in Bretagne. R. 4250.

**CORNICULERE, n. LAT.** An officer in the Roman Government. 15837. See *Pitisc. Lex. Ant. Rom.* in v. *Cornicularius*.

**CORNMUSE, n. FR.** A bag-pipe. F. III. 128.

**CORNY, adj. SAX.** Strong of the corn, or malt. 12249. 12390.

**COROUNE, n. FR.** A crown, or garland. 2292. 15689.

**CORPS, n. FR.** Body. 12238. 13836.

**CORPUS, n. LAT.** Body. *Corpus Domini*. 13365. God's body. *Corpus Madrian*. 13898.

**CORRIGE, v. FR.** To correct. Bo. IV. pr. 4. pr. 7.

**CORRUMPABLE, adj. FR.** Corruptible. 3012.

**CORRUMPE, v. FR.** To corrupt. 2748.

**CORSE, v. SAX.** To curse. T. III. 1707.

- CORSEINT, n. Fr.** A holy body; a Saint. C. D. 940.  
*The corsaynt and the kirke.* P. L. 44.
- CORVEN, part. pa. of CARVE, v. SAX.** Cut. 2698.
- COSIN, n. Fr.** A cousin, or kinsman. It is sometimes used *adjectively*. 744. 17159. Allied, related.
- COSINAGE, n. Fr.** Kindred. 13339.
- COSTAGE, n. Fr.** Cost, expense. 5831. 9002.
- COSTEIE, v. Fr.** To go by the coast. B. K. 36.
- COSTLEWE, adj.** Costly. P. 43.
- COSTRELL, n.** A drinking-vessel. L. W. 2655. See *Du Cange*, in v. **COSTRELLUS**.
- COTE, n. SAX.** A cottage. 8274.
- COTE, n. Fr.** A coat. 8789.—**COTE-ARMURE**; A coat worn over armour; upon which the armorial ensigns of the wearer were usually embroidered. 1018. 2142.
- COTIDIEN, adj. Fr.** Daily. It is used as a *substantive* for *A quotidien ague*. R. 2401.
- COUCHE, v. Fr.** To lay. 16620.
- COUCHED, part. pa.** Laid. 16668. **COUCHED with perles.** 2163. Laid, or trimmed with pearls.
- COUD, COUDE, pa. t. of CONNE.** Knew; was able. 94, 5. See the *Essay, &c.* n. 35. It is used as a *participle pa.* P. 125. So that instead of *always* in the note, I should have said *generally*.
- COVEITE, v. Fr.** To covet. R. 6173.
- COVENABLE, adj. Fr.** Convenient; suitable. P. 4.
- COVERCHIEFS, n. pl. Fr.** Head-clothes. 455.
- COVERCLE, n. Fr.** A pot-lid. F. II. 284.

- COVERT, adj.** Fr. Secret, covered. R. 6149.
- COVINE, n.** Fr. Secret contrivances. 606. R. 3799.
- COULPE, n.** Fr. A fault. P. 33.
- COUNT, v.** Fr. To account; to esteem. 4054. 4190.
- COUNTERPEISE, n.** Fr. A counterpoise; a weight which balances another. T. III. 1413.
- COUNTERPEISE, v.** Fr. To counterpoise. F. III. 660.
- COUNTERCOMPLETE, v.** Fr. To plead against. L. W. 476.
- COUNTERWAITE, v.** Fr. To watch against. M. 112.
- COUNTOUR, n.** Fr. *Comptoir.* A compting-house. 13143.—*Compteur.* An arithmetician. Du. 435.
- COUNTOUR.** 361. See the note.
- COUNTRETAILLE, n.** Fr. A tally answering exactly to another. Hence echo is said to answer at the *countretaille*. 9066.
- COURSE, v.** Fr. To sit crouching, like a brooding hen. R. 465.
- COURTEPY.** See the n. on ver. 292.
- COURT-MAN.** 9366. A courtier. *Homme de Cour.* Fr.
- COUTH, COUTHE, pa. t.** of CONNE. Knew; was able. 392. R. 753.
- COUTH, part. pa.** Known. 14. 8818.
- COWARDISE, n.** Fr. Want of courage. *Cowardie.* 2732. R. 2490. As to the etymology of the *adj.* from which this word has been formed, I think the opinion of Twysden and Somner, Gloss. ad X. Script. v. *Fridwite*, much the most probable, who derive it from the BARB. LAT. *Culūm vertere*; to turn tail, or run away. See Du Cange, in v. **CULVERTA**,

and **CULVERTAGIUM**, who rejects the opinion above mentioned, but without suggesting any thing so plausible. *Culvert*, as it is written in the oldest and best French MSS. that I have seen, might easily be corrupted, according to the French mode of pronunciation, into *Couart* and *Couard*.

I have somewhere seen the French language seriously charged with indelicacy for its frequent and wanton use of the word *cul* in composition; nor can the charge be said to be groundless. Beside the numerous instances which will occur to every body, I suspect that this monosyllable makes part of a common and solemn term in our Law, imported originally from France. *Culprit* seems to me to have been a vulgar name for *a prisoner*; a person *taken* by *that part* which is most exposed in running away. Holinshed has expressed the same idea more delicately. Vol. III. p. 842. *The prentises were CAUGHT BY THE BACKS and had to prison.* And so it is expressed in "*Ancient Scottish Poems.*" p. 182. ver. 15.

*Yet deid [death] sal TAK HIM BE THE BAK.*

**COYE, v. FR.** To quiet, to soothe. T. II. 801.

**CRAFTESMAN, n. SAX.** A man of skill. 1899.

**CRAKE, v. FR.** To crack. 3999.

**CRAKE, CRAKEL, v. SAX.** To quaver hoarsely in singing. 9724. C. N. 119.

**CRAMPISH, v. FR.** To contract violently, as the cramp does. An. 170.

- CRATCHING, n. SAX.** Scratching. 2836.
- CRASED, part. pa. FR.** *Ecrasé.* Broken. 16402.
- CREANCE, n. FR.** Faith, belief. 5335.
- CREANCE, v. FR.** To borrow money. 13219, 33, 96.
- CREATE, part. pa. LAT.** Created. P. 19.
- CRENCLED, part. pa.** Crinced; circularly formed.  
L. W. 2010. Perhaps from the *ISLAND*. Kringe.  
*Circino, gyro.*
- CREPIL, n. SAX.** A cripple. T. iv. 1458.
- CREVASSE, n. FR.** A chink, or crevice. F. III. 996.
- RIANDE, part. pr. of CRIE, v. FR.** Crying. R. 3138.
- CRIPS.** F. III. 296. as CRISPE.
- CRISIPPUS, pr. n.** 6259. I find the title of a work  
in Montfaucon, *Bibl.* p. 513. to which Chaucer  
may possibly allude. *Chrysippi, discipuli Euthy-*  
*mii, in Joannem encomium.*—and again p. 1314.  
*Chrysippi Presbyteri laudatio S. Joannis Bap-*  
*tistæ.* It is not unlikely that a Panegyrist on the  
Baptist might be led by his rage against Herodias  
to say some harsh things of women in general.
- CRISPE, adj. LAT.** Curled. 5886.
- CROCE, n. SAX.** A cross. 6066.
- CROIS, n. FR.** A cross. 12885.
- CROMES, n. pl. SAX.** Crumbs. 15528.
- CROMMED, part. pa. SAX.** Stuffed, crammed.  
F. III. 1039.
- CRONE, n. SAX.** An old woman. 4852. Kronie;  
*Ovis vetula.* Kilian.

- CROPE, CROPEN, *part. pa.* of CREPE, *v. SAX.*  
Crept. 4257. 11918.
- CROPPES, *n. pl. SAX.* The extremities of the shoots  
of vegetables. 7. Now in the crop. 1534. Now  
at the top. *Croppe and rote.* T. II. 348. Root  
and branch; the whole of a thing.
- CROSSELET, *n. FR.* A crucible. 16585.
- CROUCHE, *v. SAX.* To sign with the cross. 9581.
- CROUDE, *v. SAX.* To shove together. 4716.
- CROUKE, *n. SAX.* An earthen pitcher. 4156.
- CROUN, *n. FR. signifies Head.* 4039, 4097.
- CROUPE, *n. FR.* The ridge of the back. 7141.
- CROWES FEET. T. II. 404. The wrinkles which  
spread from the outer corners of the eyes. Spenser  
describes this mark of old age in the same  
manner, Ecl. 12.  
*And by mine eie the crow his claw doth wright.*
- CROWNED, *part. pa.* Wearing a crown. *Crowned  
malice.* 10840. Sovereign malice.
- CRULL, *adj. SAX.* Curled. 81. 3314.
- CUCURBITE, *n. LAT.* A gourd; a vessel, shaped  
like a gourd, used in distillation. 16262.
- CULPONS, *n. pl. FR.* Shreds. 681. Logs. 2869.
- CULVER, *n. SAX.* A dove. L. W. 2307.
- CUPPE, *n. FR.* A cup. *Withouten cuppe he drank  
all his penance.* 11254. He took large draughts  
of grief; he made no use of a cup, but drank out  
of the pot.

**CURATION**, *n.* FR. Cure, healing. T. 1. 792. Bo. 1. pr. 6.

**CURE**, *n.* FR. Care. *I do no cure.* L. W. 152. I take no care.

**CURFEW-TIME.** 3645. according to the Conquerour's edict, is said to have been 8 h. P. M. Walsingham, speaking of an event on the 2d of September, 1311. mentions 9 h. as the *hora ignitegia*. It probably varied with the seasons of the year.

**CURIOS**, *adj.* FR. Careful. 13156. R. 6578.

**CURTEIS**, *adj.* FR. Courteous. 99. 6869.

**CUSTOMER**, *adj.* FR. Accustomed. R. 4936.

**CUTTE**, CUT. 837. 847. 12727. seq. See the *n.* on ver. 837.

## D.

**DAFFE**, *n.* SAX. A fool. 4206. *Thou dorest, Daffe,* *quod she, dull are thy wittes.* P. P. 6. b.

**DAGGE**, *n.* A slip, or shred. R. 7212.

**DAGGED**, *part. pa.* Cut into slips. P. 44.

**DAGGING**, *n.* Slitting, cutting into slips. P. 44.

**DAGON**, *n.* A slip, or piece. 7333.

**DAMASCENE**, *pr. n.* The country about Damascus. 14013.

**DAMASCENE**, *pr. n.* 435. Joannes *Mesue* Damascenus, an Arabian Physician in the viiiith and ixth Century. See Fabric. *Bibl. Gr.* t. xiii. p. 256.

**DAME**, *n.* FR. LAT. *Domina.* Mistress, Lady. 7387. 7451.—Mother. 3260.

DAMPNE, *v. Fr.* To condemn. 5530. 5652.

DAN, *n. Fr. LAT. Dominus.* Lord; was a title commonly given to Monks. 12973. 13935,6. See the n. on ver. 9684. It is also prefixed by Chaucer to the names of other persons of all sorts. *Dan Arcite.* 2893. *Dan Burnell.* 15318. *Dan Caton.* 14977.

DANCE, *n. Fr.* *The olde dance.* 478. 12013. The old game. See R. 4300. T. III. 696. The French have the same phrase. *Elle sçait assez de la vieille danse.* Cotgrave.

DANGER, *n. Fr.* A dangerous situation. *In danger.* 665. See the note; and R. 1470.—Coyness, sparingness. R. 1147. T. II. 384. *With danger.* 6103. Sparingly.

DANGEROUS, *adj.* Difficult; sparing. 519. 5733.

DANTE, *pr. n.* 6708. 14771. L. W. 360. F. I. 450. See the n. on ver. 6710. and Gloss. in v. LAVENDER.

DAPPLE-GRAY. 13813. The colour which is called in Fr. *Pommelé.* See ver. 618.

DARE, *v. SAX.* To stare. 13033.

DARES, *pr. n.* of a *supposed* Historian of the Trojan war. F. III. 379. Du. 1070.

DARREINE, *v. Fr. Desrener. LAT. Derationare.* To contest. 1611. 1633.

DART, *n. SAX.* A spear, or javelin. *The dart is sette up for virginitee.* 5657. There is an allusion to the same custom in Lydg. *Trag.* 26.

And oft it happeneth, he, that hath best ron,  
Doth not *the spere* like his desert possede.

DASEN, *pr. t. pl.* of DASE, *v. SAX.* Grow dim-sighted. 16980.

DAUNT, *v. FR.* To conquer. P. 24. R. 4764.  
*That ne with love may daunted be.* Orig. 4444.  
*Qui par amours ne soit domptez.*

DAWE, *v. SAX.* To dawn. 1678. 9716.

DAWENING, *n. SAX.* Day-break. 14888. L. W. 2183.

DAWES, *n. pl.* for DAYES. 11492. The Saxon *ȝ* is frequently expressed by *w* as well as by *y*.

DAYE, *n. SAX.* Day; Time. 9012. *At my day.* 16495.  
At the day appointed to me. *To graunt him dayes of the remenant.* 11879. To permit him to pay the remainder at certain days, by instalments.

DEAURAT, *part. pa. LAT.* Gilded. B. K. 598.

DEBATE, *v. FR.* To fight. 13797.

DEBONAIRe, *adj. FR.* Courteous. M. 143. Gentle.  
Bo. i. m. 5.

DECOPED, *part. pa. FR.* Cut down. R. 843.

DECORATE, *pr. n.* Decoratus. Bo. iii. pr. 4.

DEDE, *v. SAX.* To grow dead. F. ii. 44.

DEDE, *part. pa.* Dead. 7090.

DEDLY, *adj. SAX.* Devoted to death. 11352. Bo. v.  
pr. 6.

DEDUIT, *n. FR.* Pleasure. 2179.

DEFAIT, DEFAITED, *part. pa. FR.* Wasted. T. v.  
618.

DEFAME, *n. FR.* Infamy. 14467.

- DEFAME, *v. Fr.* To make infamous. 3149.
- DEFAUTE, *n. Fr.* Want. Bo. III. pr. 3. DEFAUTES, *pl. Fr.* Defects. 7392.
- DEFENDE, *v. Fr.* To forbid. 7416. 16938.—To ransom. R. 7088.
- DEFENCE, *n. Fr.* Prohibition. T. III. 138.
- DEFINISHE, *v. Fr.* To define; to make a definition of. Bo. v. pr. I.
- DEGREE, *n. Fr.* A stair, or set of steps. R. 45.—Rank in life. 9901.
- DEIDEN, *pa. t. pl. of Deye, v. SAX.* Died. 7483.
- DEINE for DEIEN, *inf. m. of Deye, v. SAX.* To die. L. W. 1179.
- DEINOUS, *adj. Fr.* Disdainful. 3930.
- DEINTEE, *n. Fr.* Value; a thing of value. *Hath deintee.* 4559. Values highly. *Told no deintee of.* 5790. Set no value upon. *It was deintee.* 8988. It was a valuable thing. See also T. II. 164.
- DEINTEOUS, *adj.* Choice, valuable. 8141.
- DEIS, *n. Fr.* See the n. on ver. 372.
- DEL, *n. SAX.* A part. *Never a del.* 3066. Not a bit. *Every del.* 3369. Every part.
- DELE, *v. SAX.* To divide. 7831.
- DELIBERE, *v. Fr.* To deliberate. M. 142. T. IV. 169.
- DELICACIE, *n. Fr.* Pleasure. 14397.
- DELICES, *n. pl. Fr.* Delights. 15471.
- DELIE, *adj.* *Delié.* Thin, slender. Bo. I. pr. I.
- DELIT, *n. Fr.* Delight. 7457.

- DELITABLE**, *adj.* Fr. Delectable. 7938. 8075.
- DELIVER**, *adj.* Fr. Nimble. 84. *Conf. Am.* 177. b.
- DELIVERLY**, *adv.* Quickly. 15422.
- DELIVERNESS**, *n.* Fr. Agility. M. 99.
- DELVE**, *v.* SAX. To dig. 538.
- DELUVY**, *n.* LAT. Deluge. Bo. II. pr. 6.
- DEMAINE**, *v.* FR. To manage. F. II. 451.
- DEMAINE**, *n.* FR. Management. 14583.
- DEME**, *v.* SAX. To judge. 1353.
- DEMONIAK**, *n.* FR. One possest by a devil. 7822.
- DENT**, *n.* SAX. A stroke. F. II. 26. See DINT.
- DENWERE**, *n.* Doubt. Sk. This interpretation suits well enough with the only passage in which I have found this word. T. L. I. 323. b. but I should be glad to see some other instance of the use of it.
- De par dieux jeo assente.* 4459. In God's name I agree.
- DEPART**, *v.* FR. To part; to distribute. 7796.
- DEPEINT**, *part. pa.* FR. Painted. 12884.
- DEQUACE**, *v.* To shake down. q? T. L. II. 327. b.
- DERE**, *v.* SAX. To hurt. 1824. 10554. 14007.
- DERE**, *adj.* SAX. Dear. 2455.
- DERELING**, *n.* SAX. Darling. 3791.
- DEREWORTH**, *adj.* SAX. Precious; valued at a high rate. Bo. II. pr. 1.
- DERNE**, *adj.* SAX. Secret. 3200. 3297.
- DERRE**, *comp.* of DERE. Dearer. 1450. T. I. 174.
- DES**, F. III. 270. As Deis.

- DESCENSORIE, *n.* Fr. A vessel used in Chemistry for the extraction of oils *per descensum*. 16260.
- DESCRIVEN, *inf. m.* Fr. To describe. 10354.
- DESIROUS, *adj.* Fr. Eager. 10337.
- DESOLAT, *part. pa.* LAT. Abandoned, distressed. 6285.
- DESPITE, *n.* Fr. Malicious anger. 949.
- DESPITOUS, *adj.* Angry to excess. 6340.
- DESPITOUSLY, *adv.* Angrily. 8411.
- DESPOILE, *v.* Fr. To undress. 8250.
- DESTREINE, *v.* Fr. To vex, to constrain. 1818. 17110.
- DESTRER, *n.* Fr. A war-horse. LAT. *Dextrarius*. 13841.
- DESTRIE, DESTRUIE, *v.* Fr. To destroy. 1332. 17110.—C.D. 1605. *Descried* should be *Destried*.
- DETERMINAT, *part. pa.* LAT. Fixed, determined. 7041.
- DETTELES, *adj.* Free from debt. 584.
- DEVЕ, *adj.* SAX. Deaf. 15754.
- DEVINING, *n.* Fr. Divination. 2523.
- DEVISE, *n.* Fr. Direction. 818. R. 1974.
- DEVISE, *v.* Fr. To direct; to order. 1418. 1427. —To relate. 7486. 7928.—*At point devise.* 3689. *A point devist.* Fr. With the greatest exactness.
- DEVOIR, *n.* Fr. Duty. 2600. *Wele thei stode and did ther DEVERE.* P. L. 331.
- DEY, *n.* See the *n.* on ver. 14852.
- DEYE, *v.* SAX. To die. 6987. 7210.

- DEYER, n. SAX.** A Dyer. 364.
- DIAPRED, part. pa. FR.** Diversified with flourishes, &c. 2160. R. 934.
- DICHE, v. SAX.** To dig; to surround with a ditch. L. W. 708.
- DIDE for DIED.** 6547.
- DIDE, pa. t. of Do. v. SAX.** 3421. **DIDEN, pa. t. pl.** 7073. 12901.
- DIE, v. SAX.** To tinge. R. 1705.
- DIETE, n. FR.** Daily food. 437.
- DIFFAME, n. FR.** Bad reputation. 8416. 8606.  
See DEFAME.
- DIGESTIBLE, adj. LAT.** Easy to be digested. 439.
- DIGESTIVES, n. pl. FR.** Things to help digestion. 14967.
- DIGHT, v. SAX.** To dispose. 14447.—To dress. 6349. 17261. See ver. 10235.
- DIGNE, adj. FR.** Worthy. 2218. 5198.—Proud, disdainful. 519.
- DIKE, v. SAX.** To dig; to make ditches. 538.
- DILATATION, n. FR.** Enlargement. 4652.
- DINT, n. SAX. as DENT.** *Thonder-dint.* 5858. T. v. 1504. A stroke of thunder.
- DIOSCORIDES, pr. n. of a Greek writer on Plants,** whose work is extant. 432.
- DISARRAY, n. FR.** Disorder. P. 254.
- DISAVAUNCE, v. FR.** To drive back. T. II. 511.
- DISAVENTURE, n. FR.** Misfortune. T. IV. 297.
- DISBLAME, v. FR.** To clear from blame. T. II. 17.

- DISCOMFITURE, *n.* FR. Defeat. 1010.
- DISCOMFORT, *n.* FR. Displeasure. 11208.
- DISCOMFORTEN, *v.* FR. To discourage. 2706.
- DISCOVERTE, *adj.* FR. *At discoverte.* P. 81. Uncovered. *A descouvert.*
- DISDEINOUS, *adj.* FR. Disdainful. R. 7412.
- DISENCRESE, *n.* FR. Diminution. B. K. 203.
- DISENCRESE, *v. neut.* FR. To decrease. Bo. v. pr. 6.
- DISFIGURE, *n.* FR. Deformity. 6542.
- DISHERITED, *part. pa.* FR. Disinherited; stripped of possessions. 2928. L. W. 1063.
- DISHEVELE, *part. pa.* FR. With hair hanging loose. 685. *Deschevelé.*
- DISJOINT, *n.* FR. A difficult situation. 2964. 13341.
- DISOBEISANT, *part. pa.* FR. Disobedient. A. F. 429.
- DISORDEINED, *part. pa.* FR. Disorderly. P. 95.
- DISORDINATE, *adj.* LAT. Disorderly. P. 180.
- DISORDINAUNCE, *n.* FR. Irregularity. F. I. 27.
- DISPARAGE, *n.* FR. A disparagement. 8784.
- DISPENCE, *n.* FR. Expence. 443. 6845.
- DISPERANCE, *n.* FR. Despair. T. II. 530.
- DISPITOUS, *adj.* Angry to excess. 518. See DESPITOUS.
- DISPLESANCE, *n.* FR. Displeasure. R. 3436.
- DISPONE, *v.* LAT. To dispose. Bo. IV. pr. 6.
- DISPORT, *n.* FR. *Deport.* Sport, diversion. 777.
- DISPORT, *v.* To divert. T. III. 1139.

- DISPREISING, part. pa.** Fr. Undervaluing. M. 130.  
**DISPUTISON, n.** Fr. Dispute. 9348. 11202. *The clergie of the south made a DISPUTESOUN.* P. L. 300.
- DISRULILY, adv.** Irregularly. R. 4900.
- DISSIMULE, v.** Fr. To dissemble. 17296.
- DISSIMULINGS, n. pl.** Fr. Dissemblings, 10599.
- DISSONED, part. pa.** Fr. Dissonant. R. 4248.
- DISTAINE, v.** Fr. To discolour; to take away the colour. T. II. 840. L. W. 274.
- DISTINCT, v.** LAT. To distinguish. R. 6199.
- DISTINGUED, part. pa.** Fr. Distinguished. Bo. II. pr. 5.
- DISTOURBED, pa. t.** Fr. Disturbed. R. 1713.
- DISTREYNNE, v.** Fr. To constrain. P. 7. See **DESTREINE**.
- DISTRROUBLE, v.** Fr. To disturb. P. 4. Du. 524.
- DISTURNE, v.** Fr. To turn aside. T. III. 719.
- DITE, v.** Fr. To dictate; to write. R. 6786.
- DITES, n. pl.** Fr. Sayings, ditties. F. II. 114.
- DITUS, pr. n.** Dictys Cretensis. F. III. 379.
- DIVERSE, adj.** Fr. Different. 4631.
- DIVERSE, v.** To diversify. T. III. 1758.
- DIVINE, n. for Divinity.** R. 6488.
- DIVINISTRE, n.** Fr. A divine. 2813.
- Do, v.** SAX. See the *Essay, &c.* n. 37.
- Do for DON, part. pa.** M. 151.
- DOAND, part. pr.** Doing. R. 2708.
- DOGEREL, adj.** derived, I suppose, from *Dog*; so

that *Rime-dogerel* in ver. 13853. may be understood to mean what in French might be called *Rime de chien*. See Cotgrave, in *v. CHIEN*. “*Chose de chien*; A paultrie thing; a trifle; trash, trumperie.”

**DOGGE FOR THE BOWE.** 6951. 9888. A dog used in shooting.

**DOKE, *n.* SAX.** A duck. 3576.

**DOLE, *n.* SAX. as DEL.** R. 2364.

**DOLE, *n.* FR.** Grief, mourning. R. 2959.

**DOLVEN, *part pa.* of DELVE, *v.* SAX.** Buried. 4070.

**DOMBE, *adj.* SAX.** Dumb. 776.

**DOME, *n.* SAX.** Judgment, opinion. 10989.

**DOMESMAN, *n.* SAX.** A judge. 14408.

**DONET, *n.*** A grammar; the elements of any art; from *Ælius Donatus*, a Roman Grammarian, whose introduction to the Latin language (*inter Gramm. Vet. Putsch.* c. 1735.) was commonly read in schools. T. L. II. fol. 338. *Then drove I me among drapers, my DONET to lerne.* P. P. 23. b.

**DONMOW, *pr. n.* 5799.** See the note; and P. P. 44. b.

**DONNE, DON, *adj.* SAX.** Of a brown or dun colour. T. II. 908. A. F. 334.

**DORMANT, *part. pr.* FR.** Fixed, ready. 355. *Les vaisseaux qui là dormoient à l'ancre.* Froissart, v. III. c. 52.

**DORTOUR, n. Fr.** A dormitory, or common sleeping-room. 7437.

**DOSEIN, n. Fr.** A dozen. 580.

**DOSSER, n. Fr.** A basket to be carried on the back. F. III. 850.

**DOTE, v. SAX.** To be foolish, through age or otherwise. 9315. 16451.

**DOTH, imp. m. 2 per. pl. of Do.** 6631. Do ye.

**DOUCED.** F. III. 131. may perhaps be a corruption of *Doucete*, which is the name of a musical instrument, in a poem of Lydgate's. Ms. Bodl. Fairf. 16.

“ *Ther were trumpes and trumpetes,*

“ *Lowde shallys and DOUCETES.*”

**DOUGHTREN, n. pl. SAX.** Daughters. 41835.

**DOUTANCE, n. FR.** Doubt. T. IV. 963.

**DOUTE, v. FR.** To fear. R. 1089.

**DOUTELES, DOUTELES, adv.** Without doubt. 2669. 4511.

**DOUTOUS, adj.** Doubtful. T. IV. 992.

**D'outre mere.** Fr. From beyond Sea. Du. 253.

**DOWAIRE, n. FR.** Dower. 8724.

**DRADDE, DRAD, pa. t. & part. of DREDE, v. SAX.** Feared. 15483. 7945.

**DRAF n. SAX.** Things thrown away, as unfit for man's food. 17346.

**DRAF-SAK.** 4204. A sack full of draf.

**DRAFTY, adj. SAX.** Of no more value than draf. 13851.

- DRAGGES, *n. pl.* FR. Drugs. 428.
- DREDE, *n.* SAX. Fear; Doubt. *Withouten drede.* 4449. Without doubt. *Out of drede.* 5313. Out of doubt.
- DREDE, *v.* SAX. To fear. 2595. DRED. *pa. t.* 8056. for DRAD.
- DREDEFUL, *adj.* Timorous. 1481. 11621.
- DREDELES, *adv.* Without doubt. T. I. 1035.
- DREINT, *pa. t. & part.* of DRENCHE. Drowned. 11690. 3520.
- DRENCHE, *v.* SAX. To drown. 3617.
- DRENCHE, *v. neut.* SAX. To be drowned. 3521. 5343.
- DRERINESSE, *n.* SAX. Sorrow. R. 4728.
- DRERY, *adj.* SAX. Sorrowful. T. I. 13.
- DRESSE, *v.* FR. To address, apply. 8883.
- DRETCHÉ, *v. act.* SAX. To vex, to trouble. T. II. 1471.
- DRETCHED, *part. pa.* Oppressed, troubled. 14893. *Conf. Am.* 79.
- DRETCHÉ, *v. neut.* SAX. To delay. T. II. 1264. IV. 1446. *Conf. Am.* 178.
- DRETCHING, *n.* Delay. T. III. 855.
- DRIE, *v.* SAX. To suffer. R. 4390. 7484. T. V. 264. 296.
- DRIFE, *v.* SAX. To drive. R. 1874.
- DRINKELES, *adj.* SAX. Without drink. T. II. 718.
- DRONKELEW, *adj.* SAX. Given to drink. 7625. 12429. P.P. 41.

**DRONKEN**, *part. pa. of DRINK. v. SAX.* Drunk.

7481.

**DROUGH**, *pa. t. of DRAW, v. SAX.* Drew. T. v.  
1557. L. W. 1457.

**DROVY**, *adj. SAX.* Dirty. P. 94.

**DRUERIE**, *n. FR.* Courtship, gallantry. 13823. R.  
844.—A mistress. R. 5064. See Du Cange, in  
*v. DRUDARIA*.

The reader may perhaps not be displeased to see the following description of a *Drut*, or *Lover*, by Guillem Aesmar, a Provençal poet. Ms. Crofts. fol. ccxviii.

Ben paoc ama *drut*, qi non es gelos,  
Et paoc ama, qi non est airos,  
Et paoc ama, qi non es folettis,  
Et paoc ama, qi non fa tracios ;  
Mais vaut d amor qi ben est enveios  
Un dolz plorar non fait qatorze ris.

Quant eu li quier merce en genoillos,  
E la mi colpa et mi met ochaisos,  
Et l aigua m cur aval per mer lo vis,  
Et ela m fai un regard amoros,  
Et eu li bais la bucha els ols amdos,  
Adonc mi par un ioi de paradis.

**DRUGGE**, *v. SAX.* To drag. 1418.

**DUBBED**, *part. pa. SAX.* Created a knight. P. 88.

The phrase is derived from *the stroke*, with a sword or otherwise, which was always a principal ceremony at the creation of a knight. *At dubban*, Island. signifies *to strike*. This *stroke* in French

was called *La colée*. See *L'Ordene de Chevalerie*, par Hue de Tabarie, ver. 244. seq. published by M. Barbazan. 1759. and Du Cange, in *v. ALAPA MILITARIS*.

**DUETEE**, *n.* Fr. Duty; what is due to any one. 6934. 6973.

**DULLE**, *v. act.* SAX. To make dull. 16561.

**DULLE**, *v. neut.* SAX. To grow dull. R. 4792.

*Dun is in the mire.* 16954. See *Ray's Proverbial Similes*. p. 219. *As dull as Dun in the mire.* I suppose *Dun* was a nickname given to the Ass, from his colour, as well as *Burnell*. See the *n.* on ver. 15318.

**DURE**, *v.* Fr. To endure. 1362. 11148.

**DURESSE**, *n.* Fr. Hardship, severity. R. 3547.

**DUSKED**, *pa. t.* SAX. Grew dark, or dim. 2808.

**DUTEE**. 3062. as **DUETEE**.

**DWALE**, *n.* SAX. A sleeping-potion. 4159. C. L. 998.

**DWELLINGS**, *n. pl.* SAX. Delays. Bo. i. m. 1.  
*Moras.* Orig.

**DWINED**, *part. pa.* SAX. Wasted. R. 360.

## E.

**EARED**, *part. pa.* Ploughed. F. i. 485. See **EAE**.

**EBRAIKE**, *adj.* Hebrew. 4909.

**ECCLESIAST**, *n.* An ecclesiastical person. 710.—  
The Book of Ecclesiastes, or Ecclesiasticus. 6233.

**ECHE**, *adj.* SAX. *Ælce.* Each one, every one, of any number. 39. 662. 1134.

- ECHE, *v.* SAX.** To add. F. III. 975.—To add to; to increase. T. I. 706.
- EDIPPE, *pr. n.*** Oedipus. T. IV. 300.
- EFFECT, *n.* FR.** Substance. 7033. 9272.
- EFT, *adv.* SAX.** Again. 1671. 5212. 10945.
- EFTSONE, EFTSONES, *adv.* SAX.** Soon after; presently. 3489. 5329. 6390.
- EGALITEE, *n.* FR.** Equality. P. 121.
- EGER, EGRE, *adj.* FR.** Sharp. P. 8. R. 217.
- EGGE, *v.* SAX.** To incite. P. 115.
- EGGEMENT, *n.* SAX.** Incitement. 5262.
- EGGING, *n.* 10009. as EGEMENT.**
- EGREMOINE, *n.* FR.** Agrimony. 16268.
- EIRE for AIR.** 3473.
- EISEL, *n.* SAX.** Vinegar. R. 217. But see Br. Ro. cxiv. Vynegar aysell other alegar.—And cxv. Vynegar other aysell.
- ELAT, *part. pa.* LAT.** Elated. 14173.
- ELDE, *n.* SAX.** Old age. 6797. 10054.
- ELDE, *v.* SAX.** To make old. R. 391, 2.—*v. neut.* To grow old. R. 395.
- ELENGE, *adj.*** Strange. 6781. See the note; but I much distrust the etymology there proposed from Gloss. *Ur.* In ver. 13152. it seems to signify *Dull, Cheerless;* as in P. P. III. b. *Hevy-chered I yede, and ELENGE in herte.* And so perhaps it should be understood in the passages quoted from C. N. 115. and P. P. 3 b. and 46 b.

- ELENGENESSE, n.** R. 7406. in the Orig. *Soucy* ; Care, trouble.
- ELFE, n. SAX.** A witch. 5174.—A faery. 6455.
- ELF-QUENE, n.** Queen of elves or faeries. 6442. 13720, 4.
- ELI, pr. n.** 7472. seems to be put for **ELIE**. See 1 Kings c. 19.
- ELIE, pr. n.** Elijah. 7698. The Carmelites pretend that Elijah was the founder of their order.
- ELISEE, pr. n.** Elisha, the disciple of Elijah. 7698.
- ELLES, adv. SAX.** Else. 377. 1153. *Elles what.* F. III. 651. Any thing else. *Elleswher.* 2115. 13520. Elsewhere.
- ELVISH, adj. SAX.** Faery-like, fantastick. 16219. 16310.—In ver. 13633, it seems to signify *shy*, *reserved*.
- EMBELISE, v. FR.** To beautify. L. W. 1735.
- EMBOLDE, v. FR.** To make bold. C. L. 1147.
- EMBOYSSEMENT, n. FR.** Ambush. M. 112.
- EMBROUDED, part. pa. FR.** Embroidered. 89. L. W. 119.
- EME, n. SAX.** Uncle. T. II. 162.
- EMFORTH, prep. SAX.** Even with. *Emforth my might.* 2237. Even with my might; with all my power. *Emforth my wit.* T. II. 243. To the utmost of my understanding. It is a corruption of *efenfōrð*, which occurs at length in P. P. 66. b. *EVENFORTH with thyselfe*, and 108. b. *He did equitie for all, EVENFORTH his power.*

- EMPEIRE**, *v.* Fr. To impair; hurt. 10072.  
**EMPERICE**, *n.* Fr. Empress. 6828. 11360.  
**EMPLASTRE**, *v.* Fr. To plaster over. 10171.  
**EMPLIE**, *v.* To infold, to involve. Bo. v. m. 1.  
    *Implicat.* Orig.  
**EMPOISONER**, *n.* Fr. A poisoner. 12828.  
**EMPRESSE**, *v. neut.* Fr. To crowd. 9452. 16539.  
**EMPRISE**, *n.* Fr. Undertaking. 2542.  
**EMPTE**, *v.* SAX. To empty. 16209.  
**ENBATTLED**, *part. pa.* Fr. Indented, like a battlement. 14866.  
**ENBIBING**, *part. pr.* LAT. Imbibing. 16282.  
**ENBOSED**, *part. pa.* Fr. *Embosqué.* Sheltered in a wood. Du. 353.  
**ENBOSSED**, *part. pa.* Fr. *Embossé.* Raised. L. W. 1198.  
**ENBRACE**, *v.* Fr. To take hold of. 8288.  
**ENBRAUDE**, *v.* Fr. To embroider. L. W. 2340.  
**ENCENSE**, *n.* Fr. Incense. 2279.  
**ENCENSE**, *v.* Fr. To burn incense. 15863. To burn incense to. 15880.  
**ENCHAUFING**, *n.* Fr. Heat. P. 108.  
**ENCHESON**, *n.* Fr. Cause; occasion. 10770. M. 133.  
**ENCORPORING**, *part. pr.* Fr. Incorporating. 16283.  
**ENDELONG**, *prep.* SAX. Along. 2680. 11304.—  
    *adv.* Length-ways. 1993.  
**ENDETTED**, *part. pa.* Fr. Indebted. 16202.  
**ENDITE**, *v.* Fr. To dictate; relate. 2743.  
**ENDOUTE**, *v.* Fr. To doubt; to fear. R. 1664.

- ENDRIE, *v. SAX.* To suffer. C. L. 727. 941.  
ENE, *pr. n.* Æneas. 4484.  
ENEIDOS, *pr. n.* Virgil's Æneis. 15365.  
ENFAMINED, *part. pa. FR.* Hungry. L. W. 2418.  
ENFECTE, *v. FR.* To infect. 16441.  
ENFECTE, *part. pa.* Infected. C. L. 217.  
ENFORCE, *v. FR.* To strengthen. 5922.  
ENFORCED, *part. pa.* Constrained by force. P. 116.  
ENFORTUNE, *v. FR.* To endow with a certain fortune. C. M. 106.  
ENGENDRURE, *n. FR.* Generation. 5716. 5719.  
ENGINED, *part. pa. FR.* Racked; tortured. 15066.  
ENGLUTING. 16234. Rather ENLUTING. Stopping with clay.  
ENGREGGE, *v. FR.* To aggravate. P. 116.  
ENGREVE, *v. FR.* To hurt. R. 3444.  
ENHAUNSE, *v. FR.* To raise. 1436.  
ENHAUNSED, *part. pa.* Raised. 9248.  
ENHORT, *v. FR.* To exhort. 2853.  
ENLACED, *part. pa. FR.* Entangled. Bo. v. pr. l.  
ENLANGOURED, *part. pa. FR.* Faded with langour. R. 7399.  
ENLEVEN, *num. SAX.* Eleven. 17317.  
ENLUMINE, *v. FR.* To illuminate. 7909.  
ENOINT, *part. pa. FR.* Anointed. 2963.  
ENSELED, *part. pa. FR.* Sealed up; kept secret. T. v. 151.  
ENSPIRE, *v. FR.* To inspire. 6.  
ENSURE, *v. FR.* To assure. 12077. 12971.  
ENTAILE, *n. FR.* Shape. R. 162. 3711.

- ENTAILED, *part. pa.* FR. Carved. R. 140.
- ENTALENTE, *v.* FR. To excite. Bo. v. pr. 5.
- ENTEND, *v.* FR. To attend. 5857. 11001.
- ENTENDEMENT, *n.* FR. Understanding. T. iv. 1696.
- ENTENTE, *n.* FR. Intention. 1489.
- ENTENTIF, *adj.* FR. Attentive. 9165.
- ENTERCHANGEDEN, *pa. t. pl.* FR. Exchanged. T. iii. 1374.
- ENTERMEDLED, *part. pa.* FR. Intermixed. R. 906.
- ENTERMETE, *v.* FR. To interpose. 6416. R. 2966.
- ENTERPART, *v.* FR. To share. T. i. 593.
- ENTETCHED, *part. pa.* FR. *Entaché.* It is applied indifferently to things and persons *marked*, or *endowed*, with good or bad qualities. *Entetched and defouled with yvel.* Bo. iv. pr. 3. Stained and defiled with evil.—*The best entetched.* T. v. 832. Endowed with the best qualities.
- ENTREE, *n.* FR. Entry. 1985.
- ENTREMEES, *n. pl.* FR. “Choice dishes served in between the courses at a feast.” *Cotg.* R. 6831.
- ENTRIKE, *v.* FR. To deceive. R. 1642.
- ENTRIKE. To intangle. A. F. 403.
- ENTUNED, *part. pa.* FR. Tuned. 123.
- ENTUNES, *n. pl.* FR. Songs, tunes. Du. 309.
- ENVENIME, *v.* FR. To poison. 6056.
- ENVENIMING, *n.* Poisoning. 9934.
- ENVIE, *v.* FR. To vie: to contend. 5724. Du. 406.

- ENVIRON, *adv.* FR. About. C. L. 1031. *Conf.*  
*Am.* 139. b.
- ENVIRON, *v.* FR. To surround. R. 7067.
- ENVOLUPED, *part. pa.* FR. Wrapt up. 12876.
- ENVYNED. See the n. on ver. 344.
- Epistolis*, LAT. Epistles. 4475.
- EQUIPOLENCES, *n. pl.* FR. Equivalents. R. 7126.
- ER, *adv.* SAX. Before. 3787.—Before that. 4193.  
2639.
- ERANDE, *n.* SAX. A message: an errand. Du. 134.
- ERE, *v.* FR. To plough. 888.
- EREOS for EROS, *pr. n.* GR. Love. 1376.
- ERKE, *adj.* SAX. Weary, sick. R. 4867.
- ERLY, *adv.* SAX. Early. 811. 2491.
- ERME, *v.* SAX. To grieve. 12246.
- ERMEFUL. See the n. on ver. 12236.
- ERMIN, *adj.* Armenian. 14344.
- ERNEST, *n.* SAX. Zeal; studious pursuit of any  
thing. L. W. 1285.
- ERNESTFUL, *adj.* Serious. 9051. T. II. 1727.
- ERRATIKE, *adj.* FR. Wandering; applied to the  
Planets. T. v. 1811.
- ERRAUNT, *part. pr.* FR. Strolling; applied to a  
thief. 17173.
- ERS, ERSE, *n.* SAX. The fundament. 3732. 7272.
- ERST, *adv. superl.* of ER. First. 778. *At erst.* At  
first; for the first time. 8861. 15732. 13624.—It  
is sometimes redundant. *Long erst or.* 12596.  
Long before.

- ERTHELES, adj. SAX.** Without earth. T. iv. 770.
- ESCHAUNGE, n. FR.** Exchange. T. iv. 146.
- ESCHEVE, Eschue, v. FR.** To shun, to decline, 9686. C. N. 114.
- ESCALAPIUS, pr. n.** 431. A book of Medicine, under his name, is mentioned by Fabric. *Bibl. Gr.* t. i. p. 56. n. \*.
- ESE, n. FR.** Pleasure. 5709.
- ESE, v.** To accommodate. 2196.
- ESED, part. pa.** 2672. See the n. on ver. 29.
- ESEMENT, n.** Relief. 4177. 4184.
- ESIE, adj.** Gentle, light. *Esie sighes.* T. iii. 1369. which passage Lord Surry has copied. *Songes, &c.* p. 12. "And *easy sighes*, such as folkes draw in love."
- ESIER, comp. d.** Lighter. *Of esier avail.* C. L. 116. Of lighter, or less value.
- ESILICH, adv.** Gently. T. i. 317.
- ESPERUS, pr. n.** Hesperus; a name of the Planet Venus. B. K. 613.
- ESPIAILE, n. FR.** Spying, private watching. 6905. M. 112.
- ESPIRITUELL, adj. FR.** Spiritual, heavenly. R. 650. 672.
- ESSOINE, n. FR.** A legal excuse. P. 13.
- ESTAT, ESTATE, n. FR.** State, condition, 203. 524.—Administration of government. 7600.
- ESTATELICH, adj.** Stately. 140.
- ESTRES, n. pl. FR.** The inward parts of a building.

1973. 4293. R. de la R. 13267. *Car il sçet de l'Hostel les estres.*

**ETERNE**, *adj.* LAT. Everlasting. 1306.

**ETHE**, *adj.* SAX. Easy. R. 3955. T. v. 850.

**EVANGILES**, *n. pl.* FR. Gospels. 5086.

**EVEN**, *adj.* SAX. Equal. An *even-cristen*. P. 41.  
65. A fellow-christian.

**EVENLIKE**, *adj.* SAX. Equal. Bo. iv. m. 6.

**EVENLIKE**, *adv.* Equally. Bo. iv. pr. 2.

**EVER**, *adv.* SAX. Always. *Ever in on.* 1773. 3878.

Continually in the same manner. *Ever lenger the more.* 10718. 11772. See P. 119. where this elliptical phrase is expressed at length.

**EVERICH**, *adj.* SAX. Every one of many. 373. 2194.

**EVERICH**. Each of two. 1188. 2098. 2101. 6986.

**Ew**, *n.* SAX. Yew. 2925.

**EXALTAT**, *part. pa.* LAT. Exalted. 6286.

**EXAMETRON**. 13985. is explained by the context to signify *a verse of six feet*. It usually signifies the *Heroic* verse, but here, I suppose, must be understood to mean the *Iambic*, in which the antient Tragedies were “ *communly versified*.”

**EXECOUTOUR**, *n.* FR. Executioner. 7592.

**EXECUTRICE**, *n.* FR. A female executioner. T. III. 618.

**EXORCISATIONS**, *n. pl.* FR. Exorcisms, conjurations. F. III. 173.

**EXPANS YERES**. 11587. “ In this and the following verses, the Poet describes the Alphonsine Astro-

nomical tables by the several parts of them, wherein some technical terms occur, which were used by the old astronomers, and continued by the compilers of those tables. *Collect* years are certain sums of years, with the motions of the heavenly bodies corresponding to them, as of 20, 40, 60, &c. disposed into tables; and *Expans* years are the single years, with the motions of the heavenly bodies answering to them, beginning at 1, and continued on to the smallest *Collect* sum, as 20, &c. A *Root*, or *Radix*, is any certain time taken at pleasure, from which, as an era, the celestial motions are to be computed. By *Proporcional convenientes* are meant the Tables of Proportional parts." Gloss. *Ur.* " *Argument* in astronomy is an arch whereby we seek another unknown arch proportional to the first." *Chambers.*

**EXPECTAUNT**, *part. pr.* Fr. Waiting. R. 4571.

**EXPLEITE**, *v.* Fr. To perform. R. 6174.

**EY, n. SAX.** An egg. 14851. 16274. *But as it were a grypes eye.* Conf. Am. 22.

**EY, interj.** 10165.

**EYEN, n. pl. SAX.** Eyes. 152. 201.

**EYRE for AIR.** F. II. 419.

**EYRISH, adj.** Aerial, belonging to the air. F. II. 424. 457.

## F.

- FABLE, n. Fr.** Idle discourse. R. 1439. 6603.
- FACONDE, n. Fr.** Eloquence. A. F. 558.
- FACONDE, adj.** Eloquent. Du. 926. A. F. 521.
- FAERIE, n. Fr.** The nation of Faeries. 6441. See the note.—Enchantment; the work of Faeries. 9617. 10515. *King of Faerie.* 13101, 8. *Quene of Faerie.* 10190. *Contree of Faerie.* 13731.
- FAIN, adj. SAX.** Glad. 13241. *Then was I as fayne as foule of fayre morowe.* P. P. 47. b.
- FAIN, adv.** Gladly. 9949.
- FAINE, v. FR.** To feign, to dissemble. R. 3089.  
*To swinke and travail he not faineth.* R. 5685.  
 He does not *feign*, or *pretend*, only to labour; i. e. he labours seriously.
- FAIREHEDE, n. SAX.** Beauty. R. 2484.
- FAITOUR, n. FR.** A lazy, idle fellow. P. P. 32. b. 33. b. *Faitard, Faiteor, un paresseux, piger.* Lacombe.
- FALDING, n. 392. 3212.** “A kind of coarse cloth. Sk.” He derives it from the A. S. Fealb, *plica*. However that may be, Helmoldus (Chron. Slav. l. 1. c. 1.) speaks of *indumenta lanea*, probably coarse enough, *quæ nos appellamus FALDONES*; and *Fallin* in Irish, according to Lhuyd, signifies a *mantle*. Giraldus Cambr. (Topog. Hibern. dist. 3. c. 10.) describes the Irish as clothed in *phalingis laneis, vice palliorum.* “**FALDYNG CLOTH.**

*Amphibalus. Birrus.*" Prompt. Parv. "Row CLOTH, as FALDYNG and other lyke. *Endromis.* *Amphibalus.*" Ibid. See Du Cange, in v. AMPHIBALUS.

FALL for FALLEN, *part. pa.* P. 10.

FALSEN, *v.* FR. To falsify. 3175.—To deceive. R. 5416.

FALWE, *adj.* SAX. Yellow. 1366.

FALWES, *n. pl.* SAX. Harrowed lands. 6238.

FAMULER, *adj.* LAT. Domestick. 9658.

FAN, *n.* See the *n.* on ver. 16991.

FANDE, *pa. t.* of FINDE, *v.* SAX. Found. R. 2707.

FANE, *n.* A weathercock. 8872. C. D. 79.

FANTASIE, *n.* FR. Fancy. 9451.

FANTOME, *n.* FR. Any false imagination. 5457. *Et dirent plusieurs qu'ils avoient été EN FANTOSME.* Froissart, *v. i. c.* 63.

FARCE, *v.* FR. *Farder.* To paint. R. 2285.

FARDEL, *n.* FR. A burthen. R. 5683.

FARE, *v.* SAX. To go. 1397. 12985. *To fare wel;* To speed, to be happy. 2437.

FAREN, FARE, *part. pa.* 7354. 7364. 13129.

FARES for FARETH. 4021.

FARING, *part. pr.* 11244. 13948.

FARE, *n.* seems to have been derived from the French *v. Faire;* whenever it can be interpreted by the word *Ado.* See ver. 1811. *This hote FARE.* ver. 3997. *For which the wardein chidde and made*

FARE. ver. 4989. *What amounteth all this FARE?*  
ver. 13193. *Betwixt us two nedeth no strange*  
FARE. T. iv. 532. *And leve this nice FARE.*  
In other instances it follows the sense of the Saxon  
*v. Fare*, as in the compound words *Welfare*,  
*Thoroughfare*, &c.

FARME, *n.* SAX. Food; a meal. C. D. 1750.  
See Spelman, in *v. Firma*.

FARSE, *v.* FR. *Farcir.* To stuff. 233.

FATHE, *n.* F. III. 1050. See LATHE.

FAUTE, *n.* FR. Want. 10757.

FAWE, *adj.* SAX. Glad. 5802. as FAIN.

FAY, *n.* FR. Faith. 3284.

FAYRE, *adj.* SAX. Fair. 204. 234.

FAYRE, *adv.* Fairly, gracefully. 94. 275.

FEBLESSE, *n.* FR. Weakness. T. II. 863.

FECCHE, *v.* SAX. To fetch. 6942. 7136.

FEE, *n.* SAX. Money. 6212. In R. 6044. it seems  
to signify *inheritable possessions* in contradistinc-  
tion to *money*, or *moveables*.

FEFFE, *v.* FR. To infeoff; to present. T. v. 1688.  
C. L. 932.

FEINE, *v.* FR. To feign. 738.

FEL, *adj.* SAX. Cruel, destructive. 7584. 13758.

FELAW, *n.* SAX. Fellow, companion. 6967.

FELAWSHIP, *n.* SAX. Company. 476.

FELAWSHIPE, *v.* To accompany. Bo. iv. m. 1.  
pr. 3.

FELDE, *n.* SAX. A field. 1524.

FELDEN, *pa. t. pl.* of FELLE, *v. SAX.* Felled, made to fall. R. 911.

FELE, *adj. SAX.* Many. 8793. C. L. 191.

FELE, *v. SAX.* To feel. 6088. To have sense. 11039. To perceive. 15623.

FELL, *n. SAX.* Skin. T. I. 91.

FELONIE, *n. FR.* All sorts of criminal violence. 1998.

FELOUN, *adj. FR.* Cruel. R. 3250.

FEMINIE, *pr. n.* The country of Amazons. 868.

See the note.

FEMININITEE, *n. FR.* Womanhood. 4780.

FEND, *n. SAX.* An enemy ; the Devil. 5200. 7030.

FENDLICHE, *adj.* Devilish. 5171. 5203.

FENNE, *n.* 12824. The name of the *Sections of Avicenne's* great work, entitled *Canun*. See CANON.

FEOFFED, *part. pa. FR.* Infeoffed. 9572.

FER, *adv. SAX.* Far. 4013. 5078.

FERRE, *comp.* 48. 1852. 2062. Further.

FERREST, *superl.* 496. Furthest.

FERD, FERED, *part. pa. of FERE.* Terrified. 15392. 16392. T. II. 124.

FERD, FERDE, *pa. t. of FARE.* 1374. 3457. 10775.

FERDEN, *pa. t. pl.* 1649. 2119.

FERE, *n. SAX.* A companion ; a wife. T. IV. 791.

*In fere.* 4748. 4814. Together ; in company.

FERE for FIRE. R. 2471. T. I. 229.

FERE, *n. SAX.* Fear. 2346. 6604.

FERE, *v. SAX.* To terrify. T. IV. 1483.

**FERFORTH, FERFORTHLY, *adv.* SAX.** Far forth.  
962. 4992.

**FERLY, *adj.* SAX.** Strange. 4171.

**FERMACIE for PHARMACIE, *n.* FR.** A medicine.  
2715.

**FERME, *n.* FR.** A farm. 253.

**FERMERERE, *n.* LAT. *Infirmarius.*** The officer, in a  
religious house, who had the care of the infirmary.  
7441. Du Cange, *in v.*

**FERNE, *adv.* SAX.** Before. 10570. See the note.

**FERS, *adj.* FR.** Fierce. 1600.

**FERS, *n.* DU.** 654. seq. The piece at chess next to  
the king, which we and other European nations  
call the *queen*; though very improperly, as Hyde  
has observed. *Pherz*, or *Pherzan*, which is the  
Persian name for the same piece, signifies the  
King's *Chief Counsellor*, or *General*. Hist. Sha-  
hilud. p. 88, 9.

**FERTHING, *n.* SAX.** A farthing; any very small  
thing. *No ferthing—of grese.* 134. Not the  
smallest spot of grease.

**FEST, *n.* SAX.** Fist. 12736.

**FESTE, *n.* FR.** Feast. 10375.

**FESTEYING, *part. pr.* FR.** Feasting. 10659.

**FESTLICH, *adj.*** Used to feasts. 10595.

**FETCHE, *n.* SAX.** A vetch. T. III. 938.

**FETE, *n.* FR.** Work. 8305.

**FETISE, *adj.*** Well made; neat. 157.

**FETISELY, *adv.*** Neatly; properly. 124. 3205.

**FETTE, FET,** *part. pa.* of FECCHE. 821. 2529. 5087.

**FEY,** *n.* FR. Faith. L. W. 2508.

**FEYRE,** *n.* FR. A fair, or market. 5803.

**FIAUNCE,** *n.* FR. Trust. R. 5481.

**FIDEL,** *n.* SAX. A fiddle. 298.

**FILL** for FELL, *pa. t.* of FALL. 1105. 2668.

**FINCH,** *n.* SAX. A small bird. *To pull a finch.*

654. was a proverbial expression, signifying, *To strip a man, by fraud, of his money, &c.* See R. 5983.

If I may gripe a riche man,  
I shall so pulle him, if I can,  
That he shall in a fewe stoundes  
Lese all his markes and his poundes.—  
Our maidens shall eke plucke him so,  
That him shall neden fethers mo.—

See also R. 6820.

Withoutte scalding they hem pulle.

**FIND,** *v.* SAX. To find. To supply. 12471. See the *n.*

**FINT** for FINDETH. 4069. 15686.

**FINE,** FIN, *n.* FR. End. 4844. 9980.

**FINE,** *v.* FR. To cease. 6718. R. 1797.

**FINE,** *adj.* FR. *Of fine force.* T. v. 421. Of very necessity.

**FIT,** *n.* SAX. A division, or short portion of a poem. 13816. See Gloss. *Percy*, in *v.*

**FITTINGEST,** *adj. sup.* SAX. Most fitting. A. F. 551.

**FIXE,** *adj.* FR. Fixed. 11594. 16247.

- FLAIE** for **FLEY**, *pa. t. of FLEE.* Flew. C. N. 213.  
**FLAINE**, *part. pa. of FLAIE, v. SAX.* Flayed, or  
 flead. P. 45.
- FLAMBE**, *n. FR.* FLAME. T. v. 302.
- FLATOUR**, *n. FR.* A flatterer. 15331. *Conf. Am.*  
 154. b.
- FLAWE**, *adj.* Yellow; from the LAT. *Flavus.* C. L.  
 782. Gloss. *Ur.*
- FLECKED**, *adj.* Spotted. 9722. 16033.
- FLECKERING**, *part. pr.* 1964. See **FICKER.**
- FLEE**, *v. neut. SAX.* To fly. 6102. 10436.
- FLEEN**, *n. pl. SAX.* Fleas. 16966.
- FLEME**, *v. SAX.* To banish. 17131. R. 6781.
- FLEMED**, *part. pa.* 15526.
- FLEMER**, *n.* Banisher. 4880.
- FLETE**, *v. SAX.* To float; to swim. 2399.
- FLETE** for **FLETETH**. 4883.
- FLETING**, *part. pr.* 1958.
- FLICKER**, *v. neut. SAX.* To flutter. P. 100. T.  
 iv. 1221.
- FLIT**, *v. neut. SAX.* To fly. P. 37. R. 5359.  
*Elle fuit.* Orig.
- FLIT**, *v. act.* R. 1812. To remove. 8.
- FLITTED**, *part. pa.* Removed, shifted. T. v. 1543.
- FLITTERING**, *part. pr.* Floating. Bo. III. m. 9.  
*Fluitantis.* Orig.
- FLO**, *n. SAX.* An arrow. 17213. **FLONE**, *pl. B. K.*  
 469.
- FLOCKMEL**, *adv. SAX.* In a flock. 7962.

FLOREIN, *pr. n.* A species of gold coin. 12704.

FLOTERY, *adj.* SAX. Floating. See the *n.* on *v.* 2885.

FLOTTE, *v.* Bo. III. pr. 11. as FLETE.

FLOTTE, *v.* FR. To float. Bo. III. pr. 11.

FLOURELES, *adj.* Without flower. C. D. 1860.

FLOURETTE, *n.* FR. A small flower. R. 891.

FLOYTING. 91. Playing on the flute. See the note.

FOINE, *v.* FR. To make a pass in fencing; to push. 1656. 2552.

FOISON, *n.* FR. Abundance. 3165. 4924.

FOLED, *part. pa.* SAX. Foaled. 7127.

FOLEHARDINESS, *n.* FR. Rashness. Bo. I. pr. 3.

FOLE-LARGE, *adj.* M. 135. P. 94. Foolishly liberal.

FOLIE, *n.* FR. Folly. 3148. 1800.

FOLILY, *adv.* Foolishly. 9277. 15896.

FOLWE, *v.* SAX. To follow. 530. 6165.

FOLY, *adj.* Foolish. R. 5006. 5085.

FOND, *adj.* SAX. Foolish. R. 5366.

FOND, *pa. t.* of FIND. 3819. 10121.

FONDE, *v.* SAX. To try. 4767. 9284. T. III. 1161.

FONG, *v.* SAX. To take. 4797.

FONNE, *n.* SAX. A fool. 4087.

FONNE, *v.* To be foolish. C. L. 458.

FONT-STONE, *n.* SAX. A font for baptizing. 5143.

FOR, *prep.* SAX. PRO. LAT. Pour. FR. It is frequently prefixed to verbs in the infinitive mode,

in the French manner. *For to tellen.* 73. *For to don.* 78. *Pour dire;* *Pour faire.* *For to han ben.* 754. *Pour avoir été.*—It sometimes signifies—Against. *For percing of his herte.* 13791. Against, or to prevent, piercing. *For steling of the Rose.* R. 4229. Against stealing. See P. P. 31. *Some shall sow the sake for sheding of the wheate.* i. e. to prevent shedding.

**FOR,** *conj.* SAX. *Quia.* LAT. *Pour ce que.* FR. Because that. *For him luste to ride so.* 102. *For she wolde virtue plese.* 8092. *For I teche.* 12374.

**FOR,** in composition, has various powers. It is most commonly *intensive* of the signification of the word with which it is joined; as in *Fordronken, Fordry, Forfered, &c.* sometimes *privative*, as in *Forboden, Foryete;* and sometimes only *communicative of an ill sense*, as in *Forfaite, Forfare, Forjugged, &c.* **For, Fr. and Ver, BELG.** have similar powers in composition.

**FORBERE, v.** SAX. To abstain. R. 4751.

**FORBODEN, part. pa. of FORBEDE, v.** SAX. Forbidden. P. 98. R. 6616.

**FORBRAKE, pa. t.** Broke off. Bo. iv. pr. l. *Abrupt.* Orig.

**FORBRUSED, part. pa.** FR. Sorely bruised. 14532.

**FORCE, n.** FR. *No force.* 7771. No matter. *I do no force.* 6816. I care not. *I do no force of your divinitie.* 7094. I care not for your divinity. *No force of deth.* 8968. No matter for death. They

*yeve no force.* R. 4826. They care not. “*De fruit avoir ne fait force.*” Orig.

**FORCUTTE, v. SAX.** To cut through. 17289.

**FORDO, v. SAX.** To do away; to ruin. 13057.

**FORDON, FORDO, part. pa.** Undone. 11866. 17239.

**FORDRIVE (Fordriven), part. pa. SAX.** Driven away. R. 3782.

**FORDRONKEN, part. pa. SAX.** Very drunken. 3122. 12608.

**FORDRY, adj. SAX.** Very dry. 10723.

**FORDWINED, part. pa. SAX.** Wasted away. R. 366.

**FORE (Foren), part. pa. of FARE, v. SAX.** Gone. R. 2710.

**FORE, prep. SAX.** is seldom used by itself. In composition it has the power of *Before*.

**FOREFARE, v. SAX.** To fare ill. R. 5388.

**FOREIN, n. L. W.** 1960. A jakes. Gloss. *Ur.* from Sk. The context seems rather to require that it should signify *An outward court, or garden*.

**FOREWETING, n. SAX.** Foreknowledge. 15249.

**FOREWOTE, FOREWETE, v. SAX.** To foreknow. 15240.

**FORFAITE, v. FR.** To misdo. P. 25.

**FORFERED, part. pa. SAX.** Much afraid. 10841. T. iv. 1411.

**FORGIFTE, n. SAX.** Forgiveness. L. W. 1851.

**FORGON, inf. v. SAX.** To omit; to lose. 9959. 17244.

**FORGROWEN, part. pa. SAX.** Overgrown. F. L. 45.

- FORJUGED**, *part. pa.* Fr. Wrongfully judged. B. K. 275.
- FORKERVE**, *v.* SAX. To carve, or cut through. 17289.
- FORLAFT**, *part. pa.* SAX. Left off entirely. 12017.
- FORLESE**, *v.* SAX. To lose entirely. P. 91.
- FORLETE**, *v.* SAX. To give over; to quit. P. 6.
- FORLORE** (*Forloren*), *part. pa.* SAX. Utterly lost. 3505.
- FORLOYNE**, *n.* Fr. *Forlonge*. A term of the chase, which signifies that the game is far off. Du. 386.
- FORME**, *adj.* SAX. First. *Adam oure FORME father.* M. 94.
- FORMEST**, *adj. sup.* SAX. First. Du. 890.
- FORMELL**. A. F. 371. is put for the *female* of any fowl; more frequently for a *female eagle*. See ver. 445. 535.
- FORPINED**, *part. pa.* SAX. Wasted away; tormented. 205. 1455.
- FORSAKE**, *v.* SAX. To deny. Bo. II. pr. 3, 4.
- FORSHAPEN**, *part. pa.* SAX. Transformed. T. II. 66.
- FORSHRONKE** (*Forshronken*), *part. pa.* SAX. Shrunk up. F. L. 358.
- FORSLEUTHE**, **FORSLOUTHE**, **FORSLUGGE**, *v.* SAX. To lose through sloth. 15102. P. 77.
- FORSONGEN**, *part. pa.* SAX. Tired with singing. R. 664.
- FORSTER**, *n.* Fr. A forester. 117.
- FORSTRAUGHT**, *part. pa.* SAX. Distracted. 13035.

FORTHBY, *adv.* SAX. Forward by. 13499. 13532.

FORTHER, *v.* SAX. To further, to advance. T. II.  
1368.

FORTHINKE, *v.* SAX. To grieve; to vex. 9780.  
T. II. 1414.

FORTHUGHT, *pa. t.* of FORTHINKE. R. 1671.

FORTHREN, *inf. m.* of FORTHER. T. V. 1706.

FORTHY, *conj.* SAX. Therefore. 1843.

FORTRODEN, *part. pa.* of FORTREAD, *v.* SAX.  
Troden down. P. 16.

FORTUIT, *adj.* FR. Accidental. Bo. V. pr. 1.

FORTUNE, *v.* FR. To make fortunate. 419. To  
give good or bad fortune. 2379.

FORTUNOUS, *adj.* Proceeding from fortune. Bo. II.  
pr. 3, 4.

FORWAKED, *part. pa.* SAX. Having waked long.  
5016.

FORWANDRED, *part. pa.* SAX. Having wandered  
long. R. 3336.

FORWELKED, *part. pa.* SAX. Much wrinkled. R.  
360.

FORWEPT, *part. pa.* SAX. Having much wept.  
C. D. 1833.

FORWERED, *part. pa.* SAX. Worn out. R. 235.

FORWERIE, *adj.* SAX. Very weary. R. 3336.

FORWORD (*Foreword*), *n.* SAX. A promise, or co-  
venant. 831. 854.

FORWOUNDED, *part. pa.* SAX. Much wounded. R.  
1830.

FORWRAPPED, *part. pa.* Wrapped up. 12652. P. 31.

- FORYELDE, v. SAX.** To repay. 8707. L. W. 457.
- FORYETE, v. SAX.** To Forget. 1884.
- FORYETTEN, part. pa.** 3055.
- FOSTER, n. FR.** R. 6329. as **FORSTER**.
- FOSTRED, part. pa. of FOSTER, v. SAX.** Nourished. 8916, 9.
- FOSTRING, n.** Nutriment. 7427.
- FOTE-HOT.** 4858. Immediately. See the n. and add to the instances there quoted. Du. 375.
- FOTE-MANTEL.** 474. means, I suppose, a sort of *riding-petticoat*, such as is now used by market-women.
- FOTHER, n. SAX.** A carriage-load; an indefinite large quantity. 532. 1910.
- FOUDRE, n. FR.** Lightning. F. II. 27.
- FOULE, n. SAX.** A bird. 10463.
- FOUND, pa. t. of FIND.** Supplied. 12471. See the n.
- FOUNDÉ, v.** An. 244. as **FONDE**.
- FOUNDRED, pa. t. of FOUNDER, v. FR.** Fell down. 2689.
- FOWERTIE, num. SAX.** Forty. R. 5733.
- FOXERIE, n.** Foxish manners. R. 6795.
- FRA for FRO, prep. SAX.** From. It is sometimes used adverbially. *Til and fra.* 4037. To and fro. 2850.
- FRAINE, v. SAX.** To ask. T. v. 1226.
- FRAKNES, n. pl. SAX.** Spots, freckles. 2171.
- FRANCHISE, n. FR.** Frankness, generosity. 9861. 11828.

- FRANK**, *n.* A denomination of French money; answering at present to the *Livre Tournois*. 13111.
- FRANKELEIN**, *n.* Fr. See his CHARACTER, ver. 333—362. and the *n.* on ver. 333.
- FRAUGHT**, *v.* SAX. To freight, load a ship. 4591.
- FRE**, *adj.* SAX. Willing, unconstrained. 854.—At liberty. 5631.—Liberal, bountiful. 13106. 13462.
- FREDOM**, *n.* SAX. 46. 17075. as FRANCHISE.
- FREELTEE**, *n.* FR. FRAILTY. 5674, 5.
- FREGIUS** for PHRYGIUS. Du. 1070.
- FREMDE**, **FREMED**, *adj.* SAX. Strange, 10743. T. II. 248. *To frend ne to premed.* P. P. 79.
- FRENETIKE**, *adj.* FR. Frantick. T. v. 206.
- FRENSEIE**, *n.* FR. A frenzy. T. i. 728.
- FRERE**, *n.* FR. A Friar. See his CHARACTER. ver. 208—271. and P. P. 12. a. b.
- FRESHE**, *v.* FR. To refresh. R. 1513.
- FRET**, *n.* FR. A band. L. W. 225, 8. F. L. 152.
- FRET**, **FRETTE**, *part. pa.* FR. Fraught, filled. R. 4705. L. W. 1115. C. L. 124. or, perhaps, *Wrought in a kind of fret-work*. A sort of Blazon is called *Fretté*. In R. ver. 4705. And through the *fret full of falshede*—we should read—A trouthe *fret full of falshede*.
- FRETE**, *v.* SAX. To eat, devour. 2070.
- FRETING**, *part. pr.* 2021.
- FRETTE** (*Freted*), *part. pa.* 4895.
- FREYNE**, *v.* SAX. 13530. 15901. as FRAINE.
- FRISE**, *pr. n.* Friezland. R. 1093.
- FROTE**, *v.* FR. To rub. 3746. T. III. 1121.

FROUNCELES, *adj.* FR. Without wrinkle. R. 860.

FROWARD, *adj.* SAX. Averse. R. 4940.

FRO YE. T. I. 5. From you. *Ye* is put for *You*, that *Fro ye* may rhyme, in appearance at least, with *joye* and *Troye*. So in ver. 7038. *say ye* rhymes to *praye*. See more of these double rhymes in the n. on ver. 674. and add the following passages, in which *thee* (*thee*), being the eleventh and last syllable of the verse, is to be pronounced without any accent.

Ver. 10987. *alone the rimes to youthe.*

16131. *to the ————— sothe.*

1672. *hie the ————— swithe.*

FRUCTUOUS, *adj.* FR. Fruitful. 17384.

FRUITESTERE, *n.* SAX. A female seller of fruit. 12412.

FUL-DRIVE, *part. pa.* Fully driven, completed. 11542.

FULKE (f. FOLKE), *n.* SAX. People. F. I. 73.

FULSUMNESSE, *n.* SAX. Satiety. 10719.

FUMETERE, *pr. n.* of a plant; Fumitory. 14969.

FUMARIA — *purgat bilem et humores adustos.*

Ray's Synopsis.

FUMOSITEE, *n.* FR. Fumes arising from excessive drinking. 10672. 12501.

FUNDAMENT, *n.* FR. Foundation. 7685.

FURIAL, *adj.* FR. Raging. 10762.

FUSIBLE, *adj.* FR. Capable of being melted. 16324.

FY, *interj.* FR. 7509. *I say fy.* 4500. I cry shame.

## G.

**GABBE, v. FR.** To talk idly; to lie. 3510. 15072.

*Gabbe I of this?* Bo. II. pr. 5. *Num id mentior?*

**GACIDES.** F. III. 116. is probably a misprint for *Æacides*; though I do not know that Chiron had any right to that title.

**GADLING, n. SAX.** An idle vagabond. R. 938.

**GADRED, part. pa. SAX.** Gathered. 4379.

**GAILER, n. FR.** Gaoler. 1476.

**GAILLARD, adj. FR.** Brisk, gay. 3336. 4365.

**GAITRE-BERIES.** 14971. Berries of the dog-wood tree; *Cornus fæmina*.

**GALAXIE, pr. n.** The milky way; a tract in the heaven so called. F. II. 428.

**GALE, v. SAX.** See the n. on ver. 6414.

**GALFRIDE, pr. n.** Geoffrey of Monmouth. F. III. 382. Geoffrey Vinsauf. C. L. II. See **GAUFRIDE**.

**GALICE, pr. n.** A province of Spain. 468. The famous shrine of St. James at *Compostella* was in Galicia.

**GALINGALE, pr. n.** Sweet cyperus. 383.

**GALLIEN, GALIAN, pr. n.** Galen. 433. 12240.  
See the notes.

**GALOCHE, n. FR.** A shoe. 10869.

**GALPE, v. SAX.** To gape, to yawn. 16984.

**GALPING, part. pr.** Gaping, yawning. 10664.

**GALWES, n. pl. SAX.** The gallows. 6240. 14652.

**GAN, pa. t. of GINNE, v. SAX.** Began. 11153.

- GANNEN, *pl.* T. II. 194.
- GAR, *v. SAX.* To make. 4130.
- GARDEBRACE, *n. FR.* Armour for the arm. C. D. 1554.
- GARGATE, *n. FR.* The throat. 15341.
- GARISOUN. R. 3249. Seems to be used as a *v.* To heal. The Orig. has *Garrison*, a *n.* Healing, recovery.
- GARNEMENT, *n. FR.* A garment. Magd. 354.
- GARNER, *n. FR.* A granary, or store-room. R. 1148. 6810.
- GARNISON, *n. FR.* A guard, or garrison. M. 86. R. 4204.
- GASTNESS, *n. SAX.* Gastliness. Bo. III. pr. 5.
- GATE, GATTE, *pa. t. of GET, v. SAX.* Gate; Begate. R. 2692. L. W. 2561.
- GATE, *n. SAX.* A way. *Went her gate.* R. 3332. Went her way.
- GATISDEN, *pr. n.* 436. John Gatesden, author of a medical work, entitled *Rosa Anglicana*, in the XIVth Century. See Tanner, in *v.*
- GAT-TOTHE. 470. See the note.
- GAUDE, *n. FR.* Jest. 12323. T. II. 351. GAUDES, *pl.* Ridiculous tricks. P. 73.
- GAUDED. 159. See the note.
- GAUFRIDE, *pr. n.* 15353. See the note.
- GAURE, *v.* To stare. 3825. 5332. *For them, that gaured and cast on me their sight.* Lydg. Trag. B. IX. f. 22. b.

**GAWAIN**, *pr. n.* nephew to King *Arthur*, by his sister, married to King *Lot*. So says the *British History*, which goes under the name of *Geoffrey of Monmouth*; and I believe it will be in vain to look for any more authentic genealogist of all that family. He is there called *Walganus*. The French Romaneers, who have built upon Geoffrey's foundations, agree in describing Gawain as a model of *knightly courtesy*. To this his established character our author alludes in ver. 10409. and in R. 2209.

**GAYLER**, *n.* Fr. 1472. as **GAILER**.

**GEANT**, *n.* Fr. Giant. *The Crane the geant.* A. F. 344.

**GEAR**, *n.* F. L. 26. See **GERE**.

**GЕНДЕ**, for **GENT**. B. K. 127.

**GENELOW**, *pr. n.* of one of Charlemaine's officers, who, by his treachery, was the cause of the defeat at *Roncevaux*, the death of *Roland*, &c. for which he was torn to pieces by horses. This at least is the account of the author who calls himself *Archbishop Turpin*, and of the Romancers who followed him; upon whose credit the name of *Genelon*, or *Ganelon*, was for several centuries a synonymous expression for *the worst of traitors*. Our author alludes to his treachery, ver. 14699. 15233. and to his punishment, ver. 13124. See also Du. 1121.

**GENT**, *adj.* Fr. Neat, pretty. 3234. 13645

**GENTERIE, n. Fr.** Gentility. 6728.

**GENTIL, adj. Fr.** in its original sense means *Well-born; of a noble family.* 6735. R. 2194. *Il y avoit un Chevalier, Capitaine de la ville;—point gentilhomme n'estoit:—et l'aroit fait, pour sa vaillance, le Roy Edouard Chevalier.* Froissart, v. ii. c. 77.—It is commonly put for *Civil; liberal; gentlemanlike.*

**GENTILLESSE, n. Fr.** follows the significations of **GENTIL.**

**GEOMANCIE, n. Fr.** Divination by figures made on the earth. P. 67.

**GERE, n. SAX.** All sorts of *instruments; of Cookery.* 354. of War. 2182. of Apparel. 8248. of Chemistry. 16263. *In hir queinte geres.* 1533. In their strange fashions.

**GERIE, GERFUL.** 1538. 1540. Changeable. Probably from the Fr. *Girer.* To turn round. **GIERFUL.** T. iv. 286.

**GERLOND, n. Fr.** A garland. 668. The name of a dog. 15389.

**GESSE, v. SAX.** To guess. 2595. 3467.

**GEST, n. SAX.** A guest. 8214.

**GESTE, v.** See the n. on ver. 17354.

**GESTES, n. pl. LAT.** Actions, adventures. T. ii. 1349. *The Romain gestes.* 10158. See the note.

**GESTOUR, n.** A relater of gestes. See the n. on ver. 13775.

**GET, n. Fr.** *Geste.* Fashion, behaviour. 684. See

the note. *With that false get.* 16745. With that cheating contrivance.

GETHE for GOETH. L. W. 2143.

GIE, *v.* SAX. To guide. 15604. 15627.

GIGGES, *n. pl.* F. III. 852. Irregular sounds, produced by the wind, &c. *Gigue*, Fr. signified a musical instrument, like a fiddle; and from thence a sort of light tune. Menage, in v. It is probably a word of Teutonic original. See Junius.

GILBERTIN, *pr. n.* An English Physician of the xiiith Century. See Fabricius *Bibl. Med. Et.* in v. GILBERTUS DE AQUILA.

GILOUR, *n.* FR. A deceiver. 4319.

GILT, *part. pa.* SAX. Gilded; of the colour of gold. L. W. 230.

GILT, *n.* SAX. Guilt. 5969.

GILTE-LES, *adj.* SAX. Free from guilt. 1312. 1314.

GILTIF, *adj.* SAX. Guilty. 5088. Conf. Am. 62. b.

GIN, *n.* FR. Engine; contrivance. 10442. 16633.

GINGIBER, *n.* FR. Ginger. R. 1369.

GINNE, *v.* SAX. To begin. T. v. 657.

GIPCIERE, *n.* FR. A pouch or purse. 359.

GIPE, *n.* FR. An upper frock, or cassock. R. 7214.

GIPON, *n.* FR. A short cassock. 75. 2122.

GIRDE, *v.* SAX. To strike, to smite. 14464. This word is perhaps the original of *Gride*, in Spenser. See *Obs. on Sp.* v. ii. p. 62.

GIRDELSTEDE, *n.* SAX. The waist; the place of the girdle. R. 826.

- GIRLES**, *n. pl. SAX.* Young persons, either male or female. 666.
- GIRT**, *part. pa. of GIRDE.* *Thurgh girt.* 1012. Smitten through.
- GISARME**, *n. FR.* A battle-axe. R. 5978. See Du Cange, in v. *Gisarma*.
- GISL**, *n. FR.* Gaine, fashion. 2127. *At his owen gise.* 665. In his own manner; as he would wish.
- GITE**, *n. FR.* A gown. 3952. 6141.
- GITERNE**, *n. FR.* A guitar. 3333. 4394.
- GITERNING**, *n.* Playing on a Giterne. 3363.
- GLADE**, *v. SAX.* To make glad. 11280. 14817.
- GLADER**, *n.* One that maketh glad. 2224.
- GLADSON**, *adj. SAX.* Pleasant. 14784.
- GLASE** for **GLOSE**, *v. T. v.* 469.
- GLASE**, *v. SAX.* To put glass into windows. Du. 323.
- GLASINGE**, *n.* Glass-work. Du. 327.
- GLE**, *n. SAX.* Mirth. 13769.—Musick. T. ii. 1036.
- GLEES**, *pl.* Musical instruments. F. iii. 119.
- GLEDE**, *n. SAX.* A burning coal. 3379. **GLEBES**, *pl.* 3881. Sparks of fire.
- GLEIRE**, *n. FR.* The white of an egg. 16274.
- GLENT**, *pa. t.* Glanced. T. iv. 1223.
- GLEVE**, *n. FR.* *Glaive.* A lance. C. L. 544.
- GLIMsing**, *n.* Glimmering. 10257.
- GLITEREN**, *pr. t. pl. of GLITER*, *v. SAX.* 979.
- GLODE**, *pa. t. of GLIDE*, *v. SAX.* 10707. 13832.  
*She glode forth, as an adder doth. Conf. Am.* 105.

**GLOMBE, v. SAX.** To look gloomy. R. 4356.

**GLOSE, n. FR.** A comment or interpretation. 7374.

**GLOSE, v.** To comment, or interpret. 5609, 5701.

—To speak tenderly. 10225.—To flatter. 6091.  
16983.

**GLOTON, n. FR.** A glutton. R. 4307.

**GLOWEDEN, pa. t. pl. of GLOW, v. SAX.** 2134.

**GNARRE, n. SAX.** A hard knot in a tree. 551.

**GNAT, n. SAX.** is put for any *little, worthless* thing.  
5929. 17204.

**GNIDING, part. pr. SAX.** Rubbing. 2506.

**GNOFFE, n.** 3188. “An old cuff; a miser.” Gloss.

*Ur.* I know not upon what authority.

**GNOWE, pa. t. of GNAWE, v. SAX.** 14758.

**Go, v. SAX.** means sometimes *To walk*, in contradistinction to *riding*. 1353. 2254.

**Go (Gon), part. pa.** T. II. 795.

**GOBBET, n. FR.** A morsel; a bit. 698.

**GOD, n. SAX.** *God toforne.* R. 7294. T. I. 1060.

God going before. *Deo favente.*—*Goddes armes two.* 6415. 12588. *Goddes bones.* 12629. 12906.

Vulgar oaths.—*A Goddes kichel.* 7329. See the note. *A' Goddes half.* 5632. See HALFE.

**GODE, GOOD, n. SAX.** Wealth; goods. 7534, 5.

**GODE-LES, adj.** Without money or goods. 13220.

**GODELYHEDE, n. SAX.** Goodness. R. 4604. T. III.  
1736.

**GODENESS, n. SAX.** *At godeness.* R. 1453. At advantage. And so we should read in R. 3462.

where the Editt. have *At gode mes*. The Orig. has *en bon point*.

**GODSIB**, *n.* SAX. A gossip; a godfather. P. 107.

**GOFISH**, *adj.* Foolish. T. III. 585. from the Fr. *Goffe*; Dull, stupid.

**GOLD**, *n.* A flower, commonly called *A Turnsol*.

1931. Gower says, that Leucothea was changed  
*Into a floure was named GOLDE,*  
*Which stont governed of the sonne.*

Conf. Am. 121 b.

**GOLD-HEWEN**, *adj.* SAX. Of a golden hue, or colour. 2502.

**GOLDSMITHRIE**, *n.* SAX. Goldsmith's work. 2500.

**GOLET**, *n.* FR. The throat, or gullet. R. 7096.

**GOLIARDEIS**. See the *n.* on ver. 562.

**GOMME**, *n.* FR. Gum. L. W. 121.

**GON**, *inf. m.* SAX. To go. 2512. *So mote I gon.* 3116. 11089. So may I fare well. *So mote I ride or go.* 7524. So may I fare well, riding or walking, i. e. in all my proceedings. See Go.

**GON**, *pr. t. pl.* 771. 2604. 2965.

**GON**, *part. pa.* Gone. 4437. 5137.

**GONFANON**, *n.* FR. A banner, or standard. R. 1201. 2018.

**GONG**, *n.* SAX. A little-house; a jakes. P. 103.

**GONNE**, *n.* A gun. L. W. 637. F. III. 553.

**GONNEN**, **GONNE**, *pa. t. pl.* of **GINNE**. 11230. 15985.

**GORE**, *n.* See the *n.* on ver. 3237, since which it

has been suggested to me by a learned person, whom I have not the honour to know, that *Gore* is a common name for a *slip* of cloth or linen, which is inserted in order to widen a garment in any particular place. **GOOR OF A CLOTH.** *La-cinia.* Prompt. Parv. See also the Glossary to Kennet's Paroch. Antiq. in v. *Gore*. This sense will suit very well with the context of ver. 3237, but hardly, I think, with that of ver. 13719; unless we suppose, that *gore* is there put for *shirt*, because *shirts* have usually *gores* in them. The expression would certainly be very awkward, and unlike Chaucer's general manner, but in this place, the *Rime of Sire Topas*, he may be supposed to have taken it purposely from one of those old Romances, which are the objects of his ridicule. See the n. on ver. 13845.

**GOSE for GOES.** C. D. 1286. Goeth.

**GOSPELLERE, n. SAX.** Evangelist. R. 6887.

**GOS SOMER, n.** A thin cobweb-like substance which flies about in the air. 10573.

**GOST, n. SAX.** Spirit; mind. 5679.

**GOTH, imp. m. 2 pers. pl.** Go ye. 2560. 14200.

**GOVERNAILLE, n. FR.** Government, steerage. 9068.

**GOUNE-CLOTH.** 7829. 7834. Cloth enough to make a gown.

**GOURD, n.** A vessel to carry liquor; perhaps so called from its shape. 17031, 40.

**GOWER**, *pr. n.* T. v. 1855. An eminent English poet, to whom Chaucer directs his *Troilus and Creseide*. Some circumstances relating to him are touched upon in the *Essay*, &c. n. 55. the *Discourse*, &c. § xiv. xv. n. 15, 16. and in the Notes, Vol. iv. 302.

**GRACE**, *n. Fr.* Favour. 3071. *Sory grace*. 6328. *Harde grace*. 16133. Misfortune. T. i. 713.

So full of sorowe am I, sothe to sayne,  
That certainly no more *harde grace*  
May sit on me, for why? there is no space.

So Hercules. *ap. Euripid.* H<sub>p</sub>. M. 1250.

Γεμω κακων δη, κ' οκετ' εσθ' δπη τεθρ.

The criticism of Longinus, Sect. xL is perhaps equally applicable to both passages.

*With harde grace*. 7810. is to be understood as spoken, in a parenthesis, of the Cherl; *Misfortune attend him!* See *WITH*. *Save your grace*. M. 91. *With your favour*. *Sauve votre grace*.

**GRACIOUS**, *adj. Fr.* Agreeable. 3693. Graceful. 8489.

**GRAME**, *n. Sax.* Grief. 16871. Anger. T. iii. 1030.

*Felle it to gode or GRAME*. P. L. 327.

**GRAMMERE**, *n. Fr.* Grammar. 13466.

**GRAND MERCIE**, *Fr.* Great thanks. 8964.

**GRANE**, *n. Fr.* A grain, a single seed. T. ii. 1028.

**GRANGE**, *n. Fr.* A Farm-house. 3668.

**GRAPINEL**, *n.* FR. A grappling-iron. L. W. 640.

**GRATCHÉ**, R. 7368. "is perhaps the same with *Graithe*, if not mistaken for it." Gloss. *Ur.* See **GREITHE**. The Orig. has—*s'aourne comme beguyne*.

**GRAUNSON**, *pr. n.* C. M. V, ver. ult. See *An account of the works of Chaucer, &c.* Vol. i. p. xli.

**GRAVE**, *v.* SAX. To carve, to engrave. T. II. 47.  
T. III. 1468.

**GRAVE** (*Graven*), *part. pa.* Buried. 6647. 11288.

**GRE**, *n.* FR. Pleasure, satisfaction, from *Gratus*, LAT. *To receive in gre.* 4679. 9027. To take kindly. *The gre.* 2735. The prize. See the note.—From *Gradus*, LAT. it signifies *A step*, or *degree*. 9249.

**GREDE**, *n.* SAX. A greedy person. R. 6002.

**GREDE**, *v.* BARB. LAT. To cry. C. N. 135.

**GREIN**, *n.* FR. *Grein de Paris.* R. 1369. *de Paradis.* Orig. Grains of Paradise; a sort of spice. The same are meant in ver. 3690.—*Grain of Portingale.* 15465. A sort of scarlet-dye, called *Kermes*, or *Vermillion*.

**GREITHE**, *v.* SAX. To prepare, make ready. 4307.  
14512.

**GRENEHED**, *n.* SAX. Childishness. 4583.

**GRESE**, *n.* FR. Grease. 135. 6069.

**GRETE** for **GREDE**, *v.* R. 4116.

**GRETTE**, *pa. t. of GRETE*, *v.* SAX. Greeted, saluted. 5471. 8828.

- GREVES, n. pl. SAX.** Groves. 1497. R. 3019.
- GRILLE, adj.** R. 73. f. Horrible. **GRYMM. GRYL AND HORRYBLE.** *Horridus.* Prompt. Parv.
- GRINT for GRINDETH.** 5971.
- GRINTE, pa. t. of GRIND, v. SAX.** Ground. *Grint with his teeth.* 7743. Gnashed with h. t.
- GRINTING, n.** Grinding, gnashing. P. 18.
- GRIS, n. FR.** A species of Fur. See the n. on Ver. 194.
- GRISLY, adj. SAX.** Dreadful. 1973. 6318.
- GROCHE, v. SAX.** To grutch, to murmur. 3861. 6025.
- GROFF, adj. SAX.** Flat on the ground. 951. 13605. R. 2561.
- GROINE, n. FR.** The snout of a swine. P. 12.—A hanging lip. T. I. 350.
- GROINE, v.** To hang the lip, in discontent. R. 7099.
- GRONE, v. FR.** To groan. To grunt. 7411.
- GRONT, pa. t.** 14627. Groaned.
- GROPE, v. SAX.** To search; to examine by feeling. 7399. 7723.
- GROT, n.** A coin, worth four-pence. 6874. 7546.
- GROUNDEN, part. pa. of GRIND.** 16243.
- GROYNING, n.** 2462. Discontent. See GROINE.
- GUERDON, n. FR.** Reward; Recompense. 7460. 8759.
- GUERDON, v.** To reward. P. 26.
- GUERDONLES, adj.** Without reward. B. K. 400.

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**GUIDO, pr. n. L. W. 1462. GUIDO DE COLUMPNIS.**

F. III. 381. *Guido dalle Colonne*, of Messina in Sicily, a lawyer and poet, died about 1290. Quadrio, Vol. ii. p. 160. His *History of the Trojan war*, to which our author refers, was written in Latin, and finished in 1287. See the note on ver. 15147. I have there intimated my suspicion, that he translated it, for the most part, from a French Romance of *Benoit de Sainte More*. However that may have been, Guido's work is certainly the original, from which the later writers of the middle ages have generally taken their accounts of Trojan affairs. It was translated into Italian in 1324 by *Filippo Ceffi*, a Florentine. Quadrio, Vol. vi. p. 475. A French translation is also extant, in which it is said to be *translatée en François premierement du commandement du Maire de la cité de Beauvais, en nom et en honneur de Karles le roy de France*, l'an mil ccc. quatre vingt. Ms. Reg. 16 F. ix. This is probably the French translation mentioned by Lydgate in the Prologue to his *Boke of Troye*, which is a mere paraphrase *in verse* of Guido's history, with some digressions and additions of his own. Lydgate's work was finished, as he tells us himself at the end, in 1420.

## H.

- HABERGEON**, *n.* Fr. A diminutive of *Hauberg*, a coat of mail. 76. 13790.
- HABILITEE**, *n.* Fr. Ability. C. L. 1044.
- HABITACLES**, *n. pl.* Fr. Places of habitation. F. III. 104.
- HABITE**, *v.* Fr. To dwell. R. 680.
- HABUNDANT**, *part. pr.* Fr. Abundant. 7935.
- HACKENAIE**, *n.* Fr. An ambling horse, or pad. R. 1137.
- HACKING**, *n.* Fr. Cutting in pieces. F. III. 213.
- HADDEN**, *pa. t. pl.* of HAVE. 375. 762.
- HAE**, *pa. t.* of HEVE. *v.* SAX. Heaved, raised. 2430.
- HAIE, HAY**, *n.* Fr. A hedge. R. 54. 3007.
- HAILE**, *n.* SAX. Health, welfare. 4087.
- HAILES**, *pr. n.* of an Abbey in Gloucestershire. See the *n.* on ver. 12587.
- HAIRE**, *n.* Fr. A hair-cloth. 15601. R. 438.
- HAKENEY**, *n.* Fr. 16027. as HACKENAIE.
- HAKETON**, *n.* Fr. A short cassock, without sleeves. 13789.
- HALDEN** for HOLDEN, *part. pa.* of HOLD. 4206.
- HALFE**, *n.* SAX. A side; A part. *A' Goddes half.* 5632. Du. 370. On God's part; with God's favour. *A' this halfe God.* T. L. I. 325. b. On this side of God. *Four halves.* 3481. Four sides.

**HALI**, *pr. n.* 433. An Arabian Physician. Fabric.

*Bibl. Gr.* t. xiii. p. 17.

**HALKE**, *n.* SAX. A corner. 11433. 15779.

**HALPE**, *pa. t. of HELP.* *v.* SAX. 14052. R. 1911.

**HALS**, *n.* SAX. The neck. 4493.

**HALSE**, *v.* SAX. See the *n.* on ver. 13575.

**HALT**, *pa. t. of HOLD*, *v.* SAX. Held, or kept. 5141.

**HALT** for **HOLT**, i. e. Holdeth. Du. 621.

**HALTE**, *v.* FR. To go lamely. Du. 622.

**HAME** for **HOME**, *n.* SAX. 4030.

**HAMELE**, *v.* SAX. To hamstring; to cut off. T. II. 964.

**HAMERS**, *n. pl.* SAX. Hammers. Du. 1164.

**HAN**, *inf. m. of HAVE*, *v.* SAX. 754. 1048. 2109.

**HAN**, *pr. t. pl.* 931. 1022. 7581.

**HANSELINES**, P. 44. appears from the context to mean *a sort of breeches*.

**HAPPE**, *n.* SAX. Chance. 13168. Bo. v. pr. I.

**HAPPE**, *v.* To happen. 587. 6467.

**HARD**, *adj.* SAX. Hard. *Harde grace.* 7810. 16133. Misfortune. See **GRACE**. It is used adverbially. 9879. 13133.

**HARDE**, *v.* SAX. To make hard. 10559.

**HARDELY** (*Hardily*), *adv.* FR. Boldly. 10147. *adv.* SAX. Certainly. 7867. 7901. 9186. T. v. 673.

**HARDING**, *n.* SAX. Hardening. 10557.

**HARIE**, *v.* FR. To hurry. To harie and drawe. P. 13.

- HARIED**, *part. pa.* Hurried. 2728. *Ils seroient hâriez en grand manere.* Froissart, v. i. c. 225.
- HARLOT**, *n.* See the *n.* on ver. 649.
- HARLOTRIES**, *n. pl.* Ribaldries. 563.
- HARNEIS**, *n. Fr.* Armour. 1615. Furniture. 5718.
- HARNEISE**, *v. Fr.* To dress. R. 2648.
- HAROW**, *interj. Fr.* See the *n.* on ver. 3286.
- HARPOUR**, *n. Fr.* A harper. T. II. 1030. In the Act of Resumption, 28 H. VI. there is a proviso in favour of John Turges, *Harpour with the Queen*, for the reversion of an annuity of 10 Marks, after the death of William Langton, Minstrell.
- HARWED**, *p. t. of HARWE, v. SAX.* See the *n.* on ver. 3512.
- HASARDOUR**, *n. Fr.* A Player at Hazard; A gamester. 12530.
- HASARDRIE**, *n. Fr.* Gaming, in general. 12524.
- HASELWODE**. T. III. 892. V. 585. 1174. All these passages plainly allude to the same proverbial saying, which appears to have been used in scorn or derision of any improbable hope or expectation. Why it was so used, is beyond my reach to discover. It may be proper however to mention that in T. III. 892. Ms. Harl. 3943. reads—*Haselwode is shaken*;—and that the passage. T. V. 1174. is an imitation of the following in the *Filostrato*. See *Essay, &c.* n. 62.

Ma Pandero seco tacitamente  
Ride di cio che Troylo dicea—

*Chel si fusse sembiante facea  
Di crederlo, e dicia, di mungibelo  
Aspetta il vento questo tapinello.*

**HASTIF**, *adj.* Fr. Hasty. 3545.

**HASTIFLY**, *adv.* Hastily. 13546.

**HATE**, *v.* SAX. To be named. R. 38.

**HAUBERK**, *n.* FR. A coat of mail. 13792.

**HAUNCE**, *v.* FR. To raise, to enhance. B. K. 431.

**HAUNT**, *n.* FR. Custom, practice. 449.

**HAUNTE**, *v.* FR. To practise. P. 89.

**HAUNTEDEN**, *pa. t. pl.* 12398. Practised, frequented.

**HAUTEIN**, *adj.* FR. Haughty. R. 3739.—Loud.

12264.—A *hautein faucon*. L. W. 1118. A high-flying hawk; *Faucon haultain*. FR.

**HAVEN**, *inf. m.* of HAVE, *v.* SAX. Bo. iv. pr. 2.

It is more commonly abbreviated into **HAN**.

**HAVOIR** for **AVOIR**, *n.* FR. Wealth. R. 4720.

**Hawe**, *n.* SAX. A hawthorn-berry. 6241. T. III.

856.—A farm-yard. 12789.—A church-yard. P. 92.

**HAWEBAKE**. 4515. See the note.

**He**, *pron.* SAX. is often prefixed in all its cases to proper names *emphatically*, according to the Saxon usage. *He Moises*. 10564. *He Tityus*. T. I. 787. See the n. on ver. 9594.—**He** is also frequently used for **IT** in all cases. 7550. 7838. 9737. See the n. on ver. 9594.

**HED**, *n.* SAX. Head. *On his hed*. 1346. On pain of losing his head. See the note.

- HEDDE for HIDDE (Hidden.) L. W. 208.
- HEGGES, *n. pl.* SAX. Hedges. 15224.
- HEISUGGE. A. F. 612. *Currucā*, a little bird, which is supposed to hatch the Cuckow's egg, and to be destroyed by the young Cuckows. Sp.
- HELE, *v.* SAX. Helan. To hide. 6531. R. 6882.
- HELE, *v.* SAX. Hælan. To heal, to help. 1250. 10955.
- HELE, *n.* SAX. Health. 3104. 4237.
- HELELES, *adj.* Helpless. T. v. 1592.
- HELISE, *pr. n.* Elysium. C. L. 119.
- HELMED, *part. pa.* FR. Armed with a helmet. 14376. T. ii. 593.
- HELOWIS, *pr. n.* 6259. Eloisa, the mistress of Abelard. See a summary of their history in *Rom. de la Rose*, ver. 9172—9247.
- HEM, *obl. c. pl.* of HE. Them. See HIM; and Essay, &c. n. 28.
- HEMSELF, HEMSELVE, HEMSELVEN. See SELF.
- HENCHMEN, *n. pl.* Pages. F. L. 252. See a note on the *Midsummer Night's Dream* of Shakespeare. Act. II. Sc. 2. Edit. Johnson and Steevens, 1773.
- HENDE, HENDY, *adj.* SAX. Civil, courteous. 6868. 3199.
- HENEN. 4031. HENNE. 2358. 3887. HENNES. R. 4922. HENS. 12621. *adv.* SAX. Hence.
- HENG, *pa. t.* and *part.* of HANG, *v.* SAX. 360. 678. 9757.
- HENNESFORTH, *adv.* SAX. Henceforth. 10972.

HENTE, *v.* SAX. To take hold of; to catch. 906.

7082.

HENT, *pa. t.* and *part.* 700. 6899. 1583.

HEPE, *n.* SAX. A heap. *To hepe.* T. III. 1770.

Bo. IV. pr. 6. Together; in a heap.—The fruit  
of the Dog-rose. 13677.

HERAUD, *n.* FR. A herald. 2535.

HERBERGAGE, *n.* FR. Lodging. 4327.

HERBERGEOURS, *n. pl.* FR. Providers of lodgings;  
Harbingers. 5417.

HERBERWE, *n.* SAX. An inn; a lodging. 767.

4143.—The place of the Sun. 11347. In ver. 405.  
(see the note) it rather means, I think, *A harbour.*

—HERBER. T. II. 1705. F. L. 49. An arbour.

HERBERWE, *v.* SAX. To lodge. R. 6145.

HERD, HIERDE, *n.* SAX. A keeper. 605. 15660.

—HERDEGROMES. F. III. 135. Shepherd-boys.

HERDES, *n. pl.* Coarse flax. *Herde,* fibra lini.

Kilian. R. 1233.

*That not of hempe ne heerdis was.*

So this ver. is written in Ms. Hunter. The Orig.  
has only—*elle ne fut de bourras.*

HERE for HIRE, *pron.* 2059. 3691. 4880. and in  
other places, *for the sake of the rime.*

HERE, *adv.* SAX. In this place.

HERE, in composition, signifies this, without includ-  
ing any idea of *place.* *Hereagaines.* 3041. Against  
this. *Herebeforn.* 1586. Before this.

HERE, *v.* SAX. To hear. 2347.

- HERD, HERDE, *pa. t.* and *part.* 221. 955. 1597.  
HERDEN, *pa. t. pl.* 15382.
- HERE, *n.* SAX. Hair. 677.
- HEREN, *adj.* Made of hair. 12670.
- HERKING, *part. pr.* of HERKE, *v.* SAX. Harkening. 10392.
- HERMES, *pr. n.* 16902. A chemical treatise *under his name* is extant in the *Theat. Chemic.* t. iv. See Fabric. *Bibl. Gr.* L. i. c. 10. HERMES BALLENUS. F. III. 183. Whether a different person from him just mentioned, I cannot tell.
- HERNE, *n.* SAX. A corner. 11433. 16126.
- HERONERE, *n.* FR. A hawk made to fly only at the heron. T. iv. 413. L. W. 1118.
- HERONSEWES, *n. pl.* FR. Young herons. 10382. See the note.
- HERTE for HURT, *v.* SAX. Du. 883.
- HERTE, *n.* SAX. Heart. *Herte-blood.* 6300. 12836. Heart's blood. *Herte-spone.* See the *n.* on ver. 2608.
- HERTELES, *adj.* Without courage. 14914.
- HERTLY, *adj.* Hearty. 10319.
- HERY, *v.* SAX. To praise. 8492. 13548.
- HERYING, *n.* Praise. 13389.
- HESTE, *n.* SAX. Command. 12574.—Promise. R. 4475, 7.
- HET, HETTE, *pa. t.* of HETE, *v.* SAX. Heated. A. F. 145.
- HETE, *v.* SAX. To promise. 2400. 4754. To be called. Du. 200. See HIGHTE.

HETHENESSE, *n.* SAX. Country of Heathens, 49.

5532.

HETHING, *n.* SAX. Contempt. 4108. *All is thy Hething fallen upon thee.* P. L. 273.

HEVE, *v.* SAX. To heave, to raise. 552.—*v. neut.* To labour. T. II. 1289.

HEVED, *n.* SAX. Head. F. II. 42. *Every virtue in my heved.* So I apprehend this line should be read, instead of *in me heved.*

HEVEN-QUENE, *n.* SAX. The queen of heaven; the Virgin Mary. 16557.

HEW OF LINCOLN, *pr. n.* 13614. See Discourse, &c. § XXXII.

HEWE, *v.* SAX. To cut. 1424.

HEWE, *v. neut.* C. L. 980. T. L. I. 325. b. *He that heweth to hie, with chippes he may lese his sight.* So *Conf. Am.* 18. b.

*Full ofte he heweth up so hye,  
That chyppes fallen in his eye.*

HEWE, *n.* SAX. Colour; appearance. 10901. T. II. 21.

HEWED, *part. pa.* Coloured. 11557.

HEXT, *adj. superl.* SAX. Highest. C. D. 345. *Hegh, Heghest, Heghst, Hext.* In the same manner *Next* is formed from *Negh.*

HIDOUS, *adj.* FR. Dreadful. 3520.

HIDOUSLY, *adv.* Terribly. 1703.

HIE, *v.* SAX. To hasten. 10605. C. D. 1550.

HIE, *n.* Haste, diligence. *In, or On hie.* 2981. 4629. T. IV. 1385. In haste.

HIE, HIGHE, *adj.* SAX. High. *In high and low.* 819. 5413. See the n. on ver. 819.

HIERDESSE, *n.* SAX. A shepherdess. T. i. 654. See HERDE.

HIGHEN, F. III. 1062. is perhaps miswritten for *Highe*.

HIGHT, *n.* SAX. Highth. 1892. *On hight.* 1786. seems to signify—aloud; in a high voice. *En haut.* FR.

HIGHTE, *v.* SAX. See the n. on ver. 1016.

HIM, *obl. c.* of HE, is often used alone in that *reciprocal* sense, which is generally expressed by the addition of the adj. *Self.* 3052. *Than hath he don his frend, ne him, no shame,* i. e. nor himself. *As he him laid.* 1380. *And clad him.* 1411. *And bare him.* 1449.

It is also frequently put without the usual preposition. *Him to grete shame.* 17209. To great shame of him. *She falleth him to fete.* 5524. *She falleth at the feet of him.* *She swore him.* 6543. *She swore to him.* *Hem* and *Hire* are used in the same manner.

HIMSELF, HIMSELVE, HIMSELVEN. See SELF.

HINDEREST, *superl. d.* of HIND, *adv.* SAX. Hindmost. 624.

HINE, *n.* SAX. A servant in husbandry; a hind. 605.

HINE, *n.* Bal. Vil. 35. should probably be *Hiene*. The *gall of an hyena* was used to cure a cer-

tain disorder of the eye. Plin. N. H. l. 29.  
c. 38.

**HIPPOCRAS**, *pr. n.* Hippocrates. 433. See the note.  
**HIR**, *pron. poss. SAX.* Their. See *Essay, &c.*  
p. cliii. note.

**HIRE**, *obl. c. of SHE. pron. SAX.* is often put for  
*Herself*. 139. 4869. and without the usual prepo-  
sition. 11057. See **HIM**.

**HIRE**, *pron. poss. SAX.* Her. See *Essay, &c.* p. cliii.  
note.

**HIRESELF**, **HIRESELVE**, **HIRESELVEN**. See **SELF**.  
**HIRS**, *pron. poss. SAX.* Theirs. 7508. See the  
*Essay, &c.* n. 29.

**HISTORIAL**, *adj. FR.* Historical. 12090.

**Ho**, *interj. FR.* commanding a cessation of any ac-  
tion. See the *n.* on ver. 2535. and I believe *o* in  
that verse is put for **Ho**, and not for *Oyez*. See  
the C. L. ver. 270.

**HOCHEPOT**, *n. FR.* A mixture of various things  
*shaken* together in the same pot. M. 108. *Huts-*  
*pot.* **BELG.**

**HOKER**, *n. SAX.* Frowardness. 5717.

**HOKERLY**, *adv.* Frowardly. P. 64.

**HOLD**, *n. SAX.* A fort, or castle. 4927.

**HOLD**, *v. SAX.* To keep. *To hold in honde.* T. v.  
1370. To keep in suspense. T. v. 1614. 1679.  
To amuse in order to deceive.

**HOLD**, **HOLDEN**, *part. pa.* Obliged. 5717. T. III.  
1265.

**HOLE, Hol,** *adj. SAX.* Entire; whole; sound. 6952. 7615.

**HOLLY,** *adv.* Entirely; wholly. 5793.

**HOLOUR,** *n. SAX.* A whoremonger. 5836. P. 100.

**HOLT,** *n. SAX.* A grove, or forest. 6. T. III. 352.

**HOLT** for **HOLDETH.** 9224. 9386.

**HOMLY,** *adj. SAX.* Domestick. 9666.—Plain, simple. 7425.

**HOMLINESSE,** *n. SAX.* Domestick management. 8305.—Familiarity. M. 139.

**HONDE,** *n. SAX.* A hand. *An honde-brede.* 3809.

An hand's breadth. *Withouten honde.* T. III. 188.

Without being pulled by any hand.—**HONDEN,** *pl. R.* 6665.

**HONEST,** *adj. FR.* means generally, *according to the French usage,* Creditable, honourable. 246. 13491.

Becoming a person of rank. 8302. 9902.

**HONESTETEE,** **HONESTEE,** *n. FR.* Virtue. 8298.

—Decency. 14630.—Good manners. 6849.

**HONG,** *v. SAX.* To hang. 12724.

**HONT,** *n. SAX.* Du. 385. as **HUNT.**

**HONY-SWETE,** *adj. SAX.* Sweet as honey. 9270.

**HOPE,** *v. SAX.* To expect. 4027. See the note.

**HOPPESTERES,** *n. pl. SAX.* Dancers. 2019. See the note.

**HORD,** *n. SAX.* Treasure. 13014.—A private place, fit for the keeping of treasure. P. 95.

**HORE, Hoob,** *adj. SAX.* Hoary, grey. 7764. 9335.

**HOROWE,** *adj. SAX.* Foul. C. M. 52.

**HORRIBLETE, n. Fr.** Horribleness. R. 7285.

**HORS, n. pl. SAX.** Horses. 5867. 7141. 13563.

**HORSE, adj. SAX.** Hoarse. Du. 347.

**HORSLY, adj.** 10508. is applied to a horse, as *manly* is to a man.

**HOSPITALERS, n. pl. LAT.** Religious persons, of both sexes, who attended the sick in hospitals. P. 104.—Knights Hospitalers, of different orders. R. 6693. See Du Cange, in v. *Hospitalarius*.

**HOST, n. Fr.** An army. 14486.

**HOSTELERE, n. Fr.** An inn-keeper. 4358. 15035.

**HOSTELRIE, n. Fr.** An inn, or lodging-house. 23.

**HOSTILEMENTS, n. pl.** Household furniture. Bo. II. pr. 5.

**HOTE, adj. SAX.** Hot. 7018.

**HOTE, HOTEN, part. pa. of HETE.** Called. 3939.

**HOUND-FISH. n. SAX.** The dog-fish. 9699.

**HOVE, v. SAX.** To hover. T. III. 1433. T. V. 33.

**HOUNE, n. for HOUND.** T. IV. 210. *Thus said both here and hounē*, i. e. hare and hound; all sorts of people.

**HOUPED, pa. t. Fr.** Hooped, or hollowed. 15406.

**HOUSEL, n. SAX.** The Eucharist. R. 6386.

**HOUSEL, v.** To administer the sacrament. R. 6437.

—*To ben houseled.* To receive the sacrament. P. 123.

**HOWVE, n. SAX.** A cap, or hood. See the n. on ver. 3909.

**HULFERE, n. SAX.** Holly. B. K. 129.

- HULSTRED**, *part. pa. SAX.* Hidden. R. 6146.
- HUMBLEHEDE**, *n. SAX.* Humble state. 14590.
- HUMBLESSE**, *n. FR.* Humility. 4585.
- HUMBLING**, *n.* A humming. F. II. 531. *Homme-len*; Bombilari, bombum edere. Kilian. Hence our *Humble-bee*.
- HUNT**, *n. SAX.* A huntsman. 1680. 2020.
- HURTLE**, *v. FR.* To push. 2618. 4717.
- HUSBANDRIE**, *n. SAX.* Thrift, economical management. 4075.
- HUSBOND-MAN**, *n. SAX.* The master of the family. 7350.
- HUST**, *adj. SAX.* Silent, whist. Bo. II. m. 5.
- HYLDE**, *v. SAX.* To pour. Bo. II. m. 2.
- HYLLED**, *part. pa. SAX.* Hidden. 15061. See *HELE*.

## I.

I, at the beginning of a word, in the common Editt. and even the MSS. of Chaucer, is often used to express a corruption of the Saxon prepositive particle *Læ*; which in this Edit. of the Canterbury Tales, as has been said before in the Essay, &c. p. clii.) is always expressed by *y*. All such words therefore, occurring in the works of Chaucer not contained in this Edition, should be looked for either under *v*, or under their second letters.

**JACKE OF DOVER.** 4345. See the note.

**JACKE FOOL.** 3708. See the n. on ver. 14816.

JACOBIN, *pr. n.* A grey-friar. R. 6338.

JAKKE STRAW, *pr. n.* 15400. The *noise* made by the followers of this rebel, to which our author alludes, he had probably heard himself. It is called by Walsingham, p. 251. *clamor horrendissimus, non similis clamoribus quos edere solent homines, sed qui ultra omnem aestimationem superaret omnes clamores humanos, et maxime posset assimulari ululatibus infernalium incolarum.* Many Flemings (*Flandrenses*) were beheaded by the rebels *cum clamore consueto.* Walsingham, *ibid.*

JAMBEUX, *n. pl. Fr.* Boots; armour for the legs. 13804.

JANE, *n.* A coin of (*Janua*) Genoa. It is put for any small coin. 8875. 13665.

JANGLE, *v. Fr.* To prate; to talk much, or fast. 10534.

JANGLE, *n.* Prate, babble. 6989.

JANGLER, JANGLOUR, *n.* A prater. 17292, 7.

JANGLERESSE, *n.* A female prater. 6220. 10181.

JAPE, *n. SAX.* A trick; a jest. 4341. 16780.

JAPE, *v.* To jest. 13623.—To cheat; to laugh at. 1731.

JAPER, *n.* A common jester, or buffoon. P. 73.

JAPERIE, *n.* Buffoonery. P. 73.

JAPE-WORTHY, *adj.* Ridiculous. Bo. v. pr. 3.

ICH, ICHE, *pron. SAX. I.* *So the ich.* 12881. *So the iche.* 16397. So may I prosper.

- IDEL, adj. SAX.** Idle; fruitless. *In idel.* 11179.  
P. 64. In vain.
- IDOLASTRE, n. FR.** An idolater. 10172.
- JEOPARD, v.** To hazard, to put in danger. T. iv.  
1566.
- JEOPARDIE, n.** Danger. T. ii. 465. T. v. 1529.
- JEOPERDISE.** Du. 666.
- JEREMIE, pr. n.** Jeremiah. 12569.
- JEROME, pr. n.** 6256. Our author has made much  
use of a treatise of St. Jerome, *contra Jovinianum*.  
See the n. on ver. 9172. and ver. 11679. and the  
Discourse, &c. n. 19.
- JESTES, n. pl.** T. v. 1510. F. iii. *passim*. as  
**GESTES.**
- JEWERIE, n. FR.** A district, inhabited by Jews.  
13419.
- JEWISE, n.** Judgment; punishment. 1741. 5215.  
It may have been formed by corruption either of  
the LAT. *Judicium*, or the FR. *Justice*. *Conf. Am.*  
157. b. 158.
- IK, pron. SAX.** I. 3862. 3865. See **ICH**.
- ILION, pr. n.** The citadel of Troy. 15362.
- ILKE, adj. SAX.** Same. 64. 3035.
- IMAGINATIF, adj. FR.** Suspicious. 11406.
- IMPED, part. pa. SAX.** Planted. R. 5137.
- IMPES, n. pl. SAX.** Shoots of trees. 13962. R.  
6293.
- IMPETREN, pr. t. pl. FR.** Obtain by prayer. Bo. v.  
pr. 3.

- 
- IMPORTABLE**, *adj.* FR. Intolerable. 14520. R. 6902.—Impossible. 9020.
- IMPORTUNE**, *adj.* FR. Troublesome. R. 5632.
- IMPOSSIBLE**, *adj.* FR. used as a substantive. 6270. T. III. 525.
- IN**, *prep.* SAX. Upon. 6350. 14500. 14545. *In with.* 9460. 9818. Within.
- INCOMBROUS**, *adj.* FR. Cumbersome. F. II. 354.
- INCONSTANCE**, *n.* FR. Inconstancy. 7540.
- INCUBUS**. 6462. See the *n.* on ver. 6441.
- INDE**, *adj.* FR. Azure-coloured. R. 67.
- INDIGNE**, *adj.* FR. Unworthy. 8235.
- INECHED**, *part. pa.* SAX. Inserted. T. III. 1335.
- INEQUAL**, *adj.* FR. Unequal. 2273.
- INFORTUNAT**, *adj.* LAT. Unfortunate. 4722.
- INFORTUNE**, *n.* FR. Misfortune. R. 5551.
- INGOT**, *n.* A mould for casting ingots. 16674. 16701. 16782.
- INHABIT**, *part. pa.* FR. Inhabited. C. D. 1400.
- INHILDE**, *v.* SAX. To pour in. T. III. 44. See **HYLDE**.
- INJURE**, *n.* FR. Injury. T. III. 1020.
- INLY**, *adv.* SAX. Inwardly, deeply, thoroughly. 6930. R. 397. T. III. 1612. F. I. 31.
- INNE**, *prep.* SAX. In. 14009.
- INNE**, **IN**, *n.* SAX. A house, habitation, lodging. 3547. 5517. 13379.
- INNED**, *part. pa.* SAX. Lodged. 2194.
- INNERESTE**, *adj. sup.* SAX. Inmost. Bo. IV. pr. 6.

- INNOCENT**, *adj.* Fr. Ignorant. 8150. 10840.
- INSELED**, *part. pa.* Fr. Attested under seal. C. D. 1014.
- INSET**, *part. pa.* SAX. Implanted. Bo. II. pr. 3.
- INTERMINABLE**, *adj.* Fr. Infinite. Bo. v. pr. 6.
- INWITTE**, *n.* SAX. Understanding. T. L. I. 320. b.
- JOCE**, *pr. n.* 6065. See the note.
- JOCONDE**, *adj.* Fr. Joyous, pleasant. 16064.
- JOGELOUR**, *n.* Fr. A juggler. 7049.
- JOINANT**, *part. pr.* Fr. Joining. 1062.
- JOINE**, *v.* Fr. To enjoin. R. 2355.
- JOLIE ROBIN**. The name of a dance. R. 7455.  
*De la danse le beau Robin.* Orig. 12864.—See T. v. 1174.
- JOLIF**, *adj.* Fr. Jolly, joyful. 3355. 4152.
- JOMBRE**, *v.* To jumble. T. II. 1037.
- JONGLERIE**, *n.* T. v. 755. should rather be *Janglerie*; Idle talk. See JANGLE.
- JORDANES**, *n. pl.* See the n. on ver. 12239.
- JOSSA**, *interj.* 4099. seems to be partly formed from the Fr. *ça !* Come hither!
- JOVIS**, *pr. n.* Jupiter. T. III. 15. F. I. 219. F. III. 917.
- OURNEE**, *n.* Fr. A day's journey. 2740. C. D. 1945.
- OURNEE**. A day's work. R. 579.
- JOUSTES**, *n. pl.* Fr. Justs. C. D. 1987.
- JOWELES**, *n. pl.* Fr. Jewels. R. 5420.
- JOYE**, *v.* Fr. To enjoy. R. 5028.
- IPOCRAS**, *n.* Fr. Wine mixed with spices and other

ingredients; so named, because it is strained through a woollen cloth, called *the sleeve of Hippocrates*. 9681. See CLARRE.

IRE, *n.* FR. Anger. 7416.

IROUS, *adj.* Passionate. 7596, 7, 8.

ISAUDE, *pr. n.* F. III. 707. See BELLE ISAUDE.  
She is called YSEUT by Bernard da Ventador.  
Ms. Crofts. fol. LXVII.

Tant trag pena d'amor,  
Q'anc *Tristan* l'amador  
Non sofret maior dolor  
Per *Yseut la blonda*.

And so in *Fabliaux*, &c. T. I. p. 242. *Yseut la blonde*. Petrarch calls her *Isotta*. Trionfo d'Amore. III. 82. A late French writer, in what he has been pleased to style "*Histoire litteraire des Troubadours*," (T. II. p. 323.) having quoted a passage celebrating the love of "*Tristan à Isault*," adds very coolly—*C'est une allusion à quelque Roman*; which is just as if a commentator upon Ovid should say of the epistle from *Paris* to *Helen*, that it *alludes to some Greek story*.

IT, *pron. 3 pers. neut. gend.* SAX. is used instead of *He* and *She*. 3764. 5529. 13144.

ITAILLE, *pr. n.* Italy. 8142.

JUBALTARE, *pr. n.* Gibraltar. 5367.

JUBBE, *n.* A vessel for holding ale or wine. 3628. 13000.

JUDICUM. 14052. The book of Judges. So *Meta-*

- morphoseos* is put for the Metamorphosis of Ovid. 4513. and *Eneidos* for the *Aeneis* of Virgil. 15365.
- JUGE, *n.* Fr. A judge. 12057. 12190.
- JUIL, *pr. n.* The month of July. 10007.
- JULIAN, *pr. n.* See the *n.* on ver. 341.
- JUPARDIE, *n.* R. 2666. as JEOPARDIE.
- JUPARTIE, *n. Fr.* Jeopardie. See the *n.* on ver. 16211.
- JUSTICE, *n. Fr.* A Judge. 15965.
- JUSTINIAN, *pr. n.* R. 6615. The law referred to is in the Code, L. xi. tit. 25. *De mendicantibus validis.*
- JUVENAL, *pr. n.* The Roman Satirist. 6774. T. iv. 197.

## K.

- KALENDER, *n. LAT.* A Calendar. 13136.—A guide, or director. L. W. 542.
- KALENDES, *n. pl. LAT.* The first day of the month; the beginning of any thing. T. ii. 7. T. v. 1633.
- KAYNARD. See the *n.* on ver. 5817.
- KELE, *v. SAX.* To cool. C. L. 775.
- KEMBED, KEMPED, *part. pa. SAX.* Combed. 2291. 2136.
- KEMELIN, *n. SAX.* A tub. 3548.
- KENELM, *pr. n.* 15116. See the note.
- KEPE, *n. SAX.* Care, attention. 4162. 8934.
- KEPE, *v.* To take care. 2240. 2962.
- KERCHEF, *n.* 6600. A corruption of COVERCHIEF.

**KERNELS**, *n. pl.* FR. Battlements. R. 4195.

**KERS**, *n. SAX.* Water-cresses. *Of paramours ne raught he not a kers.* 3754. He cared not a rush for love. CRESSE is used, in the same sense, in T. L. I. 320. and II. 332. b.

**KERVER**, *n. SAX.* A carver. 1901.

**KESSE**, *v. SAX.* To kiss. 8933. R. 2610.

**KESTE**, *pa. t.* Kissed. 10664.

**KETCHE**, *v.* T. III. 1381. as CACCHE.

**KEVERE**, *v. FR.* To cover. In T. I. 918. it signifies to recover.

**KICHEL**, *n. SAX.* A little cake. 7329. See the note.

**KID**, KIDDE, *pa. t.* and *part.* of KITHE. Made known, discovered. 9817. T. I. 208. R. 2172.

**KIKE**, *v. SAX.* To kick. 6523.

**KIN**, *n. SAX.* Kindred. *By my fader kin.* 9389. 16297. By my father's kindred.

**KIN**, *adj.* Of the same nature. 5557.

**KIND**, *n. SAX.* Nature. 17130. T. I. 238.

**KINDLY**, *adv.* Naturally. 5984.

**KINREDE**, *n.* Kindred. M. 116.

**KIRTEL**, *n. SAX.* A tunic, or waistcoat. 3321. 11884. In *kirtels* and non other wede. R. 778. *Qui estoient en pure cottes.* Orig. 775.

**KITHE**, *v. SAX.* To shew, to make known. 5056. 7191. *Ne kithe hire jalouzie.* 11060. Nor shew to her any jealousy.

**KITHED**, *part. pa.* 16522. See KID.

**KITTE**, *pa. t. SAX.* Cut. 6304.

**KNAKKES**, *n. pl. SAX.* Trifling tricks. 4049. The word seems to have been formed from the *knacking*, or *snapping*, of the fingers, used by jugglers. See Cotgrave in v. *Matassiner des mains*, and *Niquet*.—Trifling words. P. 73.

**KNAPPE**, *n.* A short sleep, a nap. R. 4005.

**KNARRY**, *adj. SAX.* Full of *gnarres*, or knots. 1979.

**KNAVE**, *n. SAX.* A servant; properly, a boy-servant. 2730. 13240.—*A knave-child*. 5135. 8320. A male child.—*This boie knave*. R. 3849. *Ce garçon*. Orig.

**KNEDDE**, *part. pa. of KNEDE, v. SAX.* Kneaded R. 4811.

**KNEEN**, **KNENE**, *n. pl. SAX.* Knees. C. D. 294. 436.

**KNET**, *part. pa.* R. 2092. as **KNIT**.

**KNIGHT**, *n. SAX.* A servant; generally, a servant in war; a soldier. M. 137. 15851.—A dubbed knight. See his **CHARACTER**. ver. 43—78.

**KNIGHTHODE**, *n.* Valour. 14560.

**KNIT**, *part. pa. SAX.* Joined, bound. 11298.—Agreed. 11542.

**KNOBBES**, *n. pl. SAX.* Excrencences, in the shape of buds, or buttons. 635. See **KNOPPE**.

**KNOPPE**, *n. SAX.* A button. R. 1080.—A rose-bud. R. 1702.

**KNOPPED**, *part. pa.* Buttoned, fastened. R. 7212.

**KNOTTE**, *n. SAX.* A knot. In ver. 10715. 10721.

it is used, in the sense of *Nœud*, Fr. for the chief point or head of a matter.

**KNOTTELES**, *adj.* SAX. Without a knot; without any thing to obstruct or retard the passage. T. v. 769.

**KNOWE** for **KNEE**. T. ii. 1202.

**KNOWLECHE**, *v.* SAX. To acknowledge. M. 143.

**KNOWLECHING**, *n.* Knowledge. 16900. R. 4676.

**KONNING**, *n.* F. iii. 966. as **CONNING**; Cunning.

**KYKE**, *v.* SAX. To look steadfastly. 3445. Kijcken.

TEUT. *Spectare*. Kilian.

## L.

**LABBE**, *n.* A blab, a great talker. 3509.

**LABBING**, *part. pr.* Blabbing. 10302.

**LACED**, *part. pa.* FR. Tied, bound. R. 3178.

**LACERT**, *n.* FR. "A fleshy muscle; so termed from its having a tail like a lizard." Cotg. 2755.

**LACHE**, *adj.* FR. Sluggish. Bo. iv. pr. 3.

**LACHESSE**, *n.* FR. Slackness, negligence. P. 81.

**LAD**, **LADDE**, *pa. t.* of **LEDE**, *v.* SAX. Led, carried. 7260. 13264.

**LAFT**, *pa. t.* and *part. of LEVE*, *v.* SAX. Left. 16351.

L. W. 168.

**LAIE**, *n.* T. i. 341. 1002. as **LAY**.

**LAIED**, *part. pa.* of **LAY**, *v.* SAX. With orfreys LAIED, i. e. trimmed. R. 1076. So this word is

frequently used by Hollinshed, vol. III. p. 1317.

LAID with gold lace.—LAID ON with red silke  
and gold lace.—LAID ABOUT with silver lace.

See COUCHED.

LAINE, *inf. v.* SAX. To lay. R. 184.

LAINERS, *n. pl.* FR. Straps, or thongs. 2506.

LAKE, *n.* 13787. It is difficult to say what sort of cloth is meant. *Laecken*, BELG. signifies both *linen* and *woollen cloth*. Kilian.

LAKKE, *n.* SAX. A fault, a disgraceful action. 10073.—Want. 10145.

LAKKE, *v.* To find fault; to blame. R. 284. 4804.

LAMBEN, *n. pl.* SAX. Lambs. R. 7063.

LANGURE, *v.* FR. To languish. 9741.

LAPIDAIRE. F. III. 262. A treatise on precious stones, so entitled; probably a French translation of the Latin poem of Marbodus *de gemmis*, which is frequently cited by the name of *Lapidarius*. Fabric. Bibl. Med. *Æt.* in *v.* MARBODUS.

LAPPE, *n.* SAX. A skirt, or lappet of a garment. 8461. 15480. T. III. 59. 743.

LARGE, *adj.* FR. Spacious; free. Prodigal. 13361. At large. 2290. At liberty. *Til that it was prime large.* 10674. Till prime was far spent.

LARGELY, *adv.* Fully. 1910.

LAS, *n.* FR. A lace. 394.—A snare. 1819. 1953.

LASSE, LAS, *adj. comp.* SAX. Less. 4407. 13047. R. 3045.

LATCHÉ, *n.* R. 1624. as LAS.

LATERED, *part. pa.* SAX. Delayed. P. 81.

LATHE, *n.* 4086. A barn. "It is still used in Lincolnshire." Sk. In F. III. 1050. where the Editt. have *rathe* and *fathe*, the MSS. give the true reading—*lathe*.

LATON, *n.* FR. A kind of mixed metal. 701. of the colour of brass. 11557.

LAUDE, *n.* LAT. Praise. 13385.

LAUDES. 3655. The service performed in the fourth, or last, watch of the night. *Dicuntur autem Laudes, quod illud officium laudem præcipue sonat divinam, &c.* Du Cange, in v. LAUS 2. The same service was often called *Matins*. Idem in v. MATUTINI.

LAVED, *part. pa.* FR. Drawn; spoken of water taken out of a well. Bo. III. m. 12.

LAVENDER, *n.* FR. A washerwoman, or laundress. L. W. 358. In the passage of DANTE, which is here quoted, *Envy* is called,

LA MERETRICE, *che mai dall' ospizio  
Di Cesare non torse gli occhi putti,  
Morte comune, e delle corte vizio.*

Inf. XIV. 64.

LAVEROCK, *n.* SAX. A lark. R. 662.

LAUNCEGAY, *n.* A sort of lance. See the *n.* on ver. 13682.

LAUNCELOT DU LAKE. 15218. An eminent knight of the round-table, whose adventures were the subject of a *Romance* begun by *Chrestien de Troyes*,

one of the oldest of the Romance-poets, and finished by *Godefrois de Leigni*. See Fauchet. L. II c. 10, 11. They have been repeatedly printed in French prose, and make a considerable part of the compilation called "*Mort d' Arthur*." His accomplishments, as a courtier and a man of gallantry, have been alluded to before, ver. 10601. Signor Volpi, in his notes upon Dante, *Inf.* v. 128. has most unaccountably represented *Lancillotto*, as *innamorato di Ginevra, moglie del Re MARCO*. If there be any faith in *history*, Ginevra was the wife of King ARTHUR. The story in Dante, which is the occasion of Signor Volpi's note, is a curious one. It is alluded to by Petrarch, *Trionfo d' Amore*. III. 82.

Vedi Ginevra, Isotta, e l' altre amanti,  
E la coppia d' Arimino.—

LAUNDE, *n.* FR. A plain not ploughed. 1693.

LAVOURES, *n. pl.* FR. Lavers. 5869.

LAUREAT, *adj.* LAT. Crowned with laurel. 7907.  
14614.

LAUREOLE, *n.* FR. Spurge-laurel. 14969.

LAURER, *n.* FR. Laurel. 9340.

LAUS, *adj.* SAX. Loose. 4062. *Laus.* Island. *Solutus*. This is the true original of that termination of adjectives, so frequent in our language, in *les* or *less*. Consuetud. de Beverley. Ms. Harl. 560. Hujus sacrilegii emenda non erat determinata, sed dicebatur ab Anglis *Botalaus*, i. e. *sine emen-*

*dd.* So Chaucer uses *Boteles*, and other words of the same form; as *Detteles*, *Drinkeles*, *Giltelles*, &c.

**LAWE**, *adj.* for Low. R. 5046.

**LAXATIF**, *n.* Fr. A purging medicine. 2758. 14949.

**LAY**, *n.* SAX. Law; religious profession. 4796. 10332.

**LAY**, *n.* FR. A species of poem. 9755. 11259. See the Discourse, &c. n. 24.

**LAY**, *pa. t.* of **LIE**, or **LIGGE**. 972. **LAYEN**. *pl.* 3210.

**LAZAR**, *n.* FR. A leper. 242.

**LECHE**, *n.* SAX. A physician. 3902. *Leche-craft*. 2747. The skill of a physician.

**LECHE**, *v.* To heal. C. D. 852.

**LECHEROUS**, *adj.* Provoking lechery. 12483.

**LECHOUR**, *n.* FR. A lecher. 6953.

**LECTORNE**, *n.* LAT. A reading-desk. C. L. 1383.

**LEDEN**, *n.* SAX. Language. 10749. See the note.

**LEDGE**, *v.* C. L. 1065. as **ALLEGGE**.

**LEES**, *n.* FR. A leash, by which dogs are held. P. 40.

**LEES**, *adj.* SAX. False. *Withouten lees*. R. 3904. Without lying; truly.

**LEFE**, *adj.* SAX. Pleasing, agreeable. *Al be him lothe or lefe*. 1839. Though it be unpleasing to him, or pleasing.—*For lefe ne lothe*. 13062. For friend nor enemy. *He turned not—for leve*

*ne for lothe.* P. L. 286.—It sometimes signifies, Pleased. *I n'am not LEFE to gabbe.* 3510. I am not pleased to prate; I take no pleasure in prating.

**LEFULL**, *adj.* Lawful. 5619. 9322.

**LEGGE**, *v.* SAX. To lay. 3935.

**LEGGE**, *v.* FR. To ease. R. 5016. as **ALEGE**.

**LEIE**, *v.* SAX. To lay. T. III. 72.

**LEISER**, *n.* FR. Leisure. 1190. 9708. Opportunity. 3292.

**LEITE**, *n.* SAX. Light. *Thonder-leite.* Bo. I. m. 4. Lightning.

**LEKE**, *n.* SAX. A leek. 3877. It is put for any thing of very small value. 16263. R. 4830.

**LEMES**, *n. pl.* SAX. Flames. 14936.

**LEMMAN**, *n.* SAX. A lover, or gallant. 4238. 5337. —A mistress. 14069.

**LENDES**, *n. pl.* SAX. The loins. 3237.

**LENE**, *adj.* SAX. Lean. 289. 9727.

**LENE**, *v.* SAX. To lend. 613. 3775.—To grant. 7226. 13613.

**LENGER**, *adv. comp.* SAX. Longer. 14437.

**LENTE**, *pa. t.* of **LENE**. 13284.

**LETON**, *n.* SAX. The season of Lent. P. 7.

**L'ENVOY**, FR. was a sort of postscript, *sent with* poetical compositions, and serving either to recommend them to the attention of some particular person, or to enforce what we call *the moral* of them. The six last Stanzas of the **CLERKES**

TALE are in many MSS. entitled, *L'envoy de Chaucer à les mariz de notre temps*. See also the Stanzas at the end of the *Complaint of the Black Knight*, and of *Chaucer's Dreme*.

LEON, *n.* LAT. A lion. 1600.

LEONINE, *adj.* Belonging to a lion. 14564.

LEOPART, LEPARD, *n.* FR. A leopard. 2188.  
14267.

LEOS, *n.* GR. People. 15571, 4.

LEPANDE, *part. pr.* of LEPE, *v.* SAX. Leaping.  
R. 1928.

LEPE, LEP, for LEPETH, *3 pers. sing.* 4226. 10285.

LEPE, LEP, for LEPED, *pa. t.* 2689. C. D. 2164.

LEPE, *pr. n.* A town in Spain. 12504.

LERE, LERNE, *v.* SAX. To learn. 10002. 13466.  
—To teach. 16312.

LERED, *pa. t.* and *part.* 577. 13449.

LERE, *n.* SAX. The skin. 13786. See the note.

LESE, *n.* FR. as LEES. *In lustie lese.* T. II. 752.  
In Love's leash.

LESE, *adj.* SAX. as LEES. R. 85093.

LESE, *v.* SAX. To lose. 11672, 4.

LESETH, *2 pers. pl. imp. m.* 4439. Lose ye.

LESING, *n.* SAX. A lie; a falsity. 15947. R. 4508.

LESINGES, *pl.* 12525.

LEST, LIST, LUST, *n.* SAX. Pleasure. 132. 192.  
6215. 11124.

LESTE, LISTE, LUSTE, *v.* To please. It is generally used, as an Impersonal, in the third person

only, for *It pleaseſeth*, or *It pleased*. *Him lufe to ride ſo.* 102. *It pleased him t. r. s.* *Wel to drinke us leſte.* 752. *It pleased us well t. d.* *If you leſt.* 830. *If it please you.* *Me liſt not play.* 3865. *It pleaseſeth me not to play.*

**LESTE**, *adj.* SAX. *superl. d.* Least. 2200. *At the leſte way.* 1123. *At the leſte.* 5432. At least. **LESTE** for **LAST**. T. II. 1330.

**LET**, *v.* SAX. To leave; to omit. 1319. To leave; to permit. 1325. *Let thy japes be.* 5824. *Let the ſompnour be.* 6871.—To cause. 2978. 5377.—To hinder. T. III. 726.

**LETE**, *pr. n.* The river Lethe. F. I. 71.

**LETGAME**, *n.* SAX. A hinderer of pleasure. T. III. 528.

**LETTÉ**, *n.* Delay, hinderance. 8176.

**LETTOWE**, *pr. n.* Lithuania. 54.

**LETTRED**, *adj.* FR. Learned. R. 7691.

**LETTRURE**, LETTERURE, *n.* FR. Literature. 14414. 16314.

**LETTUARIE**, *n.* FR. An electuary. 428. 9683.

**LEVE**, *v.* for **LIVE**. 7114.

**LEVE**, *n.* SAX. Desire, inclination. 13952.

**LEVE**, *adj.* Dear. 3132. See **LEFE**.

**LEVE**, *v.* SAX. To believe. 10079.

**LEVETH**, *imp. m. 2 pers. pl.* 3090. *Leveth me.*

Believe me. In R. 3519. *Leveth* is misprinted for *Leseth*.

He *leseth* more than *ye* may doe.

So this verse should be written.

*Plus y pert-il que vous ne faictes.* Orig.

In T. III. 56. *Leve* is misprinted for *Lene*; and also in T. II. 1212. and T. V. 1749.

**LEVELES, adj. SAX.** Without leave. C. D. 74.

**LEVEN, n. SAX.** Lightning. 5858.

**LEVER, comp. d. of LEFE.** More agreeable *It were me lever.* 10995. *I hadde lever.* 10037. *HIRE hadde lever.* 5447. See also ver. 16844. 16972.

**LEVESELL.** See the n. on ver. 4059. though I am by no means satisfied with the explanation there given of this word. The interpretation of it in the *Prompt. Parv.* will not help us much. "LEVECEL BEFORN A WYNDOWE OR OTHER PLACE. *Umbraculum.*" My conjecture with respect to the origin of the proverb, *Good wine needs no bush*, is certainly wrong. That refers to a very old practice of hanging up a bush, or bough, where wine is to be sold. The Italians have the same proverb, *Al buono vino non bisogna frasca*.

**LEWED, LEWDE, adj. SAX.** Ignorant; unlearned. 6928. 12370.—Lascivious. 10023.

**LEYE, v. SAX. as LEGGE.** To lay. R. 4143.—To lay a wager. 16064.

**LEYES, pr. n.** Layas, in Armenia. 58. See the n. on ver. 51.

**LEYTE, n. SAX.** Flame. P. 113. See LEITE.

**LIARD, pr. n.** belonged originally to a horse of a grey colour. See the n. on ver. 7145.

LICENCIAT, *n.* LAT. 220. seems to signify, that he was licensed by the Pope to hear confessions, &c. in all places, independently of the local ordinaries. See R. 6364—6472.

LICHE-WAKE. See the *n.* on ver. 2960.

LIDE, *pr. n.* Lydia. 14645.

LIEGES, *n. pl.* FR. Subjects. 7943.

LIEN, *pr. t. pl.* of LIE, or LIGGE. 16247.

LIEN, *part. pa.* of LIE, or LIGGE. Lain. P. 120. 129.

LIES, *n. pl.* FR. Lees of wine, &c. F. III. 1040.

LIETH, R. 4143. is misprinted for LEYETH.

LIFLY, *adv.* SAX. Like the life. 2089.

LIGEANCE, *n.* FR. Allegiance. 5315.

LIGGE, LIE, *v. neut.* SAX. To lie down. 2207. 13839.

LIGGING, *part. pr.* Lying. 1013.

LIGHT, *v.* SAX. To enlighten. 15539. 13401.—To make light, or pleasant. 10710.

LIGHT, *v. neut.* To descend, to alight. 5524. 10483.

LIGNE, *n.* FR. Lineage; lineal descent. T. v. 1480. LIGINE. C. D. 1517. should probably be *Lignee*, to rime to *Compagnee*.

LIGNE ALOES. T. iv. 1137. Lignum aloes; a very bitter drug.

LIKE, LIKEN, *v. SAX.* To compare. 5951, 3, 5.

LIKE, *v. SAX.* To please. 8382. T. i. 432. *If you liketh.* 779. If it pleaseth you. *It liketh hem.* 5679. It pleaseth them.

- LIKEROUS, adj. SAX.** Gluttonous. 12473.—Lascivious. 6048.
- LIKING, part. pr.** Pleasing. R. 868.
- LIKING, n.** Pleasure. 12389.
- LIMAILE, n. FR.** Filings of any metal. 16321.
- LIME, v. SAX.** To smear, as with bird-lime. T. i. 354.
- LIMED, part. pa.** Caught, as with bird-lime. 6516.
- LIMED, part. pa. FR.** Polished, as with a file. F. III. 34.
- LIMER, n. FR. Limier.** A blood-hound. Du. 362, 5.
- LIME-ROD.** 14694. A twig with bird-lime.
- LIMITATION, n. LAT.** A certain precinct allowed to a Limitour. 6459.
- LIMITOUR, n.** A Friar licensed to beg within a certain district. 209. 253, 4.
- LIMMES, n. pl. SAX.** Limbs. P. 10.
- LINAGE, n. FR.** Family. 4270. R. 258.
- LINDE, n. SAX.** The lime-tree. 9087. R. 1385.
- LISSE, n. SAX.** Remission, abatement. 11550.
- LISSE, v. neut. SAX.** To grow easy. R. 3758. 4128.
- LISSED, part. pa. of LISSE, v. SAX.** Eased, relieved. 11482.
- LISTE, v.** See LESTE.
- LISTENETH, imp. m. 2 pers. pl. of LISTEN, v. SAX.** Hearken ye. 13642.
- LISTES, n. pl. FR.** Lists; a place enclosed for combats, &c. See the n. on ver. 1715.

- LITARGE, *n. Fr.* White lead. 16243.
- LITE, *adj. SAX.* Little. 1195. P. 78.
- LITH, *n. SAX.* A limb. 14881.
- LITH for LIETH. 3653. 10349.
- LITHE, *adj. SAX.* Soft, flexible. Du. 953. F. 1. 119.
- LITHE, *v. SAX.* To soften. T. iv. 754.
- LITHER, *adj. SAX.* Wicked. C. N. 14. In the Editt. it is *Lithy*. LUTHER and quade. R. G. 414. See QUADE.
- LITHERLY, *adv. SAX.* Very ill. 3299.
- LITLING, *adj. SAX.* Very little. F. iiii. 133.
- LIVAND, *part. pr. SAX.* Living. C.D. 1628.
- LIVE, *n. SAX.* Life. *On live.* 3041 5622. In life; A'live. *Lives creature.* 2397. 8779. Living creature. *'Lives body.* F. ii. 555. Living body.
- LODEMANAGE. 405.      LODESTERRE. 2061.      See the note on ver 405.  
and the statute 3 Geo. I. c. 13. where *Load-manage* is used repeatedly in the sense of *Pilotage*.
- LODESMEN, *n. pl. SAX.* Pilots. L. W. 1486.
- LOFT, *adv. SAX.* *On loft.* 4697. On high; A-loft.
- LOGE, *n. FR.* A lodge, habitation. 14859.
- LOGGED, *part. pa. FR.* Lodged. 15004.
- LOGGING, *n.* Lodging. 15001.
- LOKE, *v. SAX.* To see, *to look upon.* Bo. iv. pr. 6. v. pr. 3.
- LOKEN, LOKE, *part. pa. of Loke, v. SAX.* Locked.

14881. R. 2092. Shut close. *Conf. Am.* 29. *His one eye anon was LOKE.*

LOLLER, *n.* A Lollard. See the *n.* on ver. 12923. and ver. 12914.

LOLLIUS, *pr. n.* of a writer, from whom Chaucer professes to have translated his poem of *Troilus and Creseide*. See the note on P. 131. I have not been able to find any further account of him.

LONDE, *n. SAX.* Land. 4806. 5323.

LONDENOYS. A Londoner; one born in London. T. L. i. 325.

LONE, *n. SAX.* A loan; any thing lent. 7443.

LONG, *v. SAX.* To belong. 2280. *Longing for his art.* 3209. Belonging to his art. 10353.—To desire. L. W. 2275.

LONG. 16390. See ALONG.

Loos, Los, *n. FR.* Praise. 16836. M. 136, 7. Loses, *pl. F.* III. 598.

LORD, *n. SAX.* A title of honour, given to Monks, as well as to other persons of superior rank. 172. 13930.—In ver. 830. *Lordes* is used in the sense of *Lordings*.

LORDINGS, *n. pl.* Sirs, Masters. 763. 790. A diminutive of *Lords*.

LORDSHIP, *n. SAX.* Supreme power. 1627.

LORE, *n. SAX.* Knowledge. 8664.—Doctrine. 529. —Advice. 3527.

LOREL, *n. SAX.* A good-for-nothing fellow. 5855. Bo. i. pr. 4. where it is the translation of *perdi-*

*tissimum.* Skinner supposes it to be derived from the LAT. *Lurco*; and in the *Promptorium Parvulorum*, “*LOSEL, or LOREL, or LURDEN,*” is rendered “*Lurco.*” But *Lurco*, I apprehend, signifies only *a glutton*, which falls very short of our idea of *a lorel*; and besides I do not believe that the word was ever sufficiently common in Latin to give rise to a derivative in English. One of Skinner’s friends deduces it with much more probability from the BELG. (rather SAX.) *Loren*; Lost; *Perditus*.

**LORNE**, *part. pa.* of **LESE**, *v.* SAX. Lost. 8947.  
Undone. 10943. 13959.

**Los**, *n.* SAX. Loss. 16477. T. iv. 27.

**LOSED**, *part. pa.* SAX. Loosed. R. 4511.

**LOSED**, *part. pa.* FR. Praised. T. L. i. 325.

**LOSENGE**, *n.* FR. A quadrilateral figure, of equal sides but unequal angles, in which the Arms of women are usually painted. R. 893. In F. iii. 227. *Losynges* seems to signify small figures of the same form in the fret-work of a crown.

**LOSENGEOUR**, *n.* FR. A flatterer. 15332.

**LOTEBY**, *n.* R. 6339. In the Orig. *Compaigne*. A private companion, or bedfellow. In P. P. 14. the *concubines* of priests are called their *Lotebies*. Perhaps it may be derived from the SAX. *Loute*; to lurk.

**LOTH**, *adj.* SAX. Disagreeable, odious. 3393.

**LOTHER**, *comp. d.* More hateful. L. W. 191.

- LOTHEST**, *superl. d.* Most unwilling. 11625.
- LOTHLY**, *adj.* Loathsome. 6682.
- LOVE-DAYES**. See the *n.* on ver. 260. and add T. L. i. 319. “ Maked I not a *Lovedaye* betwene God and mankynde, and chese a mayde to be *nompere*, to put the quarell at ende ? ”
- LOVE-DRINKE**, *n.* SAX. A drink to excite love. 6336.
- LOVE-LONGING**, *n.* SAX. Desire of love. 3349. 3679.
- LOVESOME**, *adj.* SAX. Lovely. T. v. 465.
- LOUGH**, *pa. t.* of **LAUGH**, *v.* SAX. Laughed. 6254. 12410.
- LOUKE**. 4413. See the note. In P. P. 20. *Wrong* is called *a wicked luske*; and I learn from Cotgrave, that *luske* is a synonymous word to *lowt*, *lorele*, &c. so that perhaps *Louke* may be still another term for *an idle, good-for-nothing fellow*. See Cotg. in *v. Luske*, ENG. and in *v. Loricard, Falourdin*. FR.
- LOURE**, *v. neut.* SAX. To look discontented. R. 7099.
- LOURING**, *part. pa.* 6848.
- LOUTE**, *v.* SAX. To bow. 14168. R. 4384.—To lurk. 15654.
- Low**, *n.* for Law. C. D. 319.
- LOWLYHEDE**, *n.* SAX. Humility. B. K. 315.
- LUCAN**, *pr. n.* The Roman poet. 14637.
- LUCE**, *n.* LAT. The fish, called a pike. 352.
- LUCINA**, *pr. n.* The Moon. 11357.

LULLED, *pa. t. of LULL, v. SAX.* Invited to sleep.  
8429.

LUMBARDES, *n. pl.* Bankers; Remitters of money.  
13297.

LUNARIE, *pr. n.* of a herb; moon-wort. 16268.

LURE, *n. FR.* A device used by falconers for calling their hawks. 6922. 17021.

LURE, *v. FR.* To bring to the lure. 5997.

LUSSHEBURGHES. See the *n.* on *ver.* 13968.

LUST, *n.* See LEST.

LUSTE, *v.* See LESTE.

LUSTYHEDDE, *n. SAX.* Pleasure, mirth. 17223.  
L. W. 1528.

LUXURIE, *n. FR.* Lechery. 5345.

LYNIAN, *pr. n.* 7910. See the note. A learned correspondent, to whom I am obliged for other useful hints, has suggested to me, that Fabricius, upon the authority of Ghilini, has placed the death of *Joannes Lignanus* in 1383. Bibl. Med. Æt. in *v.* This furnishes an additional reason for believing that the Canterbury Tales were composed, or at least collected into a body, after that period.

## M.

MACE, *n. FR.* A club. 2126.

MACHABE, *pr. n.* The books of the Maccabees.  
14497. 14573.

MACROBES, *pr. n.* R. 7. MACROBIUS. 15129.

Du. 284. A. F. 111. The author of the Commentary on the *Somnium Scipianis* of Cicero.

MADDE, *v. SAX.* To be mad. 3559. R. 1072.

MADRIAN. 13898. See the note. I have found since that the French have a Saint called *Materne*. But Mr. Steevens, with much more probability, supposes, that the *precious body*, by which the Host swears, was that of St. *Mathurin*. See his story in the *Golden Legende*, Edit. 1527. by Winkin de Worde, 151. b. “Than toke they *the precious body* and enoynted it with moche reverence; and when they had layd it in the erth, on the morowe they came to the sepulture and founde *the holy body* above the erth nygh unto the same sepulture, and than were they all abasshed and wyst not what to do.” It seems, the knightes, who had brought him out of France, had promised that, if he died on his journey, he should be sent back and buried “where as they had taken him;” and therefore his body would not stay in the ground, till it was deposited, according to promise, in France; where it afterwards worked many miracles.

MAFEIE, FR. *Ma foy*; by my faith. T. III. 52.

MAGICIEN, *n.* FR. A magician. 11553.

MAGIKE, *n.* FR. Magick. 11607. *Magike naturel.*

418. See the note.

MAHOWND, *pr. n.* Mahomet. 4644. See Du Cange, in *v.*

**MAILLE**, *n.* Fr. A coat of mail. 9078.

**MAINTE**, *part. pa.* B. K. 230. as **MEINT**.

**MAINTENANCE**, *n.* Fr. Behaviour. Du. 834.

**MAISONDEWE**, Fr. *Maison-dieu*; a hospital. R. 5619.

**MAISTER**, *n.* Fr. A skilful artist; a master. 11514.

11532. *Maister-strete*. 2904. The chief street.

*Maister-temple*. L. W. 1014. The chief temple.

*Maister-tour*. 10540. The principal tower.

**MAISTERFUL**, *adj.* Imperious. T. II. 756.

**MAISTERIE**, **MAISTRIE**, *n.* Fr. Skill; skilful management. 3383. 6400.—Power; superiority. 6622. 9048. 11076.

Love wol not be constreined by maistrie.

Whan maistrie cometh, the God of love anon

Beteth his winges, and, farewel! he is gon.

I cite these elegant lines, as I omitted to observe before, that Spenser has inserted them in his *Faery Queen*, B. 2. C. 1. St. 25. with very little alteration, and certainly without any improvement.

Ne may love be compel'd by mastery;

For, soon as mastery comes, sweet love anone

Taketh his nimble wings, and soon away is gone.

*A maistrie*. 16528. A masterly operation; *Un coup de maitre*.—*For the maistrie*. 165. See the note

**MAISTRESSE**, *n.* Fr. Mistress, governess. 12040.

**MAISTRISE**, *n.* Fr. Masterly workmanship. R. 4172.

**MAKE**, *n.* SAX. A fellow; a mate. 2558.—A husband. 5667. 8716. A wife. 9175. 9696. **MAKE** or **METCHE**. *Compar.* Prompt. Parv.

**MAKE**, *v.* SAX. To compose, or make verses. L. W. 69. 364. *To solace him sometime, as I do whan I MAKE.* P. P. 60.—*To make a man's berde;* To cheat him. See the *n.* on ver. 4094.

**MAKED**, *part. pa.* Made. 2526.

**MAKE**. Bo. iv. m. 7. *Why MAKE ye your backes?* We should read—*nake*, i. e. make naked. *Cur inertes terga nudatis?* Orig.

**MAKELES**, *adj.* SAX. Peerless; without a fellow. T. i. 172.

**MAKING**, *n.* Poetry. L. W. 74. **MAKINGES**, *pl.* Poetical compositions. L. W. 413. *And thou medlest with MAKINGS.* P. P. 60.

**MALAPERT**, *adj.* Pert, forward. C. L. 737. And so we should read in T. iii. 87. with the MSS. J. K. instead of *in all apert*. The word seems to be evidently of French original, though I do not recollect to have seen it used by any French writer.

*Appert*, *adj.* FR. signifies *Expert*, &c. Cotgrave.

**MALE**, *n.* FR. A budget, a portmanteau. 3117. 12854.

**MALEFICE**, *n.* FR. Enchantment. P. 34.

**MALE-TALENT**, *n.* FR. Ill will. R. 274. 330.

**MALISON**, *n.* FR. Malediction, curse. 16713. P. 47. *I gyve it my MALISOUN.* P. L. 318.

**MALT**, *pa. t. of MELT*, *v. SAX.* Melted. T. i. 583.

MALVESIE, *pr. n.* Malmsey-wine. See the *n.* on ver. 9681.

MALURE, *n.* Fr. Misfortune. C. D. 599.

MANACE, *n.* Fr. A threat. 2005.

MANACE, *v.* To threaten. 7998. 9626.

MANACING, *n.* Threatening. 2037.

MANCIPLE, *n.* An officer, who has the care of purchasing victuals for an Inn of Court. See his CHARACTER, ver. 569—588. The name is probably derived from the LAT. *Manceps*, which signified particularly *the superintendent of a public bakehouse*, and from thence *a baker* in general. See du Cange, in v. MANCEPS. 2. The office still subsists in several Colleges as well as Inns of Court.

MANDEMENT, *n.* Fr. Mandate. 6928.

MANERE, *n.* Fr. Carriage, behaviour. 140. 10860.

—Kind, or sort. *A manere Latin.* 4939. A kind of Latin. *Swiche a maner love-drinke.* 6335. Such a sort of love-potion. *Swiche maner rime.* 6709.

MANGONEL, *n.* Fr. An engine used to batter walls. R. 6279.

MANIE, *n.* Fr. Gr. Madness. 1376.

MANNISH, *adj.* SAX. Human; proper to the human species. M. 108.—Masculine; proper to man, as distinguished from woman. T. i. 284. In this last sense, when applied to a woman, it is a strong term of reproach. 5202.

MANOR, *n.* Fr. Dwelling. Du. 1004.

MANSUETE, *adj.* FR. Gentle. T. v. 194.

MANTELET, *n.* FR. A short mantle. 2165.

MARCIAN, *pr. n.* Martianus Capella. 9606. F. II.  
477.

MARCIAN, *adj.* Martial; under the influence of  
Mars. 6192.

MAREIS, *n.* FR. A marsh. 6552.

MARGARITE, *n.* FR. A pearl. T. L. I. 315. b.

MARIE, MARY, *n.* SAX. Marrow. 12476. *Marie-*  
*bones.* 382. Marrow-bones.

MARKET-BETER. 3934. See the note. But I am  
now more inclined to believe, that this word is to  
be understood in a sense similar to that in which  
the French phrases, *Batre les rues*—and *Bateur  
de pavez* are used. *Batre les rues*; To revell,  
jet, or swagger up and down the streets a'nights.  
*Bateur de pavez*; A jetter abroad in the streets.  
—A pavement-beater. See Cotgrave, in v. *Bateur.* *Batre.* *Pavé.* So that “*He was a market-  
beter atte full*” may mean perhaps;—*He was  
used to swagger up and down the market, when  
it was fullest* :—a circumstance, which suits very  
well with the rest of his character. MARKET-  
DASCHAR. *Circumforaneus.* Prompt. Parv.

MARKIS, *n.* FR. A marquis. 7940.

MARKIS for MARKISES, *gen. ca. sing.* 8870. In the  
same manner *Peneus* is put for *Peneuses*. 2066.

Theseus for Theseuses. 2201. 2697. *Venus* for  
*Venuses.* 2274. 10586. *Ceres* for *Cereses.* 10139.

*Melibeus* for *Melibeuses*. 13902. and in prose, M. 146. Perhaps it might have been proper to add a mark of *Apocope* to the words so abbreviated. As to the present method of expressing the genitive cases of nouns ending in *s*, by adding another *s*, with a mark of *Syncope*, as *Peneus's*, *Theseus's*, *Venus's*, &c. it seems absurd whether the addition be intended to be pronounced, or not. In the first case, the *e* should not be cut out; in the second, the *s* is quite superfluous. But the absurdity of this practice is most striking, when the genitives of *monosyllable* nouns are thus written; *an ox's horns*; *an ass's ears*; *a fish's tail*; *St. James's park*; notwithstanding that the *e*, which is thus directed to be cut out, is constantly and necessarily to be pronounced, as if the several words were written at length; *oxes, asses, fishes, Jameses*.

**MARKISESSE, *n.* Fr.** The wife of a Marquis. 8159.  
8270.

**MARTE, *pr. n.*** Mars. 2023.

**MARTIRE, *n.* Fr.** Martyrdom; torment. R. 2547.

**MARTIRE, *v.* Fr.** To torment. 1564.

**MARY, MARIE, *pr. n.*** A vulgar oath; *By Mary*. 13322. 16530.

**MASE, *n.*** A wild fancy. 15099. T. v. 468.

**MASE, *v. neut.*** To doubt; to be confounded. 10261.

**MASEDNESSE, *n.*** Astonishment; confusion. 8937.

**MASELIN, n.** Rather *Mazerin*. 13781. A drinking-cup. See Du Cange, in v. **MAZER**.

**MATE, part. pa. of MATE, v. FR.** Dejected; struck dead. 957. R. 1739. *So feble and mate.* *Conf. Am.* 127. b.

**MATIRE** for **MATERE, n.** FR. Matter. T. iv. 818.

**MAUGRE, MALGRE, FR.** In spite of. *Maugre all thy might.* 1609. *Maugre thin eyen.* 5897. *Maugre hire hed.* 6469. P. 116.—The original of this expression appears more plainly in the following passages. *I drede thou canst me grete maugre.* R. 4399.

*Car je cuide, que me scavez  
Mal gré.* Orig. 4118.

*Malgre his.* R. 2386. 5933. With his ill will; against his will. *Mal gré lui.*

**MAVIS, n. SAX.** A thrush. R. 619.

**MAVIS.** R. 5590. is probably a mistake for **MUIS, n. pl. FR.** The Orig. has *Cent muys de froment.* 5197. The Paris *Muid* contains something more than five quarters English.

**MAUMET, n.** An idol. P. 85.

**MAUMETRIE, n.** The religion of Mahomet. 4656. —Idolatry. P. 85.

**MAWE, n. SAX.** The stomach. 12930.

**MAXIMIAN, pr. n.** C. L. 798. The author of **vi Elegies**, which have been frequently printed under the name of Gallus. He is said by Fabricius (*Bibl. Lat.* T. i. p. 297. Ed. Patav.) to have

- lived under the Emperor Anastasius, q. I. or II? A translation, or rather abridgement, of these Elegies, in English verse, is in Ms. Harl. 2253.
- MAY**, *v.* SAX. To be able, *physically*. 2314. 3045, 8. *morally*. 739. 2355, 6. See **MOWE**.
- MAY**, *n.* SAX. A virgin. 5271. *Of Mary, moder and may*. P. L. 235. 307.—A young woman. T. v. 1719.
- MAYDENHED**, *n.* SAX. Virginity. 2331.
- MEANELICHE**, *adj.* SAX. Moderate. Bo. i. pr. 6. *Mediocribus*. Orig.
- MEBLES**, *n. pl.* FR. Moveable goods. 9188. 16008.
- MEDE**, *n.* SAX. Reward. 3380. P. 92.—A meadow. 89.
- MEDE**, **METHE**, **METH**, *n.* BARB. LAT. Mead; a liquor made of honey. 2281. 3261. 3378.
- MEDLE**, *v.* FR. To mix. P. 8.
- MEDLEE**, *adj.* Of a mixed stuff, or colour. 330.
- MEINIE**, *n.* FR. Household attendants. 7627. 7738.—An army. 14348. 17177. *Hurlewaynes meyne*. Contin. of Canterb. Tales, l. 8. This obscure phrase, I think, may be understood to relate to a particular set of ghostly apparitions, which were used to run about the country at night, and were called in French *La mesgnie de Hellequin* or *Herlequin*. The fullest account that I have seen of them is in “*L'histoire de Richard sans paour, Duc de Normandie, qui fut fils de Robert le Diable*.” In

one of his rides he meets with three black Knights, whom he engages. "Et quand les Chevaliers veirent le jeu mal party pour eux ils monterent à cheval et s'enfuyrent ;—et Richard—chevaucha apres eux ; et ainsi qu'il chevauchoit il apperceut une dance de gens noirs qui s'entretenoyent. Adonc luy souvint *de la mesgnie de Hellequin*, dont il avoit autres foys ouy parler." The title of the next chapter (4.) is "*Cy divise de la mesgnie de Hellequin et qui il estoit.*" He is there said so have been a knight, who, having spent all his substance in the wars of Charles Martel against the Saracens, lived afterwards by pillage. "Adonc il avint qu'il mourut et fut en danger d'estre damne, mais Dieu luy fit pardon, pource que il avoit bataille contre les Sarrazins et exaulce la foy. Si fut condamne de Dieu que pour un tems determine luy et ceux de son lignage feroient penitence et yroient toute la nuit parmy la terre, pour leurs penitences faire et endurer plusieurs maux et calamitez." The belief of such apparitions was certainly of great antiquity in Normandy, as they are mentioned by Ordericus Vitalis, under the title of *familia Herlechini*, in a most extraordinary story related by him, L. viii. p. 695. ann. 1091. And I suspect that in a passage quoted by Du Cange, in v. HERLININI, from *Petr. Blesens.* Ep. 14. we should read *Herlikini* instead of *Herlinini*.

Gervase of Tilbury, who wrote in 1211, men-

tions another set of apparitions, which were called *familia Arturi*. Ot. Imper. Dec. 11. c. 12. “In sylvis Britanniæ majoris aut minoris consimilia contigisse referuntur, narrantibus nemorum custodibus, quos *forestarios*—vulgus nominat, se alternis diebus circa horam meridianam, et in primo noctium contincio sub plenilunio lunâ lucente, sæpiissime videre militum copiam venantium et canum et cornuum strepitum, qui sciscitantibus se *de societate et familia Arturi esse* affirmant.” He had just said that Arthur, not long before, had been seen in a palace, “*miro opere constructo*,” in a most delicious valley in the neighbourhood of Mount Ætna, where he had resided ever since the time of his supposed death, “*vulneribus quotannis recrudescentibus*.”

**MEINT**, part. pa. of **MENGE**, v. SAX. Mixed, mingled. R. 2296.

**MEKE**, adj. SAX. Meek, humble. 8017.

**MEKE**, v. To become meek. R. 3541. 3584.

**MELES**, n. pl. SAX. Meals; dinners, &c. Du. 612.

**MELE-TIDE**, n. SAX. Dinner-time. T. II. 1556.

**MELLE**, v. FR. To meddle. C. D. 536.

**MELLE**, n. for **MILLE**. 3921.

**MEMORIE**, n. FR. Remembrance. *To be drawen to memorie*. 3114. To be recorded.

And for *to drawe in to memorye*

Her names bothe and her historye.

*Conf. Am. f. 76.*

MEMORIE, *v.* To remember. 10118.

MENDIANTS, *n. pl.* FR. Friars of the Begging orders. 7488. See the note.

MENE, *v.* SAX. To mean, to intend. 2065. 2218.

MENE, *n.* FR. *Moyen.* A mean, or instrument. 9545.

T. III. 255. Where the Orig. has *mezzano*; a procurer. MENES, *pl.* 7064. 3375.

MENE, *adj.* Middle. 7027. 17322. But see the note on the *latter* verse.

MENIVERE, *n.* FR. A sort of fur. R. 227. See the *n.* on ver. 193.

MERCENRIKE, *pr. n.* The kingdom of Mercia. 15118.

MERCIA, *pr. n.* F. III. 139. *Marsyas* is probably meant; but our Poet, I know not upon what authority, has turned him into a female.

MERCIABLE, *adj.* FR. Merciful. 13618.

MERITORIE, *adj.* FR. Meritorious. P. 96.

MERKE, *n.* SAX. A mark; an image. 11192. *All the merke of Adam.* 6278. All the images of Adam; all mankiud.

MERKE, *adj.* SAX. Dark. R. 5339.

MERLION, *n.* FR. *Emerillon.* A merlin; a sort of hawk. A. F. 339.

MERVAILLE, *n.* FR. Wonder, marvel. 10974.

MERRY, *adj.* SAX. Merry. 804.—Pleasant. 14972.

MES. R. 3462. *At gode mes* should probably be *At godeness.* The Orig. has *en bon point.* See GODENESS.

- MESÉ, n.** for MESSE. C. D. 2116.
- MESEL, n.** Fr. A leper. P. 69.
- MESELRIE, n.** Fr. Leprosy. P. 69.
- MESSAGE, n.** Fr. A messenger. 8614. 8823.
- MESSAGERIE, pr. n.** A fictitious attendant in the Temple of Venus. A. F. 228. Boccace calls her *Ruffiania*. Theseida. b. vii.
- MESSE, n.** Fr. The service of the Mass. 9768.
- MESTE, adj.** SAX. *superl. d.* 8006. as MOSTE.
- MESURABLE, adj.** FR. Moderate. 437. 10676.
- MESURE, n.** FR. Moderation. 11981.
- METAMORPHOSEOS.** 4513. METAMORPHOSOE. C. L. 1260. Ovid's Metamorphosis. See JUDICUM.
- METE, adj.** SAX. Fitting, convenient. 1633.
- METE, n.** SAX. Meat. 1617. *During the metes space.* 5434. During the time of eating.
- METE-BORDE, n.** SAX. An eating-table. T. L. II. 326. b.
- METELY, adj.** Proportionable. R. 822.
- METE, v.** SAX. To meet. 12627.—To dream. T. III. 1350.
- METTE, MET, pa. t.** Dreamed. 15089. 15118. *I mette.* 6159. *Me mette.* 14900, 4. I dreamed.
- METRICIENS, n. pl.** Writers in verse. C. L. 30.
- MEVABLE, adj.** FR. Moveable. R. 4736.
- MEWE, n.** FR. A cage for hawks, while they *mwe*, or change their feathers. 10957.—A cage, in general, or any sort of confinement. R. 4778. T. III. 603. *In mewe.* T. I. 382. In secret.

- MEWET**, *adj. Fr.* Mute. *In mewet.* C. L. 148.  
Dumbly, speaking inwardly.
- MICHER**, *n.* A thief. R. 6541. *Lierres.* Orig. 12008. **MYCHYN OR PRYVELY STELYN SMALE THYNGS.** *Surripio.* Prompt. Parv.
- MIGHT**, *pa. t. of MAY, v. SAX.* Was able. 301.  
1519. **MIGHTEN**, *pl.* 7985.
- MIGHT**, *part. pa.* T. III. 655. *If godeley had he might.* If he had *been able* with propriety.
- MIGHT**, *n. SAX.* Power, strength. 1152. 1858.
- MILKSOP**, *n.* An effeminate fellow. 13916.
- MILNE-STONES**, *n. pl. SAX.* Mill-stones. T. II. 1384.
- MINDE**, *n. SAX.* Remembrance. 1908. *Conf. Am.* 148. *As the bokes maken MINDE.*
- MINE**, *v. FR.* To penetrate. T. II. 627.
- MINISTRALLES**, *n. pl. FR.* Minstrels. 10392.
- MINISTRES**, *n. pl. FR.* Officers of justice. 15049.  
15064. **MINISTERS**. C. D. 2130. Minstrels.
- MINORESSE**, *n.* R. 149. A nun, under the rule of St. Clare. Du Cange, in *v. MINORISSA.* It is not clear however why Chaucer has likened *Hate* to a Sister of this order. His original gave him no authority.
- MINOUR**, *n. FR.* A miner. 2467.
- MINSTRALCIE**, *n. FR.* Musick. 2199. 10582.—  
Musical instruments. 17216.
- MIRROUR**, *n. FR.* A looking-glass. 10446.
- MIRTHELES**, *adj. SAX.* Without mirth. A. F. 592.

- MIS, *adv.* Ill, amiss. 16467. R. 3243. T. iv.  
1267. It is often to be supplied to a second verb,  
having been expressed in composition with a for-  
mer. *If that I misspeke or say.* 3141. *That hire*  
*misdoth or saith.* 13928. *There is nothing mis-*  
*sайде nor do.* Du. 528.
- MIS, *n.* A wrong. 17226.
- MIS-ACCOMPTED, *part. pa.* Misreckoned. T. v.  
1184.
- MIS-AVENTURE, *n.* Misfortune. 6916.
- MIS-AVISE, *v.* To advise wrongly. 5812.
- MIS-BODEN, *part. pa.* of MIS-BEDE. Injured. 911.
- MIS-BORNE, *part. pa.* of MIS-BERE. Misbehaved.  
M. 152.
- MISCHANCE, *n.* Fr. Misfortune. *With mischance.*  
6916. 17142. See WITH.
- MISCHEFE, *n.* Fr. Misfortune. R. 6741.
- MISCOVETING, *n.* R. 196. should probably be MIS-  
COMPTING. *Mescompter.* Orig.
- MIS-DEPARTE, *v.* To distribute wrongly. 4527.
- MISERICORDE, *n.* Fr. Mercy, pity. 7492.
- MIS-ESE, *n.* Uneasiness. P. 14.
- MIS-FORYAVE, *pa. t. of Mis-FORYEVE.* Mis-gave.  
T. iv. 1426.
- MIS-GIED, *part. pa.* of MIS-GIE. Misguided.  
14451.
- MIS-GON, MIS-GO, *part. pa.* of MIS-GO. Gone  
wrong. 4216. 4253.
- MIS-HAPPING, *part. pr.* Falling amiss. R. 5543.

**MIS-LEDE, v.** To conduct amiss. T. iv. 48.

**MIS-LIVED, part. pa.** Having lived to a bad purpose. T. iv. 330.

**MIS-METRE, v.** To spoil the metre of verses, by writing or reading them ill. T. v. 1795.

**MIS-SATE, pa. t. of MIS-SIT.** Misbecame. R. 1194.

**MIS-SAYDE, part. pa. of MIS-SAYE.** Ill spoken of. R. 1260.

**MIS-SAYER, n.** An evil speaker. R. 2231.

**MISSE, v. SAX.** To fail. T. iii. 1630.

**MISSE-METRE, v.** See MIS-METRE.

**MISTAKE, v.** To take a wrong part; to transgress. R. 1540. *Mesprendre.* Orig.

**MISTERE, n. FR.** Trade, occupation. 615.—Condition of life. 1342. *What mistere men ye ben.* 1712. What kind of men ye are.—Need. R. 5614. 6078.

**MISTIHEDDE, n. SAX.** Darkness. C. M. 71.

**MISTILY, adv. SAX.** Darkly. 16862.

**MISTRIST, v. for MISTRUST.** 12303.

**MIS-WAIE, n.** A wrong way. R. 4766.

**MIS-WENT, part. pa. of MIS-WENDE.** Gone amiss. R. 7280.

**MIS-WRITE, v.** To write wrong. T. v. 1794.

**MITAINE, n. FR.** A glove. 12307, 8.

**MITCHÉ, n. FR.** A manchet; a loaf of fine bread. R. 5585.

**MITE, n. SAX.** A small worm. 6142. 16166.

**MIXEN, n. SAX.** A dunghill. P. 107.

**Mo for Me.** 8915. See the note.

**Mo for More, adj. comp.** 546. 810. 1937.—*adv. comp.* 1354. 2073.

**MOCHEL, MOCHE,** *adj. SAX.* Great, *in quantity.* 2354. 7593. *in number.* 6586. 6855. *in degree.* 496.—*adv.* Much, greatly. 1118. 2852.

**MODER, MODRE,** *n. SAX.* Mother. 10139. 10291.—The *Matrix*, or principal plate of the Astrolabe. *Ast.*

**MOISON,** *n. FR.* Harvest; growth. R. 1677.

**MOIST, MOISTY,** *adj. FR.* New. 459. 12249. 17009. See the *n.* on ver. 459.

**MOKEL,** *n. DU.* 454. 861. may perhaps signify size, *magnitude*; as *Michel* seems to be used in that sense in P. P. 89. b. *Of one Michel and might.*

**MOLESTIE,** *n. FR.* Trouble. Bo. III. pr. 9.

**MOLTE,** *pa. t. of MELTE, v. SAX.* Melted. F. II. 414.—*part. pa.* T. v. 10.

**MONCHE,** *v.* To chew. T. I. 915.

**MONE,** *n. SAX.* The Moon. 9759.—Lamentation. 5076. 11232.

**MONESTE,** *v. FR.* To admonish. R. 3579.

**MONIOURS,** *n. pl. FR.* Coiners. R. 6811. In the Original it is *Faulx Monnoyeurs.*

**MONSTRE,** *n. FR.* A monster, or prodigy. 11656.—A pattern. Du. 912.

**MOOD,** *n. SAX.* Anger. 1762.

**MORCELS,** *n. pl. FR.* Morsels. R. 6179.

**MORE,** *adj. comp. SAX.* Greater, *in quantity.* 705.

785. *in number.* 10192. *in degree.* 1758. 6516.—  
*adv. comp.* 1309. 2746. It is usually joined to  
adjectives and adverbs to express the comparative  
degree. 6028. 7551. 10786.

**MORMAL**, *n.* See the *n.* on ver. 388.

**MORTER**, *n.* Fr. A sort of wax-light. T. iv. 1245.

**MORTIFIE**, *v.* Fr. To kill (speaking of *Quicksilver*).  
16594.

**MORTREWES**, *n.* See the *n.* on ver. 386.

**MORWE**, *n.* SAX. The morning. 2493. *A'morwe.*  
824. 6175. In the morning. 1623. 2491. In the  
morning of the *following day*.—*To-morwe*, I be-  
lieve, always means *the following day*. 782. 1612.  
2241. 2404. and it includes the whole day. *To-*  
*morwe at night.* 3593.

**MORWENING**, *n.* SAX. The morning. 4232. 15308.

**MORWENINGES**, *pl.* 6457.

**MOSEL**, *n.* FR. The muzzle; mouth of a beast.  
2153.

**MOSTE**, *adj. superl.* SAX. Greatest, *in quantity.*  
305. 897. *in number.* 10675. *in degree.* 2200.  
10614.—*adv. superl.* 563. 2409. It is usually  
joined to adjectives and adverbs to express the  
superlative degree. 2205. 9425.

**MOSTE**, *v.* SAX. Must. 734, 7. **MOSTEN**, *pl.*  
6024.

**MOTE**, *v.* SAX. Must. 232. 1647, 8.—May. 834.  
4175. **MOTEN**, *pl.* 10630, 2.

**MOTE**, *n.* SAX. An atom. 6450. T. III. 1609.

- MOTHEs, n. pl. SAX.** Moths. 6142.
- MOTIF, n. FR.** A motive, incitement. 5048. 9365.
- MOUGHT, pa. t. of MOWE, v. SAX.** Might.
- MOULE, v. SAX.** To grow mouldy. 4452.
- MOULED, part. pa.** 3868.
- MOUN for MOWEN, pr. t. pl. of MOWE, v. SAX.**
- May. 12868. 13160.
- MOUNTANCE, n. FR.** Amount; in value. 1572.—in quantity. 12797. *Not full the mountance of a mile.* Conf. Am. 187.
- MOURDANT, n. FR.** The tongue of a buckle. R. 1094.
- MOWE, v. SAX.** May; to be able. **MOWEN, pl.** 13967. 16149.—It is sometimes used in the *inf. m.* M. 123. *Which thou shalt not mowe suffre.* Which thou shalt not be able to endure.—*To mowen suche a knight done live or die.* T. II. 1594. To be able to make such a knight to live or die.—*She should not con ne mow attaine.* C. D. 150. She should not know nor be able to attain.
- MOWE, n. FR.** A distortion of the mouth. T. IV. 7. F. III. 716. *What do I than but laugh and make a mowe?* Lydg. *Trag.* 137.
- MOWING, n.** Ability. Bo. IV. pr. 4. In the following passage it seems to be used as a GERUND. *That shrewes weren dispoiled of mowing to don yvel.* Ibid.
- MUCH, MUCHEL.** See MOCHE.
- MUCKRE, v. SAX.** To heap. T. III. 1381.

MUE, *v. Fr.* To change. T. ii. 1258.

MUET, *adj. Fr.* Dumb, mute. T. v. 194.

MULLOK, *n. SAX.* Dung; rubbish. 3871. 16408.

MULTIPLICATION, *n. Fr.* The art of making gold and silver. 16317.

MULTIPLIE, *v. Fr.* To make gold and silver. 16303.

MUSARD, *n. Fr.* A muser, or dreamer. R. 3256. 4034.

MUSE, *v. Fr.* To gaze. R. 1592.

MYSELF, MYSELVE, MYSLEVEN. See SELF.

## N.

NA for No. 4174. See the n. on ver. 4021.

N'ADDE for NE HADDE; Had not. 10212.

NAILE, *n. SAX.* A nail. 6351. *By nailes.* 12222.  
*By Goddes nailes.* 12585. an oath. See the n. on ver. 12585.

NAKERES, *n. pl. Fr.* See the n. on ver. 2513.

NALE, *n. SAX.* An ale-house. 6931. See the note. But I am now less inclined to adopt Skinner's explanation of this word, because I observe that *Ale* alone is commonly put for an *Ale-house*, and I cannot find that *Nale* is ever used, except where it follows the preposition *Atte*. In the passage quoted from P. P. 32 b. the *Cotton Ms.* Vesp. B. xvi. has *at the ale*. And so in P. P. 26 b. With idle tales *at the ale*.—Robert of Brunne's trans-

lation of *Manuel des pechés*. Ms. Bodl. 2313.  
fol. 1.

In gamys, in festys, and *at the ale*—  
fol. 38. Or yf thou leddest any man *to the ale*.  
I suspect therefore that *Nale*, in those few passages  
in which it is found, should be considered as  
merely a corruption, which has arisen from the  
mispronunciation and consequent miswriting of  
*atte nale* for *atten ale*. See the n. on ver. 12542.  
A similar corruption seems to have taken place in  
the name of that celebrated personage in our law,  
Mr. *John a-noke*, whose original appellation, I  
believe, was *John atten oke*, as that of his con-  
stant antagonist was *John atte stile*. Sim. *atte*  
*stile* is a name in P. P. 23 b. and there are many  
others of the same form; as, *Atte-cliff*, *Atte-ley*,  
*Atte-well*, *Atte-wood*, &c. That the letter *n* is  
apt to pass from the end of one word to the be-  
ginning of another, we have an instance in *Newt*,  
which has certainly been formed by corruption  
from *An ewt*, or *eft*; and perhaps *Nedder*, n. SAX.  
may have been formed in the same way from *An*  
*adder*. The word in the Teutonic is *Adder*, as  
we write it now, without the initial *n*. The same  
corruptions have happened in other languages.  
See the notes of Signor Redi upon his *Bacco in*  
*Toscana*. p. 133, 4, 5. 182, 3.

N'AM for NE AM; Am not. 5730.

**NAME, *pa. t. of NIME, v. SAX.*** Took. 16765.

**NAPPE, *v. SAX.*** To sleep. 16958. See KNAP.

**NARCOTIKES, *n. pl. FR. GR.*** Drugs causing sleep.  
1474. L. W. 2659.

**NARWE, *adj. SAX.*** Close, narrow. 3224. 14828.

*Whan they hem narwe avise.* 9862. When they  
closely consider their conduct.

**NAS for NE WAS; Was not.** 1450. 1651.

**NASO, *pr. n. L. W.*** 928. 2218. P. Ovidius Naso.  
See OVIDE.

**NAT, *adv. SAX.*** Not. 5889. 6551.

**NATAL, *adj. LAT.*** Presiding over nativity. T. III.  
150.

**NATHELESSE, NATHELES, *adv. SAX.*** Not the less;  
nevertheless. 2475. 3606.

**NATION, *n. FR.*** 4701. Nation.—Family. 6650.

**NAUGHT, NOUGHT, *n. SAX.*** Nothing. 758. 770.

**NAUGHT, *adv.*** Not; not at all. 2070. 4820. It  
may more properly perhaps be considered as a  
noun used adverbially. See NOTHING.

**NAY, *adv. SAX.*** 8297. It seems to be used some-  
times as a noun. *It is no nay.* 8692. 9015. It  
cannot be denied.

**NAY, *v.*** To deny. P. 121.

**NE, *adv. SAX.*** Not. 9356. 10070. *Ne had he ben*  
*holpen.* 10980. Had he not been helped.

**NE, *conj. SAX.*** Nor. 970, 1. 8847. 11795.

**NECE, *n. FR.*** A niece.—A cousin. 13030. 13055.

**NECESSAIRE, *adj. FR.*** Necessary. T. IV. 1021.

**NEDE**, *n. SAX.* Need; necessity. 4523.

**NEDE**, *v.* is generally used as an Impersonal. *It nedeth thee nought teche.* 3599. *Nedeth hem no dwale.* 4159. *Neded no more to hem to go ne ride.* 9489.

**NEDEFUL**, *adj.* Distrest, indigent. 4532.

**NEDELY**, *adv.* Necessarily. 6550.

**NEDES**, **NEDE**, *adv.* Necessarily. It is usually joined with *must*. 1171. 11475. 17157.

**NEDDER**, *n. SAX.* An adder. 9660. **NEDERS**, *pl. L. W.* 699.

**NEIGHE**, *adj. SAX.* Nigh. 3392.

**NEIGHE**, *v.* To approach, to come near. R. 1775. 2003.

**NEKKE**, *n. SAX.* The neck. 5859. *Nekke-bone.* 6488.

**NEMPNE**, *v. SAX.* To name. 10632.

**NER**, *adv. SAX.* Near. 10315. 12900.

**NERE**, *comp. d.* Nigher. *Never the nere.* 16189. *Never the nigher.* *Nere and nere.* 13450. Nigher and nigher. *Ferre ne nere.* 1852. Later nor earlier.

**N'ERE** for **NE WERE**; Were not. 17222. *N'ere it.* 1602. Were it not. *N'ere the friendship.* 16830.

**NERFE**, *n. FR.* Nerve, sinew. T. II. 642.

**NESHE**, *adj. SAX.* Soft, tender. C. L. 1092. *Nesch and hard.* P. L. 242. 300.

**NETE**, *n. SAX.* Neat-cattle. 599.

**NETHER**, *adj. comp. SAX.* Lower. 3850.

**NETTLE IN, DOCK OUT.** T. iv. 461. See RAKET.

**NEVEN, v. SAX.** To name. 8485. 16289.

**NEVEW, n. FR.** A nephew.—A grandson. L. W. 2648.

**NEWE, adj. SAX.** New; fresh. 459.

**NEWE, adv.** Newly. 7879. *Newe and newe.* T. III. 116. Again and again. *All newe.* 9700. *Of newe.* 8814. Newly, lately. *All newe.* 13308. Anew, afresh.

**NEWE, v.** To renew. T. III. 306.

**NEWED, part. pa.** Renewed. M. 150.

**NEWEFANGEL, adj.** Desirous of new things. 10932. 17142.

**NEWEFANGELNESSE, n.** Inconstancy. 10924.

**NEXTE, superl. d.** Nighest. It generally signifies the highest *following*; but sometimes the highest preceding. F. III. 658.

**N'HATH, for NE HATH;** Hath not. 925.

**NICE, adj. FR.** Foolish. 5508. 6520.

**NICETEE, n.** Folly. 4044. 17101. *Do his nicetee.* 5994. So the French use *Faire folie*.

**NIFLES, n. pl.** Trifles. 7342.

**NIGARD, n.** A stingy fellow. 5915.

**NIGARDIE, n.** Stinginess. 13102.

**NIGHTERTALE.** 97. Night-time. See the note.

**NIGHT-SPEL, n. SAX.** A night-charm. See the n. on ver. 3480.

**N'ILL for NE WILL;** Will not. 5724. 5762.

**N'IS for NE IS;** Is not. 976. 1679.

- N'ISTE for NE WISTE; Knew not. *sing.* 11340.  
3414. N'ISTEN for NE WISTEN; Knew not. *pl.* 10948.
- NOBLEDEST, *pa. t. 2 pers. sing.* of NOBLE, *v. Fr.* Ennobledest. 15508.
- NOBLESSE, *n. Fr.* Dignity, splendour. 8344. 8658.
- NOBLEY, *n.* 8704. 10391. as NOBLESSE.
- NOCKED, *part. pa.* Notched. R. 942.
- NOIE, *n. Fr.* Hurt, trouble. 3772.
- NOIE, *v. Fr.* To hurt, to trouble. R. 4416.
- NOISE, *v. Fr.* To make a noise. Bo. III. m. 6.
- N'OLDE, for NE WOLDE; Would not. 3159. 3168.
- NOMBRE, *n. Fr.* Number. 718.
- NOMEN, NOME, *part. pa. of NIIME, v. SAX.* Taken. T. v. 190. 514. L. W. 1016.
- NOMPERE, *n.* An arbitrator. T. L. I, 319. See the passage quoted above in *v. LOVEDAIE.* The sense of this word is established by the *Prompt. Parv.* "Nowmper or owmper. Arbiter. Sequester." If the etymology of it were as clear, we might be able to determine, which of the two methods of writing it is the best. Custom has long declared for the latter. The modern word is *umpire*; and in P. P. 25 b. the Edit. read *an umpier*; but the Cotton. Ms. Vesp. B. xvi. has---*a numper*. I cannot find that any such word is used, in the same sense, in any other of the Gothic or Romance languages. It has been supposed by some to be a corruption of *un pere*, Fr. which I can hardly

believe; and perhaps the reader will be as backward to admit of a derivation of it from the Fr. *Nonpair*; An *odd*, or *third* person; which *an arbitrator* generally is. This however is the most probable etymology that has occurred to me; and I see that the compiler of the Statutes for the University of Oxford (whoever he was) had the same idea, for he expresses the word *umpire*, in his Latin, by *Impar*. Tit. xv. § 14. *Index*, IMPAR, aut Arbitrator, in quicunque causâ electus.

**NON**, *adj. SAX.* Not one; none. 656. 682.

**NON**, *adv. FR.* Not. 13011. *Absent or non.* 8311.

*Whether ye wol or non.* 11090.

**NONE**, *n. FR.* The ninth hour of the natural day; Nine o'clock in the morning; the hour of dinner. 9767. T. v. 1114, 22, 30.

**NONES**. *For the nones.* See the n. on ver. 381. and add, if necessary, the following instances, T. i. 562. ii. 1381. iv. 428. L. W. 295. 1068. 1114.

**NONNE**, *n. FR.* A nun. 118.

**NORICE**, *n. FR.* A nurse. 5881. Bo. ii. pr. 4. In other passages, Bo. i. pr. 3. iii. pr. 9. it is printed by mistake, I suppose, for NORIE, *n.* A foster-child. *Alumnus.*

**NORTELRIE**, *n.* Nurture, education. 3965.

**NOSETHIRLES**, *n. pl. SAX.* Nostrils. 559. P. 18.

**N'OT for NE wot**; Know not. 286. 3664.

**NOTABILITEE**, *n. FR.* A thing worthy of observation. 15215.

NOTE, *n.* SAX. Need, business. 4066.

NOTE, *n.* FR. A musical note. *To cry by note.*  
T. iv. 583. To cry aloud, in a high tone.

NOTEMUGE, *n.* Nutmeg. 13693. R. 1361.

NOTES, *n. pl.* SAX. Nuts. R. 1377.

NOT-HED; A head like a nut. See the *n.* on ver.  
109.

NOTHER, *conj.* SAX. Nor, neither. 8796. 9951.

N'OTHER, *adj.* SAX. for NE OTHER. *Neither n'other.*  
L. W. 192. Nor one nor other. *He n'is in neither  
n'other habite.* Bo. v. m. 3. *Neutro est habitu.* Orig.

NOTHING, *adv.* SAX. Not; not at all. 1756. 8251.

NOUCHES, *n. pl.* 8258. See the note. It is pro-  
bable, I think, that *Nouche* is the true word, and  
that *Ouche* has been introduced by a corruption,  
the reverse of that which has been taken notice  
of in NALE. See Du Cange, in v. *Nochia*, and  
*Nusca*; and Schilter, *Gloss. Teut.* in v. *Nuosci*;  
from whence it appears that *Nuschin*, TEUT. sig-  
nifies *Fibula*; a clasp, or buckle. As these were  
some of the most useful instruments of dress, they  
were probably some of the first that were *orna-  
mented with jewels*; by which means the name  
by degrees may have been extended, so as to in-  
clude several other *sorts of jewels*. The same  
thing may have happened in the case of the word  
BROCHE (see above); which indeed seems, origi-  
nally, to have been a *French* expression for *Nouche*.

NOUGHT, *n. & adv.* SAX. See NAUGHT.

- NOUTHE, *adv.* SAX.** Now. 464. T. I. 986. See the n. on ver. 464.
- NOVELRIES, *n. pl.* FR.** Novelties. F. II. 178.
- Now, *adv.* SAX.** *Now and now.* 10744. Once and again. *Now adayes.* 9040. 16864. In these days.
- **NOWEL, *n.* FR.** Christmas. See the n. on ver. 11567.
- NOYSAUNCE, *n.* FR.** Offence, trespass. C. D. 255.

## O.

O for Ho. 2535. See Ho.

O, *adj.* for ON; One. 740. 5555. In the curious old Ballad on the battle of Lewes (*Ant. Poet.* v. ii. p. 4.) l. 10. *ofeरlyng* should be written, I believe, *o ferlyng*, i. e. one farthing.

**OBEYSANCE, *n.* FR.** Obedience. 8378. OBEYSING. R. 3380.

**OBEYSANT, *part. pa.* FR.** Obedient. 7942. OBEYSING. L. W. 1264.

**OBSEQUIES, *n. pl.* FR.** Funeral rites. 995.

**OBSERVANCE, *n.* FR.** Respect. 10830.

**OBSERVE, *v.* FR.** To respect; to pay regard to. 13561.

**ACCIDENT, *n.* FR.** The West. 4717.

**OCTAVIEN, *pr. n.* DU.** 368. I do not suppose that Augustus is meant, but rather the fabulous emperor, who is the subject of a Romance entitled “*Octavian imperator.*” Ms. Cotton. Calig. A. II. See Percy’s Catalogue, n. 18. and the passage

quoted from Ms. Reg. 17. C. viii. in the n. on ver. 13775. The same Octavian, I apprehend, was celebrated in a piece of Arras hangings, which made part of the furniture of Henry V., and is thus described in the Inventory. *Rot. Parl.* 2 Hen. VI. Item 1 *autre pece d arras D or q comence en l estorie* "Le Octavion Roy de Rome."

OCY, OCY. C. N. 124. The nightingale's note.

OERTHROW for OVERTHROW, *part. pa.* SAX. Overthrown. C. D. 1151.

OETUS, *pr. n.* Eetes. L. W. 1436.

OF, *adv.* SAX. Off. 552. 784. 2678.

OFFENDED, *part. pa.* FR. Hurt. 2396.

OFFENSIOUN, *n.* Offence, damage. 2418.

OFFERTORIE, *n.* FR. A part of the Mass. 712.

OFFRING, *n.* FR. Offering at Mass. 452. P. 42.

OFTE, OFTE, *adv.* SAX. Often. OFTEN-SITH; Often-times. 1879. 8109.

OINEMENT, *n.* FR. Ointment. 633.

OLIFAUNT, *n.* FR. Elephant. 13739. See the note, and *R. de la Rose.* 18686. OLIPHANT sur sa haute eschine, &c.

OLIVERES, *n. pl.* FR. Olive-trees. 14042. R. 1314.

OMER, *pr. n.* Homer. T. i. 146. F. III. 376.

ON, *prep.* SAX. In. *On live.* 3041. In life; Alive.

*On twelve.* 7549. In twelve. *On hunting.* 1689.

*On hawking.* 13667. See A. *prep.*—Upon. *On to see.* 3247. To look upon. See the note; and

add L. W. 2414. Lycurgus daughter, fairer *on to-sene*—So this line is written in Ms. Bodl.

**ON, adj. SAX.** One. *After on.* 343. 1783. Alike. *They were at on.* 4195. They were agreed. See R. 5817. T. III. 586. *Ever in on.* 1773. 3878. Continually. *I mine on.* C. D. 1019. I single, I by myself. *And thus I went widewher walking mine one.* P. P. 40 b. *Non saw but he one.* P. L. 44. *All him one.* Conf. Am. 175.

**ONDE, n. SAX.** Zeal, malice. R. 148. *Ny the and onde.* P. L. 249.

**ONED, part. pa. SAX.** Made one, united. 7550. P. 16.

**ONES, pl. of ON.** 12630. *We three ben alle ones.* We three are all one.

**ONES, adv. SAX.** Once. *At ones.* 767. At once; at the same time. 3470.

**ONHED, n. SAX.** Unity. T. L. II. 339.

**ONLY, adv. SAX.** *Al only.* 13385. M. 124. Solely.

**ONY, adj. SAX.** Any. 2410.

**OPEN-ERS, n. SAX.** The fruit of the Medlar-tree. 3869.

**OPEN-HEDED, adj.** Bare-headed. 6228.

**OPIE, n. FR.** Opium. 1474.

**OPPRESSE, v. FR.** To ravish. 11723.

**OPPRESSED, part. pa.** 11697.

**OPPRESSION, n.** Rape. 6471. L. W. 1866.

**OR, adv. SAX.** Er, before. 275. 1157.

**ORATORIE, n. Fr.** A chapel. 1907. A closet. 6276.

**ORDAL, n. SAX.** Judicial trial. T. III. 1048. See Kilian. in v. *Oor-deel*, and Hickes. *Dissert. Epist.* p. 149. It is possible however that Chaucer may have used this word in its more confined sense, for *a trial by fire, or water*, without considering whether such trials were practised at Troy.

**ORDE, n. SAX.** A point. L. W. 645.

**ORDERED, part. pa.** Ordained, in holy orders. P. 90.

**ORDERS FOUR.** 210. The four orders of Mendicant Friars.

**ORDINANCE, n. Fr.** Orderly disposition. 8837. 11215.

**ORDINAT, part. pa. LAT.** Orderly, regular. 9160.

**ORE, n. SAX.** Grace, favour. 3724. See the note.

**OREWELL, pr. n.** A seaport in Essex. 279.

**ORFRAYS, n. FR.** Gold embroidery. R. 562. 869. See Du Cange in v. *Aurifrigia*.

**ORIENT, n. FR.** The east. 14320.

**ORIGENES, pr. n.** In the list of Chaucer's works in L. W. ver. 427. he says of himself, that

“ He made also, gon is a grete while,  
*Origenes upon the Maudeleine.*” —

meaning, I suppose, a translation, into prose or verse, of the Homily *de Mariā Magdalēnā*, which has been commonly, though falsely, attributed to Origen. v. Op. *Origenis*. T. II. p. 291.

Ed. Paris. 1604. I cannot believe that the Poem, entitled, "*The Lamentation of Marie Magdalene*," which is in all the editions of Chaucer, is really that work of his. It can hardly be considered as a translation, or even imitation, of the Homily; and the composition, in every respect, is infinitely meaner than the worst of his genuine pieces.

**ORISONT, n. Fr.** The horizon. 9671.

**ORLOGE, n. Fr.** A clock, or dial. 14860.

**ORPIMENT, pr. n.** A mineral so called. 16291.

**OTHER, adj. SAX.** *Alter.* LAT. The other of two.  
1134. 1137. 1277. OTHERS. *gen. ca.* 2736.

**OTHER, adj. SAX.** *Alius.* LAT. 463. 1218.

**OTHER, conj. SAX.** Or, either. 1714. 1814. 5556.

**OUCHE, n.** 6325. F. *III.* 260. See NOUCHE.

**OVER, prep. SAX.** Above. 2045. *Over all.* In  
every case; on every side. 249. 5846. 8924.

**OVER, adj. SAX.** Upper. 133.

**OVEREST, superl. d.** Uppermost. 292. 16101.

**OVER-GRET, adj. SAX.** Too great. 16116.

**OVER-LADDE, part. pa.** Overborn. 13917. *Do not  
the people oppresse, nor OVERLEDE.* Lydg. *Trag.*  
104.

**OVER-LIVE, v. SAX.** To out-live. 6842.

**OVER-MERILY, adv. SAX.** Too merrily. C. L. 406.

**OVER-MOCHE, adj. SAX.** Too great. C. L. 384.

**OVER-NOME, part. pa.** of **OVER-NIME, v. SAX.**  
Overtaken. 2802.

**OVER-SPRADDE, pa. t. SAX.** Over-spread. 2873.

T. II. 769.

**OVERTÉ, adj. FR.** Open. F. II. 210.

**OVERTHREW, pa. t. of OVERTHROW, v. neut. SAX.**  
Fell down. C. D. 663.

**OVERTHROWING, part. pr. SAX.** Falling headlong.

*By overthrowing way.* Bo. I. m. 6. *Præcipiti  
vid.* Orig. *And therefore clepeth Cassiodore po-  
verte the moder of ruine,* that is to say, *the moder  
of overthrowing or falling doun.* M. 131.

**OVER-THWART, adv. SAX.** Across. 1993. Du.  
863.—Over against. T. III. 686.

**OVER-TIMELICHE, adv. SAX.** Too early. Bo. I.  
m. 1.

**OVIDE, pr. n.** 4474. 6534. 9999. M. 81. Our  
author seems to have been well acquainted with  
the best part of Ovid's works. Most of the his-  
tories in his *Legende of good women* are taken from  
the *Epistolæ Heroidum*, or the *Metamorphoses*.  
That of *Lucrece* shews that he had read the  
*Fasti*.

**OUGHT, n. SAX.** Opiht. Any thing. 5158. 8471.  
*adv.* 3047. See AUGHT. The difference has  
arisen merely from the different usages, of writ-  
ing *A* or *O* for *One*.

**OUGHT, pa. t. of OWE.** 4331. L. W. 589. 1607.

**OUGHTEN, OUGHTE, pl.** M. 114. 143.—From  
hence, as it seems, has been formed a new verb  
*Ought*, which is very commonly used in the *pre-*

*sent tense*, for *Owe*, in both numbers. 3053. 9400,  
2. 14687. M. 93.

*Ought* is also used as an *Impers.* in the *pr.* and  
*pa. t.* *Wel ought us werke.* 15482. Well be-  
hoveth it us to work. *Hem oughte have gret*  
*repentance.* M. 142. It behoved them to have  
g. r.

**OUNDING**, *n.* FR. Waving; imitating waves. P.  
43.

**OURES**, *pr. poss.* SAX. Ours. 12720. 13203. See  
the Essay, &c. n. 29.

**OUT**, *interrj.* SAX. Away! 3823. 10240.

**OUT**, *adv.* SAX. *Out and out.* T. II. 739. Through-  
out.

**OUTHEES**, *n.* LAT. BARB. Outcry. 2014. *And*  
*born to London brigge full hie OUTHEYS.* P. L.  
339.

**OUTRAGE**, *n.* FR. Violence. 2014.

**OUTRAIE**, *v.* FR. To fly out; to be outrageous.  
8519.

**OUT-REDE**, *v.* SAX. To surpass in counsel. 2451.

**OUTRELY**, *adv.* FR. Utterly. 12783.

**OUT-RENNE**, *v.* SAX. To outrun. 2451.

**OUT-STRAUGHT**, *pa. t.* of **OUT-STRETCH**, *v.* SAX.  
Stretched out. R. 1515.

**OUT-TAKEN**, *part. pa.* Taken out; excepted.

**OUT-TAKEN** *Crist on loft.* 4697. Christ in hea-  
ven being excepted. **OUT-TAKE** *Carleon, that*  
*was in Arthure tyme.* P. L. 332.

- OWE**, *v. SAX.* Debeo. 3091. **OWEN**, *pl.* 7688.  
**M.** 126.  
**OWEN**, **OWNE**, *part. pa.* 8380. 9664. 13126.  
**OWHERE**, *adv. SAX.* Anywhere. 655.  
**OWNDIE**, *adj. FR.* Waving. F. III. 296.  
**OXENFORDE**, *pr. n.* Oxford. 3329.  
**OYSE**, *pr. n.* A river in Picardy. F. III. 838.

**P.**

- PACE**, *v. FR.* To pass away. 8968. 10808.—To surpass. 576.  
**PAGE**, *n. FR.* A boy-child. 3970.—A boy-servant. 12975. L. W. 2035.  
**PAIE**, *n. FR.* Liking, satisfaction. R. 5938.  
**PAIE**, *v. FR.* To please, to satisfy. R. 3599.—To pay. 13120.  
**PAIDE**, *part. pa.* Pleased. 6767. C. D. 426.—Payed. 13319, 29.  
**PAILLET**, *n. FR.* A couch (properly of straw). T. III. 230.  
**PAINDEMAINE**. 13655. See the note.  
**PAIRE**, *v. FR.* To impair. R. 6103. *If I speke ought to PAIRE her loos*, i. e. to impair their credit or reputation. So this line is written in Edit. 1542. and Ms. Hunter.  
**PALAMEDES**, *pr. n. B. K.* 331. Not the son of Nauplius, one of the Grecian commanders at the war of Troy, but a knight of the Round table, called **PALOMIDES** in "*Mort d'Arthur*;" the unsuccess-

ful rival of Tristan for the love of *la belle Isoude*. See *Mort d'Arthur*, B. II. which seems to be compiled chiefly from the *Roman de Tristan*.

**PALASINS**, *n. pl.* FR. R. 6862. *Ladies Palasins*; Ladies of the court. In the Orig. *Palatines*. See Du Cange, in v. **PALATINI**.

**PALATIE**, *pr. n.* See the *n.* on ver. 65.

**PALE**, *n.* A perpendicular stripe, in Heraldry. F. III. 750.

**PALE**, *v.* FR. To make pale. Bo. II. m. 3.

**PALEIS**, *n.* FR. A palace. 2201. 10374.

**PALFREIS**, *n. pl.* FR. Horses for the road. 2497. where *Stedes* are horses for battle. *Ne large palfrey, esy for the nones.* L. W. 1114.

**PALING**, *n.* FR. Imitating pales. P. 43.

**PALLADION**, *n.* GR. The image of Pallas at Troy. T. I. 153.

**PALLED**, *part. pa.* FR. Made pale. 17004.

**PALMERES**, *n. pl.* See the *n.* on ver. 13.

**PALMERIE**, *pr. n.* Palmyra in Syria. 14253.

**PAMPHILUS**, *pr. n.* 11422. See the note.

**PAMPRED**, *part. pa.* Pampered, made plump. C. L. 177. See *Jun. Etymol.* who derives it from the FR. *Pampre*; a vine-branch, full of leaves.

**PAN**, *pr. n.* The heathen deity. Du. 512.

**PAN**, *n.* SAX. The skull; the head. 1167. 13958.

**PANTER**, *n.* FR. A net. R. 1621. L. W. 131.

**PAPELARD**, *n.* FR. A hypocrite. R. 7233.

**PAPELARDIE**, *n.* FR. Hypocrisy. R. 6796.

PAPER-WHITE, *adj.* White as paper. L. W. 1196.

PAR, *prep.* Fr. *Par amour.* 1157. With love.

See the note. *Par compagnie.* 3837. For company. *Par chance.* 12540. By chance. *Par cuere.* R. 4796. By heart. *Memoriter.* So this line should be written.

PARABOLES, *n. pl.* Fr. Parables; the Proverbs of Solomon. 6261.

PARAGE, *n.* Fr. Kindred. 5832.

PARAILLE, *n.* Fr. Apparel. 6143.

PARAMOUR, PARAMOURS, *n.* Fr. Love, gallantry. 3354. 3754, 6. 13772—A lover, of either sex. 6036. 6954. See the n. on ver. 1157.

PARAVENTURE, *adv.* Fr. Happily, by chance. 6475.

PARAUNTER, corruption of *Peraventure*, Du. 556. 779.

PARCE, *n. pl.* LAT. The Fates. T. v. 3.

PARCEL-MELE, *adv.* By parcels, or parts. P. 120.

PARDE, PARDIEUX. 7257. 9110. T. II. 759. A common Fr. oath, which most of the personages in Chaucer express very frequently in English, with as little ceremony as the Greeks used their νη Δια, and with as little meaning too. See ver. 1812. 4024. 4033. 6168. 7432.

PARDONER, *n.* Fr. A seller of pardons, or indulgences. See his CHARACTER, ver. 671.—716. See also the n. on ver. 710. and P. P. 2.

PAREMENTS, *n. pl.* Fr. Ornamental furniture, or clothes. See the n. on ver. 10583.

- PARENTELE, *n.* FR. Kindred. P. 107.
- PARFAY, FR. *Par foy.* By my faith. 3681.
- PARFEI. R. 6228. as PARFAY.
- PARFIT, *adj.* FR. Perfect. 72. 5697.
- PARFITLY, *adv.* Perfectly. 5693.
- PARFOURME, *v.* FR. To perform. 7843. 9926.
- PARISHENS, *n. pl.* FR. Parishioners. 484.
- PARITORIE, *n.* FR. LAT. The herb *Parietaria*, or *Pellitory of the wall.* 16049.
- PARLEMENT, *n.* FR. An assembly for consultation. 2972. T. IV. 211.—A consultation. R. 7358.
- PARTEN, *inf. m.* FR. To take part. 9504. L. W. 465.
- PARTIE, *n.* FR. A part. 3010. 4437.—A party, *in a dispute.* 2659.
- PARVIS, *n.* FR. A portico before a church. Du Cange, in *v.* *Paradisus*, I. It appears from R. 7158. Orig. 12530. that books were commonly sold *Au parvis devant Notre Dame* at Paris. At London, the *Parvis* was frequented by Serjeants at Law. See ver. 312. and Fortescue *de laud. leg. Ang. c. li.* *Post meridiem curiae non tenentur; sed placitantes tunc se divertunt ad Pervisum et alibi, consulentes cum servientibus ad Legem et aliis consiliariis suis.* There is a difference of opinion where the *Parvis* at London, to which the Lawyers resorted, was situated. Somner supposes it to have been in Old-Palace-yard, before Westminster-hall. Gloss. in *x Script. v. Trifo-*

*rium.* But others, with more probability, think it was what Dugdale calls *the Pervyse of Pawles.* See the notes upon Fortescue, *loc. cit.* When the Serjeants had dined in any of the Inns of Court, St. Paul's lay much more conveniently for an afternoon consultation than Westminster-hall.

**PAS,** *n.* Fr. A foot-pace. See the *n.* on ver. 827. and T. II. 627. *His horse*—On which he rode *a pas ful softly.*

**PASS,** *v.* Fr. To surpass; to excel. 450. L. W. 1125.—To judge; to pass sentence. 3091. T. III. 1288. L. W. 162.

**PASSANT, PASSING,** *part. pr.* Excelling. 2109. 16082.

**PATREN,** *inf. m.* To pray; properly, to repeat the *Pater noster.* R. 7195. 6794.

**PAVADE,** *n.* 3927. See the note.

**PAUMES,** *n. pl.* Fr. The palms of the hands. T. III. 1120.

**PAX.** *To kisse the Pax.* P. 42. For an account of this ceremony see Du Cange, in *v.*

**PAYEN,** *adj.* Fr. Pagan. 2372.

**PAYNES,** *n. pl.* Heathens. 4962.

**PAYSANCE,** *n.* C. D. 1673. “Pausing or stopping, Gloss. *Ur.*” q?

**PECUNIAL,** *adj.* Pecuniary, paid in money. 6896.

**PEES,** *n.* Fr. Peace. 2319. When used as an *interjection*, 6420. 6432. it signifies the same as *Hold thy pees.* 2670. Be silent.

PEINE, *n.* FR. Penalty. *Up peine of deth.* 5304.

See UP.—Grief, torment. 1321. 2385.—Labour. 11042.

PEINE, *v.* FR. To torture; to put to pain. 1748.

*She peined hire.* 139. 4740. She took great pains.

PEISE, *v.* FR. To poize; to weigh. T. III. 1413.

PELL, *n.* F. III. 220. "A house, a cell. Sp. and Sk. f. a palace. Gloss. *Ur.*" q?

PELLET, *n.* FR. *Pelotte.* A ball. F. III. 553.

PENANCE, *n.* FR. Repentance. P. 5.—Pains to be undergone by way of satisfaction for sin. 223. 5411.—Pain, sorrow. 4758. 5224. 11052.

PENANT, *n.* FR. A person doing penance. 13940.

PENCELL, *n.* FR. *Pennoncel.* A small streamer. T. v. 1043.

PENIBLE, *adj.* FR. Industrious, pains-taking. 7428. 8590.

PENITENCER, *n.* FR. A priest, who enjoins penance in extraordinary cases. P. 120.

PENMARK, *pr. n.* A place in Bretagne. See the n. on ver. 11113.

PENNER, *n.* 9753. A pen-case. In the inventory of the goods of Henry V. *Rot. Parl.* 2 H. 6. n. 15. m. 13. is the following article: "*Un penner' et 1 ynkhorn d' arg' dorrez.*" And again, m. 20. "*1 pennere et 1 corne covert du velvet bloy.*"

PENON, *n.* FR. A streamer, or ensign. 980.

PENS, *n. pl.* SAX. Pennies. 12310. 12864.

PENSELL, *n.* R. 6280. as PENCELL.

PENSIFEHED, *n.* Pensiveness. B. K. 102.

PEPER, *n.* LAT. Pepper. 16230. *To brewe peper.*  
R. 6028. seems to be an expression for the preparation of a hot, pungent liquor, which should burn the throats of the drinkers. In the Orig. it is—*Dames les brasseron tel poivre.* 11514.

PEPLE, *n.* FR. People. 2532, 6.

PEPLISH, *adj.* Vulgar. T. iv. 1677.

PERCHE, *n.* FR. A perch for birds. 14890.

PERCEL, *adv.* B. K. 225. r. *Parcel.* Ed. 1542. By parcels, or parts.

PERDE. F. II. 332. as PARDE.

PERE, *v.* To appear. C. L. 55.

PERE, *n.* FR. A peer, an equal. 4024. 10990.

PEREGAL, *adj.* Equal. T. v. 840.

PEREGRINE, *adj.* FR. Wandering. 10742. See the note.

PERELES, *adj.* Without an equal. B. K. 347.

PERJENETE, *n.* A young pear. See the *n.* on ver. 3248.

PERNASO, *pr. n.* Mount Parnassus. 11033.

PERRIE, *n.* FR. Jewels; precious stones. 2938. 5926.

PERSAUNT, *part. pr.* FR. Piercing. R. 2809.

PERSE, *pr. n.* Persia. 14258.

PERSE, *adj.* FR. Sky-coloured, of a bluish grey. 441.

PERSELEE, *n.* SAX. LAT. Parsley. 4348.

PERSONE, *n.* BARB. LAT. A man; generally, a

man of dignity. 10339.—A parson, or rector of a church. 7590. See his CHARACTER. 479—530.

PERSONER. T. L. II. 326.

PERTELOTE, *pr. n.* of a hen. 14876.

PERTURBE, *v. Fr.* To trouble. 908.

PERTURBING, *n.* Disturbance. 7836.

PERVINKE, *n. Sax. Lat.* The herb periwinkle. R. 903.

PERY, *n. Fr.* A pear-tree, 10091.

PESE, *n. Fr.* R. 4703. as PEES.

PESEN, *n. pl. Sax.* Peas. L. W. 648.

PESIBLE, *adj.* Peaceable. R. 7413.

PETER ALFONSE. M. 102, 4. PIERS ALFONSE. M. 89. 111. 131. See the note on M, 89.

PETRARK, *pr. n.* 7907. 14331. See the note on ver. 7927. and 14253. Our author has inserted a translation of the 102d Sonnet of Petrarch into his *Troilus and Cresseide*. B. I. ver. 394—421. It is not in the *Filostrato*. There seems to be no sufficient reason for believing that Chaucer had ever seen Petrarch. See the Discourse, &c. § xx. n. 20.

PEYTREL, *n. Fr.* The breast-plate of a horse. 16032. P. 46.

PHISIKE, *n. Fr.* Medicine. 415. 2762. *Doctour of Phisike.* See his CHARACTER. 413—446.

PHISIOLOGUS, *pr. n.* 15277. See the note. There was a larger work, with the same title, in prose,

which is frequently quoted by Vincent of Beauvais.

**PHITON**, *pr. n.* The serpent Python. 17058, 77.  
**PHITONESSE**, *n.* BARB. LAT. A witch. 7092. F. III. 171. See the *n.* on ver. 7092.

**PIE**, *n.* FR. A magpie, 10963.—A prating gossip, or tell-tale. T. III. 528. F. II. 195.

**PIERRIE**, *n.* FR. Jewels; precious stones. 14311.

**PIGGESNIE**. See the *n.* on ver. 3268.

**PIGHT**, *pa. t. of PIKE*, *v.* SAX. Pitched. 2691.

**PIKE**, *v.* SAX. To pitch. To pick, as a hawk does his feathers. 9885. To steal. L. W. 2456.—To peep. T. III. 60.

**PIKE**, *n.* SAX. A fish so called. 9293.

**PIKEREL**, *n.* SAX. A young pike. 9293.

**PILCHE**, *n.* SAX. A coat, or cloak, of skins. Prov. 4. *Toga pellicea.* Junius in *v.*

**PILER**, *n.* FR. A pillar. 1995. Du. 739.

**PILLE**, *v.* FR. *Piller.* To rob, to plunder. 6944. P. 87.

**PILLED**, rather **PILED**, *part. pa.* FR. *Pelé.* Bald. 629. 3933.

**PILLOURS**, *n. pl.* FR. Plunderers. 1009. P. 88.

**PILWE**, *n.* SAX. A pillow. T. v. 224.

**PILWE-BERE**, *n.* SAX. The covering of a pillow. 696.

**PIMENT**, *n.* BARB. LAT. Spiced wine. R. 6027.—Wine mixed with honey. Bo. II. m. 5. See **CLARRE**.

PINCHE, *v.* FR. To squeeze. *Ther coude no wight pinche at his writing.* 328. No one could lay hold of any flaw in his writings.

PINE, *n.* SAX. Pain, grief. 1326. 6369.

PINE, *v.* SAX. To torment. R. 3511.

PINED, *part. pa.* Tortured. 15065.

PIPE, *v.* SAX. To play on a pipe. 3874. *To pipe in an ivy lefe.* 1840. T. L. III. 348. is put for any *useless employment*; as it is now said of a disappointed man, *He may go whistle.* See BUCKES HORN.

PISTELL, *n.* SAX. LAT. An epistle. 9030.—A short lesson. 6603.

PITANCE, *n.* FR. A mess of victuals. 224. It properly means an extraordinary allowance of victuals, given to Monastics, in addition to their usual commons. See Du Cange, in *v.* PICTANTIA.

PITH, *n.* SAX. Marrow; strength. 6057.

PITOUS, *adj.* FR. Merciful. 10334.—Compassionate. 8980.—Exciting compassion. 8962.

PITOUSLY, *adv.* Pitifully. 5339. 8958.

PLAGE, *n.* LAT. The plague. P. 65.

PLAGES, *n. pl.* LAT. The divisions of the globe. *The plages of the North.* 4963. The Northern regions.

PLAIN, *n.* FR. A plain. 4444. 11510.

PLAIN, *adj.* Simple, clear. 11032. It is often used as an *adverb.* 792. 5306. See PLAT.

- PLAIN, *v.* To make plain. T. v. 1229.
- PLAINE, *v.* Fr. To complain. 5969. 11629.
- PLAINLICHE, *adv.* Plainly. T. ii. 272.
- PLAT, PLATTE, *adj.* Fr. Flat, plain. 1847. 12582.  
—The flat of a sword. 10476. T. iv. 937.—It is often used as an *adverb*. 12582. *All plat*, i. e. Flatly. *Ful plat and eke ful plain*. 14675.
- PLATE, *n.* A flat piece of metal. *A brest-plate*. 2122. Armour for the breast. *A pair of plates*. 2123. Armour for the breast and back.
- PLAY, *n.* SAX. Sport, pleasure. 8906. 3047.
- PLAY, *v.* To sport, to take pleasure. 12892. 12901.  
To act upon a stage. 3384. To play upon musical instruments. 3306. 3333. *To play a pilgrimage*. 13163, 4. To withdraw upon pretence of going on a pilgrimage.
- PLE, *n.* Fr. An argument, or pleading. A. F. 485.
- PLEIN, *adj.* Fr. Full, perfect. 339. 8802.
- PLENERE, *adj.* Fr. Complete. L. W. 1605.
- PLESANCE, *n.* Fr. Pleasure. 9308. 9524.
- PLESINGES, *n. pl.* Pleasures. 5131.
- PLETE, *v.* Fr. To plead. T. ii. 1468.
- PLETING, *n.* Pleading. P. 13.
- PLIE, *v.* Fr. To bend, or mould. 9045. 9304.
- PLIGHT, *n.* Condition. P. 87.
- PLIGHT, *pa. t. and part. of PLUCK, v.* SAX. Pulled, plucked. 4435. 6372. 14055. R. 1745.
- PLIGHTE, *v.* SAX. To engage, to promise. 659<sup>b</sup>. 13128.

**PLIGHTE, pa. t.** 6633. **PLIGHTEN, pl.** 11640.  
**PLITE, v.** To plait, or fold. T. ii. 697. 1204. See  
**PLIE.**

**PLITE, n.** Condition, form. 16420. See **PLIGHT.**

**PLUNGY, adj.** Fr. Wet, rainy. Bo. iii. m. 1.

**POILEIS, adj.** Fr. Of Apulia, anciently called **POILE.**  
See the n. on ver. 10509. *Willamme's dogter Conversane in Poyle to wyve he nome.* R. G. 413.

**POINT, m** Fr. The principal business. 2967.—A stop, or full point. 16948.—*In good point.* 200.  
In good case, or condition. *At point devise.* 3689. 10874. R. 1215. With the greatest exactness.  
*At point to brest.* T. iv. 1638. *In point far to brast.* R. 3186. Ready to burst.

**POINTEL, n.** Fr. A style, or pencil, for writing. 7324. Bo. i. pr. 1.

**POINTEN, inf. m. v.** Fr. To prick with any thing pointed. R. 1058.

**POKE, n.** Fr. A pocket. 3778.—A bag. 4276. See  
**POUCHE.**

**POKE, v.** Fr. To thrust. 4167.

**POLIVE, n.** A pulley. 10498.

**POLLAX, n.** SAX. A halberd. 2546. *Bipennis.*  
Prompt. Parv.

**POMEL, n.** Fr. Any ball, or round thing. The top of the head. 2691.

**POMELEE, adj.** Fr. Spotted with round spots like

- apples, dappled. *Pomelee gris.* 16027. Of a dapple-grey colour.
- POPELOT, *n.* See the *n.* on ver. 3254.
- POPET, *n.* FR. A puppet. 13631.
- POPINGAY, *n.* A parrot. 10196. 13299. *Papegaut,* FR. *Papegaey.* BELG. *Papagallo.* ITAL.
- POPPED, *adj.* FR. Nicely dressed. R. 1019.
- POPPER, *n.* See the *n.* on ver. 3929.
- PORE, *v.* To look earnestly. 5877. 7320. POREN, *pr. t. pl.* 16138.
- PORE, *adj.* 7518. for POURÉ.
- PORISME, *n.* GR. Bo. III. pr. 10. is used in the sense of—A corollary; a theorem deduced from another.
- PORPHURIE, *pr. n.* of a species of marble; Porphyry. 16243.
- PORT, *n.* FR. Carriage, behaviour. 69. 138.
- PORTECOLISE, *n.* FR. A falling gate, a portcullis. R. 4168.
- PORTOS, *n.* See the *n.* on ver. 13061.
- POSE, *n.* A rheum, or defluxion, obstructing the voice. 4150. 17011. *Catarrus.* *Corisa.* Prompt. Parv.
- POSE, *v.* FR. To suppose. 1164. T. III. 572. I POSE, *I had sinned so.* P. P. 95. b.
- POSSE, *v.* FR. To push. L. W. 2409.
- POSSED, *part. pa.* R. 4479.
- POSSESSIONERS, *n. pl.* LAT. An invidious name

for such religious communities, as were endowed with lands, &c. 7304. The Mendicant orders professed to live entirely upon alms.

POST, *n.* SAX. A prop, or support. 214. T. I. 1001.

POSTE, *n.* FR. Power. R. 6484. 6533.

POTECARY, *n.* FR. An apothecary. 12786.

POTENT, *n.* FR. A crutch. R. 368. 7417. A walking-stick. 7358.

POTENTIAL, *adj.* FR. Strong, powerful. F. III. 5.

POTESTAT, *n.* FR. A principal magistrate. 7599.

POUCHE, *n.* FR. Pocket, pouch. 3929.

POUDRE, *n.* FR. Powder. 16228. F. II. 28. Poudres, *pl.* 16275.

POUDRE MARCHANT. 383. See the note.

POVERTE, *n.* FR. Poverty. 6759. 6767. It is to be pronounced *Povére*; the final *e* being considered as an *e* feminine.

POULCE, *n.* FR. The pulse. T. III. 1120.

POULE, *pr. n.* St. Paul. 7229. *Poules windowes.* 3318. See the note.

POUNSONED, *part. pa.* FR. Punched with a bodkin. P. 44.

POUPE, *v.* To make a noise with a horn. 15405. 17039.

POURCHACE, *n.* FR. To buy. 610.—To provide. 5293. T. II. 1125.

POURCHAS, *n.* FR. Acquisition, purchase. 258. 7033.

POURE, *v.* R. 1640. T. II. 1708. as PORE.

POURE, *adj.* Fr. Poor. 6769. 6775.

POURTRAIE, *v.* Fr. To draw a picture. 96.

POURTRAIOUR, *n.* A drawer of pictures. 1901.

POURTRAITUDE, *n.* A picture, or drawing. 1917.  
1970.

PRACTIKE, *n.* Fr. Practice. 5769.

PREAMBLE, *n.* Fr. Preface. 6413.

PREAMBULATIOUN, *n.* Preamble. 6419.

PRECIOUS, *adj.* Fr. Over-nice. 5730. 9836.

PREDESTINE, *n.* Fr. Predestination. T. IV. 966.

PREDICATION, *n.* Fr. Preaching; a sermon.  
12279.

PREES, *n.* Fr. A press, or crowd. 5066. 6104.

PREFE, PREVE, *n.* Fr. Proof, trial. 8663. *At preve.* T. III. 1004. Upon trial. *With evil prefe.* 5829. Evil may it prove! See WITH.

PREFECT, *n.* Fr. LAT. A governor, or principal magistrate. 15830.

PREISE, *n.* Fr. Commendation. 8902.

PREISE, *v.* Fr. To commend. 8898. 9420.—To value. 9728.

PRENTIS, *n.* Fr. An apprentice. 4383. 5885.

PRENTISHODE, *n.* Apprenticeship. 4398.

PREPARAT, *part. pa.* LAT. Prepared. 16278.

PRES, *adv.* Fr. Near. So I suspect this word is to be understood in ver. 14143. *Of près.* i. e. at hand; close. *De près.* Fr. Or perhaps *Of près* may be put for *In a prees.* See PREES.

PRESE, *v.* FR. To press, or crowd. 2582. R. 4198.

PRESENT, *v.* FR. To offer, to make a present of. 12190. *And with the wine she gan hem to PRESENT.* L. W. 1093. *And smote his hed of, his fader to PRESENT.* P. L. 18.

PRESENTARIE, *adj.* LAT. Present. Bo. v. pr. 6.

PREST, *adj.* FR. Ready. T. II. 785. III. 919.

PRETEND, *v.* FR. To lay claim to. T. IV. 922.

PRETERIT, *adj.* FR. Passed. R. 5011.

PREVE, *v.* FR. To try. 8575. 9028.—To demonstrate by trial. 10112.

PREVE, *v. neut.* To turn out upon trial. 8876.

PRICK, *n.* SAX. A point. Bo. II. pr. 7. F. II. 399.—A pointed weapon. 2608.

PRICK, PRIKE, *v.* SAX. To wound. 8914.—To spur a horse; to ride hard. 16029. R. 2314.

PRICKASOUR, *n.* A hard rider. 189.

PRICKING, *n.* Hard riding. 191.

PRIDELES, *adj.* SAX. Without pride. 8806.

PRIE, *v.* To look curiously. 3458. 7320.

PRIKKE, *n.* 5449. See PRICK.

PRIME, *adj.* FR. LAT. First. *At prime temps.* R. 3373. *At the first time.* *At prime face.* T. III. 921. *At first appearance.*

PRIME, *n.* The first quarter of the artificial day. T. II. 1095. *Half way prime.* 3904. Prime half spent. See the *n.* on ver. 3904. *Prime large.*

10674. Prime far advanced. In ver. 10387. it seems to be used metaphorically for *the season of action or business*.

**PRIMEROLE**, *n.* Fr. A primrose. 3268. *Conf. Am.* 148. b.

**PRIMETEMPS**, *n.* Fr. Spring. R. 4747.

**PRIS**, *n.* Fr. Price. 817.—Praise. 67. 237. T. II. 181. 376. *Or it be prys, or it be blame.* *Conf. Am.* 165.

**PRIVE**, *adj.* Fr. Private. *Privé and apert.* 6696. Private and publick. *Privé man.* 8395. A man entrusted with private business.

**PRIVELY**, *adv.* Privately. 1445.

**PRIVATEE**, *n.* Private business. 3454. 3603.

**PROCESSE**, *n.* Lat. Progress. 2969.

**PROFESSION**, *n.* Fr. The monastic profession. 13085. R. 4910.

**PROHEME**, *n.* Fr. Gr. A preface. 7919.

**PROINE**, *v.* Fr. *Provigner.* It seems to have signified originally, *to take cuttings from vines*, in order to plant them out. From hence it has been used for the cutting away of the superfluous shoots of all trees; which we now call *pruning*; and for that operation, which birds, and particularly hawks, perform upon themselves, of picking out their superfluous or damaged feathers. In allusion to this last sense, Damian is said to *proine and pike* himself. 9885. Gower, speaking of an *eagle*, says,

For there *he pruneth him and piketh,*  
As doth an hauke, whan him wel liketh.

*Conf. Am.* 139.

**PROLLE**, *v.* To go about in search of a thing  
16880.

**PROVABLE**, *adj.* Fr. Capable of being demonstrated.  
R. 5414.

**PROVENDE**, *n.* Fr. *Præbenda.* Lat. A prebend; a daily or annual allowance or stipend. R. 6931. See Du Cange, in *v.* **PRÆBENDA**.

**PROVENDRE**, *n.* A prebendary. T. L. II. 326.

**PROVERBE**, *n.* Fr. Lat. A prudential maxim.  
6233. 9441.

**PROVERBE**, *v.* To speak proverbially. T. III.  
294.

**PROVOSTRY**, *n.* Fr. The office of Provost, or Prefect. *Præfectura.* Bo. III. pr. 4.

**PROW**, *n.* Fr. Profit, advantage. 12234. 13338.

**PROWESSE**, *n.* Fr. Integrity. Bo. IV. pr. 3.

**PRUCE**, *pr. n.* Prussia. 53.

**PRUCE**, *adj.* Prussian. 2124.

**PRUNED**, *pa. t.* C. D. 1874. as **PROINED**.

**PTHOLOMEE**, *pr. n.* 5764. 5906. See the note on ver. 5764 and 17278. and *Rom. de la R.* 7399. 19449.

**PUELLA** and **RUBEUS**. 2047. “The names of two figures in Geomancie, representing two constellations in heaven: *Puella* signifieth Mars retrograde, and *Rubeus* Mars direct.” Sp.

PULCHRITUDE, *n.* LAT. Beauty. C. L. 613.

PULLAILE, *n.* FR. Poultry. R. 7094.

PULLED HEN. 177. See the note. I have been told since, that a hen whose feathers are pulled, or plucked off, will not lay any eggs. If that be true, there is more force in the epithet than I apprehended.

PUNICE, *v.* FR. To punish. R. 7187. T. v. 1706.

PURE, *adj.* FR. Mere, very. See the *n.* on ver. 1281. and add these instances. *Pure fere.* Du. 1251. *Pure kind.* F. II. 316.

PURED, *part. pa.* Purified. 5725. 11864.

PURFILED, *part. pa.* See the *n.* on ver. 193.

PURPOS, *n.* FR. Purpose, design. 6293.—Proposition in discourse. T. II. 897.

PURPRISE, *n.* FR. An inclosure. R. 3987.

PURVEYANCE, *n.* FR. Foresight; Providence. 1254. 3013.—Provision. 3566.

PURVEYE, *v.* To foresee. T. IV. 1066.—To provide. 6173.

PUTERIE, *n.* FR. Whoredom. P. 103.

PUTOURS, *n. pl.* Whoremongers. P. 103.

PYTHAGORAS, *pr. n.* DU. 1167. See the passage quoted in *v. AURORA.*

## Q.

QUAD, QUADE, *adj.* TEUT. Bad. See the *n.* on ver. 4345. and ver. 13368. *None quad;* Nothing evil. *Conf. Am.* 103.

**QUAILE-PIPE, n.** A pipe used to call quails. R. 7213.

**QUAIRE, n. Fr.** A quire of paper; a book. B. K. 675.

**QUAKKE, n.** 4150. seems to be put for an inarticulate noise, occasioned by any obstruction in the throat.

**QUALME, n. Sax.** Sickness. 2016.—The noise made by a raven. T. v. 382.

**QUAPPE, v.** To tremble, to quake. T. III. 57. L. W. 865.

**QUARELS, n. pl. Fr.** Square arrows. R. 1823.

**QUEINT, n.** See *Junii Etymolog.* in v.

**QUEINTE, adj. Fr.** Strange. 2335. 10553. *I made of that leſe full queint.* R. 3079. See ver. 11530. He made it *strange*.—Cunning, artful. 3605. 4049.—Trim, neat. R. 2251.

**QUEINTE, pa. t. & part. of QUENCH, v. Sax.** Quenched. 2336. 2338, 9.

**QUEINTISE, n.** Trimness, neatness. R. 2250.—Excessive trimness. P. 110.—Cunning. P. 83.

**QUELLE, v. Sax.** To kill, to destroy. 15396. 16173.

**QUEME, v. Sax.** To please. R. 7222. T. v. 695.  
*Wel me QUEMETH.* Conf. Am. 68.

**QUENE, n. Sax.** A queen. 4581.—A harlot. R. 7082.

**QUERNE, n. Sax.** A hand-mill. 14080. F. III. 708.

**QUERROUR, n. Fr.** One that works in a stone-quarry. R. 4149.

**QUESTE, n. Fr.** A prayer or demand. F. III. 648.

**QUEST-MONGERS, n. pl.** Packers of inquests, or juries. P. 92.

**QUETHE, v. SAX.** To say; to declare. *I quethe him quite.* R. 6999. is a translation of an old technical term in the law; *Clamo illi quietum.* The original Fr. has only *Je quitte.*

**QUIK, adj. SAX.** Alive. 1017. R. 5056.

**QUIKEST, superl. d.** Speediest. *The quikkest strete.* 11806. The most expeditious way.

**QUIKEN, v. SAX.** To make alive. 15949.

**QUIKED, part. pa.** Made alive. 11362.

**QUIKED, pa. t. of the same v. used in a neutral sense.** 2337. Became alive.

**QUINIBLE, n.** 3332. is the instrument, I suppose, which is called in BARB. LAT. *Quinterna* and *Quintaria.* See Du Cange, and Carpentier, in v. *Quinternizare*; and Mehus, *Vita d'Ambr. Camald.* p. 323. *Lyrā, limbutā, quintariā, ribebā, avenā, tibūisque.*

**QUISHIN, n. Fr.** A cushion. T. III. 966.

**QUISTRON, n.** R. 886. A beggar. Gl. *Ur.* I rather believe it signifies a Scullion; *un garçon de cuisine.*

**QUITE, adj. Fr.** Free, quiet. 15916.

**QUITE, v. Fr.** To requite; to pay for. 772. 3121.—To acquit. R. 3069.

**QUITTE, part. pa.** Requited. R. 3146.

QUITEMLY, *adv.* Freely, at liberty. 1794.

QUOD, *pa. t.* of QUETHE. Said. 790. 839.

QUOKE, *pa. t.* of QUAKE, *v. SAX.* Trembled, shook. 1578. 14210.

### R.

RA, *n. SAX.* A roe-deer. 4084.

RACINE, *n. FR.* A root. R. 4881.

RAD, RADDE, *pa. t.* of REDE, *v. SAX.* Advised. A. F. 579.—Explained. Du. 281.

RADEVORE. L. W. 2341. Tapestry. “*Ras* in FR. signifies any stuff, as *Ras de Chalons*, *Ras de Gennes*, *Ras de Vore*, or *Vaur*, may be a stuff made at such a place. Gloss. *Ur.*” There is a town in Languedoc, called *La Vaur*; but I know not that it was ever famous for tapestry.

RAFLES, *n. pl. FR.* Plays with dice. P. 91.

RAFTE, *pa. t.* of REVE, *v. SAX.* Took away. 14104, 7.

RAGE, *v. FR.* To toy wantonly. 259. 3273.

RAGERIE, *n.* Wantonness. 6037. 9721.

RAGOUNCES. R. 1117. should probably be JAGONCES, as in the Orig. FR. The precious stones, called Jacinths, or Hyacinths.

RAINES, *pr. n.* The city of Rennes in Bretagne. Du. 255.

RAKE-STELE, *n. SAX.* The handle of a rake. 6531.

RAKEL, *adj.* Hasty, rash. 17227. T. i. 1068.

RAKELNESSE, *n.* Rashness. 17232.

**RAKET.** *To play racket; nettle in, dock out;* seems to be used as a proverbial expression, signifying, *to be inconstant.* T. iv. 461. T. L. i. 319. b. What the original of the phrase may have been is not so clear.

**RAMAGE,** *adj. Fr.* Wild. R. 5384.

**RAMMISH,** *adj. SAX.* Rank, like a ram. 16355.

**RAMPE,** *v. Fr.* To climb. *She rampeth in my face.* 13910. She rises against me, flies in my face.

**RAN,** *pa. t. of RENNE.* 4103. 6552. **RANNEN,** *pl. 2927.*

**RAPE,** *adv.* Quickly, speedily. R. 6516.

**RAPE,** *n.* Haste. Ch. *wordes to his Scrivener.* 7.

**RAPE,** *v. SAX.* To take captive. *To rape and renne.* 16890. To seize and plunder. See RENNE.

**RASIS,** *pr. n.* 434. An Arabian Physician of the xth Century. See Fabric. *Bibl. Gr.* t. xiii. p. 46. in v. ALBUBECAR.

**RASKAILE,** *n.* A pack of rascals. T. v. 1852.

**RATED,** *part. pa.* Chidden. 3463.

**RATHE,** *adv. SAX.* Soon, early. 13029.—Speedily. T. ii. 1088.

**RATHER,** *comp. d.* Sooner. 10176.

**RATHEST,** *superl. d.* Soonest. B. K. 428.

**RATHER,** *adj. SAX. comp. d.* Former. T. iii. 1342.

**RATOUNS,** *n. pl. Fr.* Rats. 12788.

**RAUGHT,** *pa. t. of Raegan, v. SAX.* Reached. 136. 2917. *On his way he raught.* T. ii. 447. He sprang forth on his way.

- RAUGHT, *pa. t.* of Reccan, *v. SAX.* Cared, recked.  
3770. 15346.
- RAVENERS (*Ravinours*), *n. pl.* Plunderers. Bo. i.  
pr. 3.
- RAVINE, *n. FR.* Rapine. *Foules of ravine.* A. F.  
323. Birds of prey.
- RAVISABLE, *adj. FR.* Ravenous. R. 7066.
- RAVISHING, *part. pr. FR.* Rapid. *With a ravishing  
sweigh.* Bo. i. m. 5. *Rapido turbine.* Orig.  
See SWEGH.
- RAUNSON, *n. FR.* Ransom. 1178.
- RAYED, *part. pa. FR.* Streaked, or striped. Du.  
252.
- REAL, *adj. FR.* Royal. 1499. 15190.
- REALLER, *comp. d.* More royal. 4822.
- REALLICH, *adv. FR.* Royally. 380.
- REALTEE, *n.* Royalty. 4838.
- REBEKKE, *pr. n.* Rebecca. 9578.
- REBEKKE, *n. FR.* A musical instrument. See the  
*n.* on ver. 6959.
- RECHASED, *pa. t. FR.* A term in hunting. Du. 379.
- RECCHE, REKKE, *v. SAX.* To care. 2247. 4514.
- RECCHELLES, *adj.* Careless. 8364.
- RECCHELNESSE, *n.* Carelessness. P. 80.
- RECLAIME, *v. FR.* A term in Falconry, for bringing  
the hawk to the fist, by a certain call. 17021.
- RECLAIMING, *n.* Calling; in the sense of RE-  
CLAIME. L. W. 1369.
- RECOMFORT, *v. FR.* To comfort. 2854. M. 138.

- RECORD, *n.* FR. Witness, testimony. Du. 934.
- RECORDE, *v.* FR. To remember. Bo. III. m. 11.—In ver. 1747. it seems to be used in a technical legal sense, for what is called *to enter upon record* in judicial proceedings.
- RECREANDISE, *n.* FR. signifies fear, cowardice; desertion of principle. R. 2107. 4038.
- RECREANT, *adj.* One who yields himself to his adversary in single combat. P. 79. R. 4090. For the full import of these two words see Du Cange, in *v.* RECREDENTIA.
- RECURE, *n.* FR. Recovery. B. K. 682.
- RECURED, *part. pa.* FR. Recovered. R. 4920. B. K. 652.
- REDDE, RED, *pa. t. of REDE, v.* SAX. 6296. 6303. T. v. 737.
- REDDOUR, *n.* FR. Strength, violence. Fort. 13.
- REDE, *n.* SAX. Advice, counsel. 14467. 3527.—A reed. T. II. 1387.
- REDE, *v.* SAX. To advise. 3073. 16476.—To read. 6252. 6267.—To explain. Du. 279.
- REDE, *adj.* SAX. Red. 1971. 14934.
- REDOUTE, *v.* FR. To fear. R. 2023.
- REDOUTING, *n.* Reverence. 2052.
- REDRESSE, *v.* FR. To recover. T. II. 969.—To make amends for. 11748.
- REFECT, *part. pa.* LAT. Recovered. Bo. IV. pr. 6.
- REFIGURING, *part. pr.* FR. Figuring again. T. v. 472.

REFRAIN, *n.* FR. The burthen of a song. T. II.  
1571.

REFRAINING, *n.* The singing of the burthen of a  
song. R. 749.

REFREIDE, *v.* FR. To cool. T. II. 1343.

REFRETE, *n.* The same as REFRAIN. T. L. III.  
341 b. In *Ber.* 468. it is printed corruptly *Fre-*  
*freit.*

REFTE, RIFTE, *n.* SAX. A chink, or crevice. R.  
2661.

REFUTE, *n.* FR. Refuge. 5272. 15543.

REGALS, *n. pl.* FR. Royalties. L. W. 2126.

REGARD, *n.* FR. *At regard of.* P. 90. 127. With  
respect to; in comparison of.

REGNE, *n.* FR. A kingdom. 868. 14190.

REHETE, *v.* FR. *Rehaiter.* To revive, to cheer.  
R. 6509.

REHETING, *n.* T. III. 350. according to several  
Mss. " *And all the reheting of his sikes sore.*"  
" Some MSS. and most of the printed Editions  
read *richesse* instead of *reheting*. Gloss. *Ur.*"  
*Richesse*, though almost as awkward an expression  
as the other, is more agreeable to the correspond-  
ing passage in the Filostrato—

" *E sospir che gli avea a gran dovicia*"—  
and one can hardly conceive that it could come  
from any hand but that of the author. I can  
make no sense of *reheting*; but at the same time

I must allow that it is not likely to have been inserted by way of a gloss.

**REILE**, *v. neut.* To roll. *Reileth diversly.* Bo. i. m. 7. *Vagatur.* Orig.

**REINES**, *pr. n.* R. 3826. See **RAINES**.

**REJOIE**, *v. Fr.* To rejoice. T. v. 395.

**REKE**, *v. SAX.* To exhale. L. W. 2601.

**REKEN**, *v. SAX.* To reckon. 3198.—To come to a reckoning. 4530.

**REKES**, *n. pl. SAX.* Ricks (of corn). T. L. Prol.

**RELAIES**, *n. pl. FR.* Fresh sets of hounds. Du. 362.

**RELEFE**, *n. SAX.* What is left. T. L. Prol.

**RELEES**, *n. FR.* Release. B. K. 333. See the n. on ver. 15514.

**RELIGIOUSITE**, *n. FR.* Persons of a religious profession; the Clergy. C. L. 686.

**RELIKE**, *n. FR.* A relick. 12883. **RELIKES**, *pl.* 703.

**REMENANT**, *n. FR.* A remnant; a remaining part. 1571. 3166.

**REMES**, *n. pl. FR.* Realms. 15142.

**REMISSAILS**, *n. pl. FR.* Orts, leavings. T. L. Prol.

**REMORDE**, *v. FR.* To cause remorse. T. iv. 1491. To afflict. Bo. iv. pr. 6.

**REMUABLE**, *adj. FR.* Moveable; inconstant. T. iv. 1682.

**REMUE**, **REMEWE**, **REMEVE**, *v. FR.* To remove. 11305. 11532. *Conf. Am.* 164 b.

- REMUED, *pa. t.* 11517. R. 7432.
- RENABLY, *adv.* Fr. Reasonably. 7091.
- RENEGATE, *n.* Fr. An apostate from Christianity. 5353.
- RENEIE, *v.* Fr. To renounce; to abjure. 4760. 4796.
- RENGES, *n. pl.* Fr. Ranks. 2596.—The steps of a ladder. 3625. See the note.
- RENNE, *v.* Sax. To run. 3888. 4063.—To rend. q? 16890.
- RENOMEE, *n.* Fr. Renown. 6741. L. W. 1511.
- RENOVELAUNCE, *n.* Fr. A renewing. F. ii. 185.
- RENOVELLE, *v.* Fr. To renew. M. 150. P. 123.
- RENT, *v.* Sax. To tear, or rend. R. 324.
- REPAIRE, *n.* Fr. Resort. 6806.
- REPAIRE, *v.* Fr. To return. 10903.
- REPENTANT, *part. pr.* Fr. Repenting. 228. 10969.
- REPREFE, REPREVE, *n.* Fr. Reproof. 10080. 10137.
- REPRESSION, *n.* T. iii. 1040. seems to be put for *power of repressing.*
- REQUERE, *v.* Fr. To require. 6592.
- RERE, *v.* Sax. To raise. C. D. 468.
- RESCOUS, *n.* Fr. Rescue. 2645.
- RESCOWE, *v.* Fr. To rescue. T. v. 231.
- RESON, *n.* Fr. Reason. 9552. Proportion. Bo. ii. pr. 7.
- RESONS, *n. pl.* Fr. Discourses. T. iii. 90.
- RESPITE, *n.* T. v. 137. may, perhaps, be put for *Respect.*

- RESPITEN, *inf. m.* FR. To grant a respite. 11886.  
—To excuse. R. 6084.
- REPORT, *n.* T. IV. 850. is probably put for  
*Respect.*
- RESTE, *n.* SAX. Repose. 9729.
- RESTE, *v.* SAX. To repose; to cease from labour. 2623.
- RETENUE, *n.* FR. Retinue. 8146. *At his retenue.*  
6937. Retained by him.
- RETHOR, *n.* FR. LAT. An orator, or rhetorician. 10352.
- REVE, *n.* SAX. A steward, or bailiff. See his CHARACTER, ver. 589—624.
- REVE, *v.* SAX. To take away. 4009. P. 61.
- REVEL, *n.* FR. Entertainment, properly *during the night.* 2719. Sport, festivity. 4400. L. W. 2242.
- REVELOUR, *n.* A reveller. 4389.
- REVELRIE, *n.* Pleasure. R. 720.
- REVERS, *adj.* FR. Contrary. 7638. 14983.
- REVERSE, *v.* FR. To overturn. R. 5468.
- REVERT, *v.* FR. To turn back. R. 7284.
- REVEST, *v.* FR. To clothe again. T. III. 354.
- REW, *n.* A row, or line. *On a rew.* 2868. In a line. *All by rew.* 6088. See A'ROW.
- REWAKE, *v.* SAX. To waken again. T. III. 1124.
- REWARD, *n.* FR. Regard, respect. *Take reward of thin owen value.* P. 12. Have regard to t. o. v. *In reward of.* R. 3254. In comparison with. See REGARD.

**REWE, v. SAX.** To have compassion. 1865.—To suffer; to have cause to repent. 3530.

**REWEL BONE.** 13807. See the note.

**REYES, n. pl.** F. III. 146. Dances, in use among the Dutch. *Reye.* BELG. *Chorea celerior, chorea in longam seriem.* Kilian.

**REYSED.** See the n. on ver. 54. “*Les Gandois firent une rese sur les marches de Haynault, et dedans le pays pillerent, bruslerent, et firent moult de maux.*” Mem. de la Marche, p. 384. Where a note in the margin says, “*Reyse en bas Alemand signifie un voyage ou course.*”

**RIBANINGES, n. pl.** R. 1077. seems to signify *Borders.*

**RIBAUDE, n.** A poor labourer. R. 5673. But the word generally implies profligacy of manners as well as meanness of condition. See Du Cange, in v. **RIBALDUS.**

**RIBAUDRIE, n.** Ribaldry; indecent words, or actions. 3864. 12258.

**RIBIBE, n.** See the n. on ver. 6959.

**RIBIBLE, n.** A small ribibe. 3331. 4394.

**RICHARD, pr. n.** 15354. In the Essay, &c. n. 50. I have vindicated the character of this heroic prince from an aspersion, which was first cast upon him, I find, by Mr. Rymer, in consequence of a mistaken construction of a passage in Hoveden. I am tempted to add here the beginning of a poem, which having been composed after

his death by *Anselm Faydit*, must stand clear of all suspicion of having been either *begged* or *bought*.

For chausa es et tot lo maior dan,  
 El maior dol, las ! q eu anc mais agues,  
 Et zo, don dei toz temps plaigner ploran,  
 M aven a dir en chantar et retraire,  
 De cel q era de valorz caps et paire.  
 Li reis valenz Rizard, reis des Engles,  
 Es morz ; ai deus ! cals perda et cals danz es !  
 Can estraing moz et qan greu per audir !  
 Ben a dur cor toz hom co po sofrir.

Morz es li reis, et son passat mil an  
 Qanc tan pros hom no fo ne nol vit res,  
 Ne ia mais hom non er del sen senblant,  
 Tan larc, tan pros, tan ardiz, tals donaire ;  
 Q Alixandres lo reis, qe venqi Daire,  
 No cuit qe tan dones ni tan messes,  
 Ni an Charles ni Artus tan valgues,  
 Q a tot lo mon sen sez, qi n vol ver dir,  
 Als us doptar et als altres grazii.

Ms. Crofts. fol. cxi.

**RICHESSE, n. F.R.** Wealth. 6692. **RICHESSES, pl.**  
**Riches.** M. 116, 119.

**RIDDELED, part. pa.** R. 1235, 43. Plaited. Gl.  
*Ur.* In the first of the places quoted, the French  
 Orig. has—Et fut si bien cueillie et jointe,—which  
 Chaucer has translated—Lorde ! it was *riddeled*  
 fetisly.

**RIDDEN**, *part. pa. of RIDE*. *He is ridden.* 1505.

*They ben ridden.* 1689. *He had ridden.* 13729.

**RIDE**, *v. SAX.* *He rideth him.* 1693.

**RIDING**, *n.* See the *n.* on ver. 4375.

**RIFE**, **RIVE**, *v. SAX.* To thrust through. 9112. 12762.

**RIGHT**, *n. SAX.* A right, or due. *At alle rightes.*

1854. 2102. At all points.

**RIGHT**, *adj.* Good, true. 189.

**RIGHT**, *adv.* Truly, rightly, exactly, completely.

It is frequently joined to adjectives, as the adverbs *well* and *full* are, to augment their force. 290. 617.

**RIME**, *n. FR.* A composition in rime. 13639.

Hence the title of THE RIME OF SIRE THOPAS.

For the original of compositions in rime, see the Essay, &c. n. 43.—*Rime-dogerel.* 13851. See DOGEREL.

**RIMEYED**, *part. pa. FR.* Composed in rime, or verse. 11023. See the *n.* on ver. 11021.

**RIMPLED**, *part. pa. SAX.* Wrinkled. R. 4495.

**RING**, *v. SAX.* To make to sound. 2433. 12265.

**RING**, *v. neut.* To sound. 2602.

**RISE**, *n. SAX.* Small twigs of trees or bushes. 3324. R. 1015.

**RISHE**, *n. SAX.* A rush. R. 1701. T. III. 1167.

**RIST** for **RISETH**. 3688. T. II. 812.

**RIT** for **RIDETH**. 976. 17028.

**RIVAGE**. F. I. 223. See **ARIVAGE**.

- RIVE**, *v. neut.* SAX. To split, to fall asunder. R. 5393. 5718.
- RIVELING**, *part. pr.* SAX. Wrinkling. R. 7214.  
*Ruyffelen*. BELG. *Rugare*. Kilian.
- RIVER**, *n.* FR. See the *n.* on ver. 6466.
- ROCHE**, *n.* FR. A rock. F. III. 26. *ROCHES*, *pl.* F. II. 527.
- RODE**, *n.* SAX. The Cross. *Rode-beem*. 6078. It is also called the *Rode-tree*; from its being made of wood.
- RODE**, *n.* SAX. Complexion. 3317.
- RODY**, *adj.* SAX. Ruddy. 10699.
- ROFE**, *pa. t.* of **RIFE**. L. W. 661. 1349. **ROFTE**. F. I. 373. should probably be **ROFE**.
- ROGGE**, *v.* SAX. To shake. L. W. 2697. **ROGGYN** or **MEVYN**. *Agito*. Prompt. Parv.
- ROIGNE**, *n.* FR. A scab, mange, &c. R. 553.
- ROIGNOUS**, *adj.* FR. Scabby; rough. R. 6190. 988.
- ROKETTE**, *n.* FR. A loose upper garment. R. 1240, 2. 4754.
- ROKING**, *part. pr.* of **ROKKE**, or **ROGGE**, *v. neut.* SAX. Shaking, trembling. R. 1906. **ROGGYN** or **WAVERYN**. *Vacillo*. Prompt. Parv.
- ROMAUNCES REALES**. See the *n.* on ver. 13777.
- ROMBEL**, *n.* A rumbling noise. 1981.—Rumour. 8873.
- ROME**, *v.* SAX. To walk about. 7994. 11155.
- RONDEL**, *n.* FR. “A rime or sonnet which ends as it begins. *Cotgrave*.” L. W. 423.

**RONE, pr. n.** Rouen in Normandy. R. 1674.

**RONE, pa. t. of RAIN, v. SAX.** Rained. T. III. 678.

**ROOPEN, part. pa. of REPE, v. SAX.** Reaped. L. W. 74.

**ROSALGAR.** 16282. Red arsenic; a preparation of orpiment. Chambers, in v. *Realgar*. It should rather perhaps have been written *Rysalgar*, with Ms. C. 1. as the Latin name is *Risigallum*.

**ROSEN, adj.** Rosy. B. K. 657.

**ROSER, n. FR.** A rose-bush. P. 100.

**ROSE-RED, adj.** 15722. Red as a rose.

**ROTE, n. SAX.** A root. 2. T. II. 348.

**ROTE.** A root, in astrology. 4734. See EXPANS YERES.

**ROTE, n.** A musical instrument. 236. See Du Cange, in v. ROCTA. Notker, who lived in the xth Century, says, that it was the ancient *Psalterium*, but altered in its shape and with an additional number of strings. Schilter, in v. ROTTA.

**ROTE, n. FR.** Practice. *By rote.* 13432, 75. *By heart.* *Par rotine.* Cotg.

**ROTE, v. SAX.** To rot. 4405.

**ROTEN, part. pa.** 3871.

**ROTHER, n. SAX.** The rudder of a ship. C. D. 1377.

**ROUGHT for RAUGHT, pa. t. of RECCHÉ.** 8561. T. I. 497.

**ROUKE, v. SAX.** To lie close. 1310. T. v. 409.

*But now they RUCKEN in her nest.* Conf. Am. 72.

- ROULE, *v. neut.* SAX. To roll, to run easily. 6235.  
Where some copies have *royle*. See REILE.
- ROUME, *n.* SAX. Room, space. L. W. 1997.
- ROUME, *adj.* Wide, spacious. 4124.
- ROUMER, *comp. d.* Wider. 4143.
- ROUNCEVALL, *pr. n.* See the *n.* on ver. 672.
- ROUNCIE, *n.* BARB. LAT. A common hackney horse. 392. See Du Cange, in *v.* RUNCINUS.
- ROUNDEL, *n.* FR. A sort of song. 1531. See RONDEL.—A circular figure. F. II. 283. 290.
- ROUTE, *n.* FR. A company. 624. 9424.
- ROUTE, *v.* To assemble in a company. 4960.
- ROUTE, *v.* FR. To snore. 3647. 4165.—To roar. F. II. 530.
- ROUTHE, *n.* SAX. Compassion. 11824.—The object of compassion. 11833.
- ROUTHELES, *adj.* Without compassion. T. II. 346.
- Row, *n.* A line of writing. F. I. 448. See REW.
- Row, *adj.* SAX. Rough. 3736. 16329. C. D. 772.  
*He loked wel ROWE.* R. G. 507.
- Rowne, *v.* SAX. To whisper. 5823. 7132.
- RUBEUS. 2047. See PUELLA.
- RUBINS, *n. pl.* FR. Rubies. 2149.
- RUCKING, *part. pa.* of RUCKE, or ROUKE, *v.* SAX.  
Lying close. 15232.
- RUDD, *n.* SAX. Complexion. 13657. See RODE.
- RUDDOCK, *n.* SAX. A bird, called Robin red-breast. A. F. 349.
- RUFUS, *pr. n.* 432. A Greek physician, of whose

works some are extant. See Fabric. *Bibl. Gr.*  
L. iv. c. 3.

**RUGGY**, *adj.* Rough. 2885.

**RUSSEL**, *pr. n.* The fox is called *Dan Russel* in  
ver. 15340, from his *red* colour, I suppose.

### S.

**SACHELLES**, *n. pl.* Fr. Small sacks. Bo. i. pr. 3.

**SACKED FRERES**. R. 7462. Friars wearing a coarse  
upper garment called *Saccus*. Mat. Paris, ad an.  
1257. *Eodem tempore novus ordo apparuit Lon-*  
*dini de quibusdam fratribus ignotis et non præ-*  
*visis, qui, quia saccis incedebant induti, FRATRES*  
*SACCATI vocabantur.*

**SACRE**, *n.* Fr. A sacred solemnity. C. D. 2135.

**SADE**, *adj.* SAX. Grave, steady. 8878. 8923.—  
Sorrowful, repentant. 16345.

**SADLY**, *adv.* Steadily, carefully. 2604. This mes-  
sager *drank sadly* ale and wine. 5163. This  
messenger *applied himself to drink* a. & w.

**SADNESS**, *n.* Gravity, steadiness. 8328. 9465.

**SAFFRON**, *v.* Fr. To tinge with saffron. 12279.

**SAIE**, for SEIE, *pa. t.* of SE, *v.* SAX. Saw. T. III.  
993.

**SAILE**, *v.* Fr. To assail. R. 7338.

**SAILOURS**, *n. pl.* R. 770. may mean *Dancers*, from  
the LAT. Fr. So in P. P. 68. *For I can—nei-*  
*ther saylen, ne saute, ne syng to the gyterne.* The  
lines which Chaucer has here translated are not in  
the best Edit. of the *Rom. de la Rose*. Paris. 1735.

but they are quoted by Junius, *Etym. Ling. Angl.* in v. *Timbestere*, from an Edit. of 1529.

*Apres y eut farces joyeuses,  
Et batelleurs et batelleuses,  
Qui de passe passe jouoyent,  
Et en l'air ung bassin ruoyent,  
Puis le scavoyent bien recueillir  
Sur ung doy, sans point y faillir.*

Where it is plain that the author is speaking of *jugglers* rather than *dancers*.

**SAINE** for **SEINE**, part. pa. of **SE**, v. SAX. Seen.  
R. 7445.

**SAINE**, pr. n. The river Seine. 11534.

**SALADE**, n. Fr. A sort of armour for the head.  
C. D. 1554.

**SALADES**, n. pl. Fr. Sallads of herbs. F. L. 412.

**SALEWE**, **SALUE**, v. Fr. To salute. 1494. 10405.

**SALUED**, part. pa. 11622.

**SALUINGES**, n. pl. Salutations. T. II. 1568.

**SAMITE**, n. Fr. Gr. A rich silk. R. 873. T. I.  
109. See Du Cange, in v. **EXAMITUS**.

**SANGUIN**, adj. Fr. Of a blood-red colour. 441.  
2170.

**SARLINISHE**. R. 1188. should perhaps be **SARSINISHE**, from the Fr. *Sarrasinois*; a sort of fine silk, used for veils. See Du Cange, in v. **SARACENICUM** and **SARACENUM**. It is still called *Sarcenet*.

**SARPLERES**, n. pl. Packages of a larger size than sacks. Bo. I. pr. 3. See Du Cange, in v. **SAR-**

- PLERIUM.** *Sarpillére*, Fr. A piece of canvas, &c. to wrap or pack up wares in. Cotgrave.
- SATEN,** *pa. t. pl.* of **SIT**, *v.* SAX. 2895.
- SATALIE,** *pr. n.* The ancient Attalia. 58.
- SAVE,** *n. LAT.* The herb sage. 2716.
- SAUF,** *adj.* Fr. Safe. See **VOUCHÉ**.—Saved, or excepted. 685. 12048. 12216.
- SAVETE,** *n. FR.* Safety. R. 6869.
- SAULE** for **SOULE**. 4185. 4261.
- SAVOUR,** *v. neut. FR.* To taste, to relish. 5753.
- SAVOURING,** *n. FR.* The sense of tasting. P. 18.
- SAVOUROUS,** *adj.* Sweet, pleasant. R. 84.
- SAUSEFLEME.** See the *n.* on ver. 627. But Ms. Bodl. 2463. furnishes another etymology, which I think still more probable. “*Unguentum contra salsum flegma, scabiem, &c.*” See Galen. in Hippoc. de Aliment. Comment. iii. p. 277. ὁ λαχην —γινεται απο ΦΛΕΓΜΑΤΟΣ ἈΛΜΥΡΟΥ και της ξανθης χολης. And again, ὁ αλφος—ὑπο τη ΦΛΕΓΜΑΤΟΣ εχ ἈΛΥΚΟΥ.
- SAUTES,** *n. pl. FR.* Assaults. B. K. 419.
- SAUTRIE,** *n. FR. GR.* A musical string-instrument. 3213. 3305. See **ROTE**.
- SAWE,** *n. SAX.* Speech, discourse. 1528. 16159. R. 6475.—A proverb, or wise saying. 6242.
- SAY** for **SEY**, *pa. t. of SE*, *v. SAX.* Saw. 6227. 9810.
- SCALL,** *n. SAX.* A scale or scab. Ch. *wordes to his Scrivener*. 3.
- SCALLED,** *adj.* Scabby, scurfy. 630.

- SCANTILONE, *n.* FR.** A pattern, a scantling. R. 7114.
- SCARCE, *adj.* FR.** Sparing, stingy. R. 2329.
- SCARIOT, *pr. n.*** Judas Iscariot. 15233.
- SCARMISHE, *n.* FR.** A skirmish, a battle. T. II. 934. v. 1507.
- SCATHE, *n.* SAX.** Harm, damage. 448. 9048.
- SCATHEFUL, SCATHELICHE, *adj.*** Pernicious. 4519. L. W. 1370.
- SCATHELES, *adj.*** Without harm. R. 1550.
- SCLAUNDRE, *n.* FR.** Slander. 8598. 8606.
- SCLENDRE, *adj.*** Slender. 9476.
- SCOCHONS, *n. pl.* FR.** Scutcheons of arms. F. L. 216.
- SCOLAIE, *v.* FR.** To attend school, to study. 304.  
See the note.
- SCRIPT, *n.* FR.** A writing. 9571. T. II. 1130.
- SCRIPTURES, *n. pl.* FR.** Writings, books. 2046.
- SCRIVEN-LIKE.** T. II. 1026. Like a scrivener, or writing-master; *Comme un escrivain.*
- SEAMES, *n. pl.* SAX.** Seams: *Suturæ.* P. 69.
- SECREE, *adj.* FR.** Secret. 9783. 15646.
- SECRENESSE, *n.*** Privacy. 5193.
- SECULER, *adj.* FR.** Of the laity; in opposition to Clerical. 9127. 15456.
- SEDE, *v.* SAX.** To produce seed. R. 4344.
- SEE, *n.* FR.** A seat. 14155. T. IV. 1023. **SEES,** *pl.* F. III. 120.
- SEE, *v.* SAX.** To see. *God you see!* 7751. *God him see!* 4576. May God keep *you*, or *him*, in

his sight! In T. II. 85. it is fuller:—*God you save and see!*—To look. *On to see.* 3247. To look on. See the note, and T. III. 130. *That—Ye wolde sometime frendly on me see.* That ye would sometimes look friendly on me.

**SEE, n. SAX.** The sea. 2458. 3033. *The Grete see.*

59. A learned friend has suggested to me, that the Sea on the coast of Palestine is called *the Great Sea* in the Bible (See Numb. xxxiv. 6, 7. Josh. xv. 12.) ; which puts the meaning of the appellation in this passage out of all doubt.

**SEGE, n. FR.** A siege. 939.

**SEIE, SEY, pa. t. of SEE, v. SAX.** Saw. 5229.  
8990. T. v. 816.—*part. pa.* Seen. 6134.

**SEIGNORIE, n. FR.** Power. R. 3213.

**SEIN, part. pa. of SEE, v. SAX.** Seen. 10267.

**SEINDE, part. pa. of SENGE, v. SAX.** Singed. 14851.

**SEINT, n. FR.** *Ceinct.* A girdle. 331. 3235.

**SEINTUARIE, n. FR.** A sanctuary. 12887.

**SEKE, v. SAX.** To seek. 13. 17.

**SEKE, adj. SAX.** Sick. 18.

**SELDEN, adv. SAX.** Seldom. 10125. *Selden time.*  
8022.

**SELE, n. FR.** A seal. 7710. **SELES, pl. T. III.** 1468.

**SELF, SELVE, adj. SAX.** answering to the BELG. *Self*, the FR. *Même*, the LAT. *Ipse*, and the GR. *Αὐτος*. See the Essay, &c. n. 30.—With the article prefixed it answers to the LAT. *Idem*, and the GOTH. *Samo*, from whence our *Same*. See ver. 2586. *In the selve moment; In the same*

moment. ver. 11706. *In the selve place ; In the same place.*

These two usages of the *adj. SELF*, when joined to a substantive, might be confirmed by the uniform practice of all our writers, from the earliest times down to Shakespeare ; but, as they are both now obsolete, I choose rather to take this opportunity of adding a few words to what has been said in the Essay, &c. loc. cit. upon the usage of the *adj. SELF*, when joined to a *Pronoun* ; in which light only it appears to have been considered by Wallis, when he pronounced it a *Substantive*, answering nearly to the Latin *persona*.

Dr. Johnson, in his Dictionary, has very rightly established the primary signification of *SELF* to be that of an *Adjective* ; but, in its connexions with *Pronouns*, he seems rather inclined to suppose it a *Substantive* ; first, because it is joined to *possessive*, or *adjective* pronouns, as *my*, *thy*, *her*, &c. and secondly, because it has a plural number *selves*, contrary to the nature of the English adjective.

The latter reason, I think, cannot have much weight, when it is remembered, that the use of *Selves*, as the plural number of *Self*, has been introduced into our language since the time of Chaucer. *Selven*, which was originally the *accusative ca. sing.* of *SELF*, is used by him indifferently in both numbers. *I myselven*. 9334. *Ye yourselven*. 9380. 12676. *He himselfen*. 4464. 9919.

The former reason also will lose its force, if the hypothesis, which I have ventured to propose in the *Essay, &c. loc. cit.* shall be admitted, viz. that, in their combinations with *Self*, the pronouns *my*, *thy*, *her*, *our*, *your*, are not to be considered as *possessive* or *adjective*, but as the old *oblique cases* of the personal pronouns *I*, *thou*, *she*, *we*, *ye*. According to this hypothesis, the use of these combinations, with respect to the pronouns, is almost always solecistical; but not more so than that of *himself* in the *nominative case*, which has long been authorized by constant custom: and it is remarkable, that a solecism of the same sort has prevailed in the French language, in which *moi* and *toi*, the *obl. cases* of *je* and *tu*, when combined with *même*, are used as ungrammatically as our *my* and *thy* have just been supposed to be, when combined with *Self*. *Je l'ai vu moi-même*; I have seen it myself: *Tu le verras toi-même*; Thou shalt see it thyself; and so in the *accusative case*, *moi-même* is added emphatically to *me*, and *toi-même* to *te*.

It is probable, I think, that these departures from grammar, in both languages, have been made for the sake of fuller and more agreeable sounds. *Je-même*, *me-même*, *tu-même*, and *te-même*, would certainly sound much thinner and more languid than *moi-même* and *toi-même*; and *myself*, *thyself*, &c. are as clearly preferable, in point of pronunciation, to *Iself*, *meself*, *thouself*,

*theeself*, &c. though not all, perhaps, in an equal degree. It should be observed, that *itself*, where a change of case in the pronoun would not have improved the sound, has never undergone any alteration.

**SELLE**, *n.* Fr. *Celle*. Cell. C. D. 2064.

**SELLE** for **SILLE**, *n.* SAX. A door-sill, or threshold. 3820. See the note.

**SELVE**, *adj.* 2586. 2862. See **SELF**.

**SELY**, *adj.* SAX. Silly, simple; harmless. 4088. 4106. 5952.

**SELYNESSE**, *n.* SAX. Happiness. T. III. 815. 827.

**SEMBLABLE**, *adj.* Fr. Like. 9374.

**SEMBLAUNT**, *n.* Fr. Seeming, appearance. 10830.

**SEMELICHE**, **SEMELY**, *adj.* SAX. Seemly, comely. SEMELIESTE, *superl. d.* 17068.

**SEMELYHED**, *n.* Seemliness, comeliness. R. 777. 1130.

**SEMISOUN**, *n.* LAT. A low, or broken tone. 3697.

**SEMICOPE**, *n.* A half, or short, cloak. 264.

**SEN**, **SENE**, *inf. m.* of **Se**. 1711. 2178.—*part. pa.* 1967. 2300.

**SEND** for **SENDETH**. 4134.

**SENDALL**, *n.* 442. A thin silk. See Du Cange, in v. **CENDALUM**.

**SENEK**, *pr. n.* Seneca, the philosopher. 6750. 6767. 9397. What is said of him in the *Monkes tale*, ver. 14421—14436. is taken from the *Rom. de la Rose*. ver. 6461—6499.

**SENGE, v. SAX.** To singe. 5931.

**SENIOR, pr. n.** 16918. See the note.

**SENTENCE, n. FR.** Sense, meaning. 308. 10162.—  
Judgment. 4533.

**SEpte, pr. n.** 5367. Ceuta, formerly *Septa*, in  
Africa, over against Gibraltar.

**SEPULTURE, n. FR.** Grave. T. iv. 327.

**SERAPION, pr. n.** 434. Joannes Serapion, an Ara-  
bian physician of the xith Century. Fabric.  
*Bibl. Gr.* t. xiii. p. 299.

**SERE, adj. SAX.** Dry. R. 4749.

**SERGEANT, n. FR.** A Squier, attendant upon a  
prince or nobleman. 8395.—A SERGEANT OF THE  
LAWE. See his CHARACTER, ver. 311—332. His  
name is derived from his having been originally  
*a servant* of the King in his law-business; *Serviens*  
*ad legem*, just as *Serviens ad arma*. The King  
had formerly a Serjeant in every county. Spelman,  
in v. SERVIENS.

**SERIE, n. FR.** Series. 3069.

**SERMONING, n. FR.** Preaching. 3093.

**SERVAGE, n. FR.** Servitude, slavery. 4788. 11106, 7.

**SERVAND, part. pr. of SERVE.** Serving. C. D. 1627.

**SERVE, v. FR.** To serve. 8845.—To behave to.  
8516, 7.

**SET for SETTETH.** 7564. for SETTE, pa. t. 11124.

**SETEWALE, n. SAX.** The herb Valerian. 3207.  
13691.

**SETHE, v. SAX.** To boil. 385.

**SETHE** for **SETHED**, *pa. t.* 8103.

**SETTE**, *v. SAX.* To place, to put. 7851. *Setteth him doun.* P. 118. Placeth himself on a seat. *Yet sette I cas.* M. 125. Yet I put the case, or suppose.—To put a value on a thing; to rate. *I n'olde sette his sorrow at a myte.* T. III. 902. I would not value h. s.—*To sette a man's cappe;* to make a fool of him. See the *n.* on ver. 588.

**SETTE**, *pa. t.* 6241.

**SEUREMENT**, *n. FR.* Security, in a legal sense. 11838.

**SEURETEE**, *n. FR.* Certainty. 6485.—Surety, in a legal sense. 6493.

**SEWE**, *v. FR.* To follow. R. 4953.

**SEWES**, *n. pl. FR.* Dishes. 10381. See the note.

**SEYE**. See **SEIE**.

**SHADDE**, *pa. t. of SHEDE, v. SAX.* Fell in drops. 14649.

**SHADDE**, *pa. t. of SHADE, v. SAX.* Shaded, covered with shade. Du. 426.

**SHADOWY**, *adj. SAX.* Unsubstantial. Bo. III. pr. 4.

**SHAFT**, *n. SAX.* An arrow. 1364.

**SHAL**, *auxil. v. SAX.* is used sometimes with an ellipsis of the infinitive mood, which ought to follow it. 10912. *Beth swiche as I have ben to you and shal*, i. e. shall be. 15771. *First tell me whither I shal*, i. e. shall go. T. II. 46. *Yet all is don or shal*, i. e. shall be done. See also ver. 15100. T. v. 833.

- SHALE, *n.* SAX. A shell, or husk. F. III. 191.  
*But all n̄ is worthe a nutte SHALE.* Conf. Am. 66.
- SHALMIES, *n. pl.* Shalms; Musical string-instruments, otherwise called *Psalteries* or *Sautries*. F. III. 128. See ROTE.
- SHAME, *n.* SAX. *Shames dethe.* 5239. 10251. A death of shame; a shameful death. *To York he did him lede, SCHAMES DEDE to deie.* P. L. 247.
- SHAMEFAST, *adj.* SAX. Modest. 2057.
- SHAPE, *n.* SAX. Form, figure. 7040. 7052.
- SHAPELICH, *adj.* SAX. Fit, likely. T. IV. 1452.
- SHAPEN, SHAPE, *part. pa.* of SHAPE, *v.* SAX. Formed, figured. 7045. 7096. Prepared. 1110. 1227. 1394.
- SHawe, *n.* SAX. A shade of trees, a grove. 4365. 6968. T. III. 721.
- SHEFE, *n.* SAX. A bundle. A sheaf of arrows. 104. SHEVES, *pl.* of corn. R. 4335.
- SHEFELD, *pr. n.* Sheffield, in Yorkshire. 3931.
- SHELD, *n.* SAX. A shield. 2124. SHELDSES, *pl.* French crowns, called in FR. *Ecus*, from their having on one side the figure of a shield. 280. 13261.
- SHEMERING, *n.* SAX. A glimmering. 4295.
- SHEND, *v.* SAX. To ruin. 5347. P. 78.
- SHENDSHIP, *n.* Ruin, punishment. P. 25.
- SHENE, *adj.* SAX. Bright, shining. 1070.

**SHENT, part. pa. of SHEND.** 5351. 9194.

**SHEPEN, n. SAX.** A stable. 2002. 6453. See the n. on ver. 2002.

**SHERE, v. SAX.** To cut.—To shave. R. 6196.

**SHERTE, n. SAX.** A shirt. 9859. *I hadde lever than my sherte.* 15126. I would give my shirt, i. e. all that I have.—It seems to mean the linen in which a new-born child is wrapped. 1568. *That shapen was my dethe erst than my sherte.* Compare T. III. 734.

*O fatal sustren, whiche, or any clothe  
Me shapen was, my destinee me sponne—*  
and L. W. 2618.

*Sens first that day, that shapen was my sherte,  
Or by the fatal suster had my dome.—*

In T. IV. 96. *Alas ! that I ne had brought her in  
my sherte !* it seems to be put for skirt (or lap), which perhaps was the original word.

**SHETE, v. SAX.** To shoot. 3926. R. 989.

**SHETES, n. pl. SAX.** Sheets. 4138.

**SHETTE, SHET, v. SAX.** To close, or shut. 15985. 16605.

**SHETTE, SHET, pa. t. and part.** 2599. 3499. *So was hire herte shette in hire distresse.* 5476. So was her heart overwhelmed with h. d.

**SHIFT, v. SAX.** To divide. 5686.

**SHILDE, SHELDE, v. SAX.** To shield. *God shilde !* 3427. God shield, or forbid !

**SHIPMAN, n. SAX.** A mariner; the master of a barge. See his **CHARACTER**, ver. 390—412.

**SHIVER, n. SAX.** A small slice. 7422.

**SHODE, n. SAX.** The hair of a man's head. 2009. 3316.

**SHODE, part. pa. of SHOE, v. SAX.** Shod, having shoes on. R. 7463.

**SHOFE, pa. t. of SHOVE, v. SAX.** Pushed. R. 534. L. W. 2401.

**SHONDE, n. SAX.** Harm. 13836. F. i. 88.

**SHOPE, pa. t. of SHAPE.** 7120. 11121.

**SHORE, part. pa. of SHERE.** 13958.

**SHORTE, v. SAX.** To make short. P. 82.

**SHOT, part. pa. of SHETTE.** Shut. 3358. 3695. See the n. on ver. 3358.

**SHOTER, n. SAX.** A shooter. A. F. 180. The yew-tree is called *Shoter*, because bows are usually made of it.

**SHOTTES, n. pl. SAX.** Arrows, darts; any thing that is shot. T. II. 58.

**SHOVE, SHOWVE, v. SAX.** To push. 3910.

**SHOVE, part. pa.** 11593.

**SHREWE, v. SAX.** To curse. 6644. 7809.

**SHREWE, n. SAX.** An ill-tempered, *curst* man, or woman. 5947. 6087. 10302. **SHREWES, pl. Bo. I. pr. 3.** *Pessimi.* Orig.

**SHREWED, adj. SAX.** Wicked. *Shreude folk.* Bo. I. pr. 4. *Impios.* Orig.

**SHREWEDNESSE, n. SAX.** Ill-nature. T. II. 858.

**SHRIFT, n. SAX.** Confession. P. 115.

**SHRIFTE-FADERS, n. pl. SAX.** Father-confessors. 7024.

**SHRIVE, v. SAX.** To make confession. P. 119.

**SHRIVEN, part. pa.** 7022. *I have ben shritten  
this day of my curat.* 7677. I have made my  
confession t. d. to my curate. P. 120.

**SHRIGHT for SHRICHETH.** 2819. Shrieketh.

**SHRIGHT, pa. t. of SHRICH, v. SAX.** Shrieked.  
10731. 15368.

**SHROUDE, v. SAX.** To hide. B. K. 148.

**SHULDE, pa. t. of SHAL.** Should. 964. See the  
Essay, &c. p. xciv. n. 35. **SHULDEN, pl.** 747.  
3229.

**SHULLEN, SHULN, SHUL, ind. m. pr. t. pl. of SHAL.**  
3016. 2766. 1823, 4. M. 103.

**SIBBE, adj. SAX.** Related, allied. M. 117.

**SIE for SEIE.** Saw. 11162. F. L. 194.

**SIFT, v. SAX.** To shake in a sieve. 16409.

**SIGH for SEIE.** Saw. R. 818.

**SIGHTE, pa. t. of SIKE.** 5455. R. 1746. Sighed.

**SIGNE, v. FR.** To appoint. C. L. 642.

**SIGNIFER, n. LAT.** The Zodiack. T. v. 1020.

**SIGNIFIAUNCE, n. FR.** Signification. T. v. 1446.

**SIKE; adj. SAX.** Sick. 426. 9165. In ver. 5976.  
it seems to be used, as a noun, for *Sickness*.

**SIKE, v. SAX.** To sigh. 2987. 11316.

**SIKE, n. SAX.** A sigh. 10812. **SIKES, pl.** 1922.  
11176.

**SIKER,** *adj.* SAX. Sure. 9264. 9582.

**SIKERDE,** *part. pa.* of SIKER, *v.* SAX. Assured.  
L. W. 2126.

**SIKERNESSE,** *n.* Security. 9156.

**SIKERLY,** *adv.* Surely. 13084. 13213.

**SIMPLESSE,** *n.* FR. Simplicity. R. 954.

**SIN,** *adv.* SAX. abbreviation of SITHEN. Since.  
5234. 10181.

**SINAMOME,** *n.* FR. Cinnamon. 3699.

**SIP,** *n.* SAX. Drink. An. 195.

**SIPHER,** *n.* A cipher, or figure of *o*, in Arithmetic.

*Although a sipher in augrim have no might in signification of itselfe, yet he yeveth power in signification to other.* T. L. II. 333. b. There is another passage in Du. ver. 435.—40. which seems to imply, that, in Chaucer's time, the numerals, commonly called Arabian, had not been long in use in this country.

**SIRE,** *n.* FR. *Sieur, Seigneur.* A respectful title, given formerly to men of various descriptions, as well as to knights. *Sire knight.* 839. *Sire clerk.* 842. *Sire monk.* 3120. *Sire man of lawe.* 4453. It was so usually given to *priests*, that it has crept even into acts of parliament. *Rot. Parl.* 12 and 13 E. IV. n. 14. *Sir James Thekeness, Preste.* 1. H. VII. p. 11. *Sir Oliver Langton, Prest.* *Sir Robert Naylesthorp, Prest.* Hence a *Sir John* came to be a nickname for a *Priest*. See ver. 14816, and the note.—*Sire* is sometimes put for *personage*.

R. 4998. *And melancholy, that angry sire.—Our sire.* 6295. Our husband; our good-man; as the French, in their old familiar language, use *Notre sire*.

**Sis, n. Fr.** The cast of six; the highest cast upon a die. 14579.

**SIT** for **SITTETH**. 3641. 9808. *It sit me not to lie.*

10189. It doth not become me t. l. 8335. 9153.

*It syt a kyng wel to be chast.* Conf. Am. 168. b.

**SITHE** for **SITHES, n. pl. SAX.** Times. 5153. 5575.

**SITHEN, SITH, adv. SAX.** Since. 1817. 4478. 5541.

**SITHES, n. pl. SAX.** Scythes. T. L. prol.

**SITTE, v. SAX.** To sit.—To become, to suit with.  
See **SIT**.

**SITTAND, part. pr.** R. 2263.

**SITTEN, part. pa.** 1454. 6002.

**SKAFFAUT, n. FR.** A scaffold; a wooden tower.  
R. 4176.

**SKAFFOLD, n.** A scaffold, or stage. 3384.

**SKIE, n. SAX.** A cloud. F. III. 510.

**SKILL, n. SAX.** Reason. 9028. 9552. **SKILLES, pl.** 10519.

**SKILFUL, adj.** Reasonable. T. III. 288. 940.

**SKINKE, v. SAX.** To pour out, to serve with drink.  
9596.

**SKIPTE, pa. t. of SKIPPE, v. SAX.** Leaped. 11714.

**SKOGAN, pr. n.** See Vol. I. p. liii.

**SKORCLE, v. SAX.** To scorch. Bo. II. m. 6.

**SKRIPPE**, *n.* **FR.** *Escharpe.* A scrip. R. 7405.

**SLACKE**, *adj.* **SAX.** Slow. 2903.

**SLAIN**, *part. pa.* of **SLE.** 1743. 2040.

**SLAKE**, *v.* **SAX.** To appease, to make slack. 8678. 8983.

**SLAKE**, *v. neut.* To fail. 8013. To desist. 8581.

**SLAWE**, *part. pa.* of **SLE.** 15020.

**SLE**, *v.* **SAX.** To kill, to slay. 2558.

**SLEER**, *n.* **SAX.** A killer. 2007. L. W. 1367.

**SLEIGHLY**, *adv.* **SAX.** Cunningly. 1446.

**SLEIGHT**, *n.* **SAX.** Contrivance. R. 7109.

**SLEIGHTES**, *pl.* R. 7121. *Suche sleightes as I shall you never.*—So this line should probably be written. See the Orig. ver. 12495. *Never* is from Ms. Hunter.

**SLEN**, *pr. t. pl.* of **SLE**. 1569. 5384.—*inf. m.* 1565. 5379.

**SLEP**, **SLEPE**, *pa. t.* of **SLEPE**, *v.* **SAX.** Slept. 98. 399.

**SLETE**, *n.* **SAX.** Sleet; a mixture of rain and snow. 11562. R. 2651.

**SLEVELESSE**, *adj.* T. L. II. 334. seems to signify *idle, unprofitable*; as it does still in vulgar language.

**SLIDER**, *adj.* **SAX.** Slippery. 1266. L. W. 648.

**SLIDING**, *part. pr.* Uncertain. 16200. Lydg. *Trag.* 99. b. *Sliding fortune.* Bo. I. m. 5. *Lubrica fortuna.* Orig.

**SLIE**, **SLIGH**, *adj.* **SAX.** Cunning. 3392.

**SLIKE** for **SWILKE**, *adj. SAX.* Such. 4128.

**SLIT** for **SLIDETH**. 16150.

**SLIT**, *v. SAX.* To cut through, to cleave. 11572.

**SLIVER**, *n. SAX.* A small slice, or piece. T. III. 1015.

**SLO**, *v. SAX.* To slay. R. 1953. 4592.

**SLOGARDIE**, *n. FR. SAX.* Sloth. 1044.

**SLOMBERINGES**, *n. pl. SAX.* Slumberings. T. v. 246.

**SLOPPE**, *n. SAX.* A sort of breeches. 16101. P. 44.

**SLOW**, *pa. t. of SLO.* Slew. 11745. 14104.

**SLOWE**, *n. SAX.* A moth. R. 4751. In the Orig. Fr. *Taigne*.

**SLUGGY**, *adj. SAX.* Sluggish. P. 80.

**SMALISH**, *adj. SAX.* Diminutive of *Smale*, or *Small*. R. 826.

**SMERTE**, *v. SAX.* To smart; to suffer pain. R. 7107.

**SMERTE**, 149. seems to be used as an *Adverb*; Smartly. P. L. Gl. *v. Forthought*.

**SMIT** for **SMITETH**, *ind. m. 3 pers. sing.* 7998.

**SMITETH**, *imp. m. 2 pers. pl.* Smite ye. 784.

**SMITHE**, *v. SAX.* To forge, as a smith. 3760. P. P. 16. b.

**SMITTED** for **SMITTEN**, *part. pa. of SMITE.* T. v. 1544.

**SMOKLES**, *adj. SAX.* Without a smock. 8751.

**SMOTERLICH**, *adj.* 3961. means, I suppose, smutty, dirty. But the whole passage is obscure.

SNEWE, *v.* SAX. To snow; to be in as great abundance as snow. 347.

SNIBBE, *v.* SAX. To snubb ; to reprove. 525.  
11000.

SNOW-WHITE, *adj.* SAX. White as snow. 15722.  
17082.

SODEN, *adj.* SAX. Sudden. 4841.

SOGET, *n.* FR. Subject. C. L. 93.

SOIGNE, *n.* FR. Care. R. 3882.

SOJOUR, *n.* FR. Stay, abode. R. 4282.

SOKEN, *n.* SAX. Toll. 3985.

SOKINGLY, *adv.* Suckingly, gently. M. 132. See SOUKE.

SOLAS, *n.* FR. Mirth, sport. 800. 3654.

SOLEIN, *adj.* FR. One, single. Du. 982.—Sullen.  
R. 3897.

SOLEMPNE, *adj.* FR. Solemn. 10425.

SOLEMPNELY, *adv.* Solemny. 276.

SOLER HALL. See the *n.* on ver. 3988. *A solere windowe occurs in Gam.* ver. 267. for *the window of a loft*, or garret. See before, ver. 252.

SOM, *adj.* SAX. Some. *This is all and som.* 5673.  
*This is the whole. All and some.* 8817. T. II.  
1149. One and all.

SOMDEL, *adv.* SAX. Somewhat; in some measure.  
448. 3909.

SOMER, *pr. n.* In the treatise on the Astrolabe, fol. 291. b. Chaucer professes to make use of *the Kalenders of the reverent clerkes frere JOHN*

SOMER and frere NICHOLAS LENNE. The Kalendar of *John Somur* is extant in Ms. Cotton, Vesp. E. vii. It is calculated for 140 years from 1367, the year of the birth of Richard II. and is said, in the introduction, to have been published in 1380, at the instance of Joan mother to the King. The Kalendar of *Nicholas Lenne*, or *Lynne*, was calculated for 76 years from 1387. Tanner in v. NICOLAUS LINENSIS. The story there quoted from Hakluit of a voyage made by this Nicholas in 1360 *ad insulas septentrionales antehac Europæis incognitas*, and of a book written by him to describe those countries *a gradu 54. usque ad polum*, is a mere fable; as appears from the very authorities which Hakluit has produced in support of it.

SOMME. T. ii. 1249. *Lo! Troilus—*

*Came riding with his tenthe somme ifere.*

So this line stands in the Edit. but a Ms. quoted in Gloss. Ur. instead of *tenthe* has x. and Ms. I. *tenteth*. Perhaps the original reading was xx. *With his twenty some ifere*, according to the Saxon mode of expression, would signify *Together with some twenty of his attendants*. See Hickes, Gramm. A. S. p. 32, 3.

SOMME, n. FR. A sum. Bo. iv. pr. 2.

SOMMER, n. SAX. Summer. *A Sommer-game.*  
6230. See the note.

SOMONE, SOMPNE, v. LAT. To summon. 7159.  
6929, 43.

SOMPNOUR, *n.* An officer employed to summon delinquents to appear in Ecclesiastical courts, now called an Apparitor. See his CHARACTER, ver. 625.—670.

SOND, *n.* SAX. Sand. 15273.

SOND, *n.* C. D. 1147. seems to signify *a sounding line*; from the Fr. *Sonde*.

SONDE, *n.* SAX. A message. 4808. 5469. *Goddes sonde.* 4943. 13149. What God has sent; God's gift.

SONE, *adv.* SAX. Soon. 12002, 4.

SONE, *n.* SAX. A son. 79. 338. SONES, *pl.* 10343.

SONKEN, *part. pa.* of SINK, *v.* SAX. Sunk. R. 5113.

SONNE, *n.* SAX. The Sun. 1511. 2524.

SONNISH, *adj.* SAX. Like the Sun. T. iv. 736. See ver. 11971, 2.

SOOTY, *adj.* SAX. Foul with soot. 14838.

SOP, *n.* FR. A piece of bread dipped in any sort of liquor. 336. 9717. *He toke a soppe.* Conf. Am. 104.

SOPHIME, *n.* FR. GR. A sophism, a subtle fallacy. 7881. 10868.

SORE, *v.* FR. *Essorer.* To soar. T. i. 671.

SORT, *n.* FR. Chance, destiny. 846. T. ii. 754.

SORTED, *pa. t.* of SORT, *v.* FR. Allotted. T. v. 1826.

SORWE, *n.* SAX. Sorrow. 1221. 2824.

- SORY, *adj.* SAX. Sorrowful. 3618, 9. *Sory grace.*  
6328. Misfortune. See GRACE, and WITH.
- SOTE, *n.* SAX. Soot. T. III. 1200.
- SOTE, SWOTE, *adj.* SAX. Sweet. 3205. 3691.
- SOTE, *n.* FR. A fool. F. L. 101.
- SOTED, *part. pa.* FR. Fooled, besotted. 16809.
- SOTEL, *adj.* FR. Subtle; artfully contrived. 1056.
- SOTH, *adj.* SAX. True. 4355. Certain. 3885.  
SOTHER, *comp. d.* 15682.
- SOTH, SOTHLY, *adv.* 1523. 1627. 1186. 1201. Truly.
- SOTHE, *n.* SAX. Truth. 3922. 6513.
- SOTHFASTNESS, *n.* SAX. Truth. 17344.
- SOTHERNE, *adj.* SAX. Southern. 17353.
- SOTHNESS, *n.* SAX. Truth, reality. 15729.
- SOTH-SAW, *n.* Veracity, true-saying. R. 6125.
- SOUDAN, *n.* A Sultan; any Mahometan Sovereign.  
4597. See D'Herbelot, in v. SOLTHAN.
- SOUDANNESSE, *n.* The wife of a Sultan. 4778.
- SOUDED, *part. pa.* See the note on ver. 13509.  
SOWDE-METEL. *Consolidum.* Prompt. Parv.
- SOUKE, *v.* FR. To suck. 4155.
- SOUKED, *part. pa.* 8326.
- SOULED, *part. pa.* SAX. Endued with a soul.  
15797.
- SOUN, *n.* FR. Sound, noise. 7815. 12487.
- SOUNDE, *v.* SAX. To make sound, to heal. An.  
245.—*v. neut.* To grow sound. B. K. 293.
- SOUNE, *v.* FR. To sound. 567. *As fer as souneth  
into honestee.* 13973. As far as is consonant to

h. *That souneth unto gentillesse of love.* 10831.

That is consonant to g. o. l.

**SOUNING**, *part. pr.* 277. 309.

**SOUPE**, *v.* FR. To sup, to take the evening meal.

11529. **SOUPEN**, *pl.* 10611.

**SOUPER**, *n.* Supper, the evening meal. 350. 10604.

**SOUPLE**, *adj.* FR. Supple, pliant. 203.

**SOURDE**, *v.* FR. To rise. P. 47.

**SOURS**, *n.* A rise, a rapid ascent. 7520, 3. F. II.

36. 43.—The source of a stream of water. 7925.

**SOUTER**, *n.* LAT. A cobler. 3902.

**SOVERAINE**, *adj.* FR. Excellent, in a high degree.

15215.

**SOVERAINLY**, *adv.* Above all. 15368.

**SOWE**, *v.* LAT. To sew. T. II. 1201, 3. It was usual, and indeed necessary, formerly to *sew* letters, when they were written upon parchment. But the practice continued long after the invention of paper.

**SOWE**, *v.* SAX. To sow. 17346, 7.

**SOWERS**, *n. pl.* Sores; Bucks in their fourth year.

Du. 429.

**SPAN-NEWE**, *adj.* T. III. 1671. seems to signify *Quite new*; but *why* it does so, I cannot pretend to say.

**SPANNISHING**, *n.* FR. *Espanouissement.* The full blow of a flower. R. 3633.

**SPARE**, *v.* SAX. To refrain. 7017. L. W. 2591.

**SPARETH**, *imp. m. 2 pers. pl.* 6919. 7004.

**SPARANDE**, *part. pr.* Sparing, niggardly. R. 5363.

- SPARHAUK, n. SAX.** A sparrow-hawk. 15463.
- SPARRE, n. SAX.** A wooden bar. 992.
- SPARRED, part. pa.** Barred, bolted. R. 3320.
- SPARTHE, n. SAX.** An ax, or halberd. R. 5978.  
See Du Cange, in v. **SPARTH, SECURIS DANICA.**
- SPECES, n. pl. FR.** Sorts, or kinds. 3015.
- SPEDE, v. FR.** To dispatch. Bo. v. pr. 4, 5.
- SPEDEFUL, adj.** Effectual. Bo. iv. pr. 4. v. pr. 4.
- SPETAKEL, n. FR. LAT.** A spying glass. 6785.
- SPELL, n. SAX.** Sport, play. 4355. See the note.  
—Tale, or history. 13821.
- SPENCE, n. FR. Despence.** A store-room for wine, or victuals. 7513.
- SPERE, n. FR.** A sphere. 11592.
- SPERE, n. SAX.** A spear. 2712.
- SPERED.** R. 2099. **SPERRIED.** T. v. 531. as  
*Sparrēd.*
- SPERME, n. FR. GR.** Seed. 14015.
- SPICED.** 528. 6017. See the note. I have since met with a passage, in which *spiced*, applied to *conscience*, seems to signify *nice*, *scrupulous*. Beaumont and Fletcher. *Mad Lover*. Act 3. When *Cleanthe* offers a purse, the *Priestess* says,  
“ Fy ! no corruption——  
*Cle.* Take it ; it is yours ;  
Be not so *spiced* ; it is good gold ;  
And goodness is no gall to the conscience.”
- SPICES.** P. 4. as *Species*.
- SPILLE, v. SAX.** To waste, to throw away. 17102.

—To destroy. 6480.—*v. neut.* To perish. 5007.  
5235.

SPIRE, *n.* A stake. T. II. 1335. a corruption  
probably of *Spere*. SAX.

SPIRED. See the *n.* on ver. 13733.

SPITOUS, *adj.* Fr. *Despitez*. Angry, spiteful.  
R. 979.

SPITOUSLY, *adv.* Angrily. 3476. 5805.

SPLAIE, *v.* Fr. *Desploier*. To unfold. B. K. 33.

SPONE, *n.* SAX. A spoon. 10916.

SPONNE, *pa.t. of SPINNE, v.* SAX. Spun. T. III. 735.

SPORE, *n.* SAX. A Spur. 2605.

SPORNE, *v.* SAX. To strike the foot against any  
thing. 4278. T. II. 797.

SPOUSAILE, *n.* Fr. Marriage. 7991. 8055.

SPRAY, *n.* SAX. A twig, or sprig. 13700.

SPREINT, *part. pa. of SPRENGE, v.* SAX. Sprinkled.  
4842. 13570.

SPRINGOLDS, *n. pl.* Fr. *Espringalle*. Machines  
for casting stones and arrows. R. 4191. See  
Du Cange, in *v.* MUSCHETTA.

SQUAMES, *n. pl.* LAT. Scales. 16227.

SQUAIMOUS. 3337. See the note.

SQUIER, *n.* Fr. A squire. See his CHARACTER,  
ver. 79—100.

SQUIER, *v.* To attend as a squire. 5887.

SQUIERIE, *n.* A number of squires. 10607. *And*  
*alle ther SQUIERIE.* P. L. 241. *And of his*  
*SQUIERIE gentille men auhtene.* Ibid. 289.

- STACE, pr. n.** Statius, the Roman poet. 2296.
- STACKE, n. SAX.** A stack of wood, &c. P. 98.
- STACKE, pa. t. of STICK, v. SAX.** Stuck. R. 458.
- STAFF-SLING.** 13758. means, I suppose, a sling fastened to a staff. Lydgate in his *Trag.* 39. b. describes David as armed  
 “ *With a STAFFE SLYNGE, voyde of plate and mayle.*”
- STAKER, v. SAX.** To stagger. L. W. 2676.
- STALKE, v. SAX.** To step slowly. 8401. *Ful thefely gan he STALKE.* L. W. 1779. *And to the bedde he STALKETH styllē.* Conf. Am. 32.
- STALKES, n. pl. SAX.** The upright pieces of a ladder. 3625.
- STAMEN, STAMIN, n. FR.** *Estamine.* A sort of woollen cloth. P. 126. L. W. 2349.
- STANT for STANDETH.** 3677. 3695.
- STARFE, pa. t. of STERVE.** Died. 935. 14141.
- STARK, adj. SAX.** Stiff, stout. 9332. 14376.
- STARLINGES, n. pl.** Pence of sterling money. 12841.  
 See ver. 12864.
- STAUNCHE, v. FR.** To stop; to satisfy. Bo. III.  
 pr. 3. m. 3.
- STELE, n. SAX.** A handle. 3783.
- STELLIFIE, v. LAT.** To make a star. L. W. 525.  
 F. II. 78.
- STENTE, v. SAX.** To cease, to desist. 905.  
 STENTEN, part. pa. 2970.
- STEPE, adj.** 201. 755. seems to be used in the sense

of deep; so that *eyen stepe* may signify *eyes sunk deep in the head*.

**STERE,** *v.* SAX. To stir. 12280.

**STERE,** *n.* SAX. A young bullock. 2151.—A rudder. 4868. 5253.

**STERELES,** *adj.* SAX. Without a rudder. 4859.

**STERESMAN,** *n.* SAX. A pilot. F. i. 436.

**STERNE,** *n.* SAX. A rudder. F. i. 437.

**STERNE,** *adj.* SAX. Fierce, cruel, 2612.

**STERRE,** *n.* SAX. A star. 2063.

**STERT,** *n.* SAX. A leap. *At a stert.* 1707. Immediately.

**STERTE,** *pa. t.* of **STERTE,** *v.* SAX. Leaped. 11689.

Escaped, ran away. T. iv. 93.

**STERTING,** *part. pr.* Leaping nimbly. 1504.

**STERTLING,** as **STERTING.** L. W. 1202. 1739.

**STERVE,** *v.* SAX. To die, to perish. 12799.

**STEVEN,** *n.* SAX. Voice, sound. 2564. 15297.—

A time of performing any action, previously fixed by message, order, summons, &c. *At unset steven.* 1526. Without any previous appointment. *They setten steven.* 4381. They appointed a time.

**STewe,** *n.* FR. A small pond for fish. 351.—A small closet. T. iii. 602. 699. **STEWES,** *pl.* Stews, bawdy-houses. 12399.

**STEYE,** *v.* SAX. To ascend. T. L. i. 315. b.

**STEYERS,** *n. pl.* SAX. Stairs. T. L. i. 315. b.

**STIBBORNE,** *adj.* Stubborn. 6038. 6219.

**STIKE,** *v.* SAX. To stick, pierce. 2548.

- STILE, *n.* SAX. A set of steps, to pass from one field to another. *By stile and che by strete.* 12628.  
Every where; in town and country.
- STILLATORIE, *n.* FR. A still. 16048.
- STILLE, *adj.* SAX. Quiet. 11782.
- STITHE, *n.* SAX. An anvil. 2028.
- STIVES. 6914. as STEWES.
- STOBLE-GOOS. 4349. A goose fed on stubble-grounds.
- STOCKED, *part. pa.* Confined. T. III. 381.
- STOLE, *n.* FR. LAT. Part of the ecclesiastical habit, worn about the neck. 9577. See Du Cange, in v.  
STOLA. 2.
- STOLE, *n.* SAX. A stool. 5870.
- STONDEN, *part. pa.* of STONDE, or STANDE, *v.* SAX.  
Stood. 9368.
- STONT, for STONDETH. 3921.
- STOPEN, *part. pa.* of STEPE, *v.* SAX. Stepped, advanced. 9388. 14827.
- STONE. 10241. See the note.
- STORE, *n.* FR. To stock, or furnish. 13203.
- STORE, *n.* Any thing laid up for use. Hence the phrase, *to tell no store of a thing.* 5785. 15160.  
means, *to consider it as of no use or importance.*
- STORIAL, *adj.* FR. Historical, true. 3179.
- STORVEN, *pa. t. pl.* of STERVE. 12820.
- STOT, *n.* SAX. See the *n.* on ver. 617.
- STOTE, *n.* A species of weazole; a pole-cat. 7212.
- STOUND, *n.* SAX. A moment, a short space of time. 1214. 4005. *In a stound.* 3990. On a sudden. *In*

- stound.* R. 1733. should probably be *In a stound.*  
The Orig. Fr. has *tantost.* STOUNDES, *pl.* Times,  
seasons. 5868. T. III. 1758.
- STOUNDEMELE, *adv.* Momentarily, every moment.  
R. 2304. T. v. 674.
- STOUPEN. 14827. should probably be STOPEN.
- STOURE, *n.* SAX. Fight, battle. 14376. T. III.  
1066.
- STRAKE, *v.* SAX. To proceed directly. Du. 1312.  
Stracken, Stricken. *Tendere.* Kilian.
- STRANGE, *adj.* FR. Foreign. 10403.—Uncommon.  
10381. *He made it strange.* 3978. 11535. He  
made it a matter of difficulty, or nicety.
- STRAUGHTE, *pa. t.* of STRECCHÉ, *v.* SAX.  
Stretched. 2918. *Conf. Am.* 184.
- STRE, *n.* SAX. Straw. 2920.
- STREIGHT, *part. pa. of* STRECCHÉ, *v.* SAX. Stretch-  
ed. Bo. III. pr. i.
- STREINE, *v.* FR. To constrain. 15255.—To press  
closely. 9627.
- STREITE, *adj.* FR. Strait. *Streite swerd.* 15363.
- STREMEDEN, *pa. t. pl. of* STREME, *v.* SAX. Streamed,  
flowed. T. IV. 247.
- STREMES, *n. pl.* The rays of the sun. 1497.
- STRENE, *n.* SAX. Stock, race, progeny. 8038. R.  
4859.
- STRENGEST-FAITHED, *adj.* Endowed with the  
strongest faith. T. I. 1008.
- STREPE, *v.* FR. To strip. R. 6818.

STRETE, *n.* SAX. A street. 3758. *The maister strete.*

2904. See the note.

STRIKE, *n.* SAX. A line, a streak. *A strike of flax.* 678.

STRYPE, *n.* LAT. *Stirps.* Race, kindred. C. L. 16.

STRYPE, *v.* 10074. as STREPE.

STRODE, *pr. n.* T. v. 1856. The *philosophical Strode*, to whom, jointly with the *moral Gower*, Chaucer directs his *Troilus*, was probably *Ralph Strode*, of Merton College, Oxford. A. Wood, who had made the antiquities of that college a particular object of his inquiries, says only of him, “ *RADULPHUS STRODE, de quo sic vetus noster catalogus. Poeta fuit et versificavit librum elegiacum vocat. Phantasma Rodulphi. Claruit CICCCCLXX.* ” Some of his logical works are said to be extant in print. Venet. 1517. 4to. Tanner, in *v. STRODEUS*.

STROF, *pa. t.* of STRIVE, *v.* FR. Strove, contended. 1049.

STRONDE, *n.* SAX. A shore. 13.

STROTHER, *pr. n.* A town in the North. 4012. See the note.

STROUTE, *v.* To strut. 3315.

SUBARBES, *n. pl.* LAT. Suburbs. 16125.

SUBFUMIGATION, *n.* LAT. A species of charm by smoke. F. III. 174.

SUBGET, *adj.* FR. LAT. Subject. P. 125.

SUBLIMATORIE, *n.* FR. LAT. A vessel used by

Chemists in *Sublimation*, i. e. separating certain parts of a body, and driving them to the top of the vessel, in the form of a very fine powder. 16261.

**SUBSTANCE**, *n.* Fr. The material part of a thing. 14809.

**SUCKINY**, *n.* Fr. *Souquenie*. A loose frock, worn over their other clothes by carters, &c. R. 1232.

**SUE**, *v.* Fr. To follow. M. 121. 15343.

**SUETON**, *pr. n.* Suetonius, the Roman historian. 14638.

**SUFFISANCE**, *n.* Fr. Sufficiency, satisfaction. 492. 8635.

**SUFFISANT**, *adj.* Sufficient. 1633. 3551.

**SUGRED**, *part. pa.* Sweetened, as with sugar. T. II. 384.

**SUPPLIE**, *v.* Fr. To supplicate. Bo. III. pr. 8.

**SURCOTE**, *n.* Fr. An upper coat, or kirtle. F. L. 141.

**SURPLIS**, *n.* Fr. A surplice. 16026.

**SURQUEDRIE**, *n.* Fr. Presumption, an over-weening conceit. P. 42. 128.

**SURRIE**, *pr. n.* Syria. 4554.

**SURSANURE**, *n.* Fr. A wound healed outwardly only. 11425.

**SURVEANCE**, *n.* Fr. Superintendance. 12029.

**SUSPECT**, *adj.* Fr. Suspected. 8417, 8.

**SUSPECT**, *n.* Suspicion. 8781. 12197.

**SUSPCTION**, *n.* Suspicion. 5101.

SUSTER, *n.* SAX. Sister. SUSTREN, *pl.* 1021.

T. III. 734.

SWA, *adv.* SAX. So. 4028. 4038.

SWALE, *pa. t.* of SWELL, *v.* SAX. Swelled. 6549. 13490.

SWAPPE, *v.* SAX. To throw down. T. IV. 244.—To strike off. 8462. 15834.—*v. neut.* To fall down. 8975.

SWART, *adj.* SAX. Black, of a dark colour. C. D. 1862.

SWATTE, *pa. t.* of SWETE, *v.* SAX. Sweated. 13706. 16028.

SWEGH, *n.* SAX. A violent motion. 4716. Bo. I. m. 5.

SWELTE, *v.* SAX. To die, to faint. 3703.

SWELT, *pa. t.* 1358. 9650.

SWERNE for SWEREN, *pl. n.* of SWERE, *v.* SAX. Swear. R. 4834.

SWEVEN, *n.* SAX. A dream. 14902. 14928. SWEVENES, *pl.* 14929. In ver. 14927. it is written Sweenis for the sake of the rime.

SWICHE, *adj.* SAX. corruption of Swilke. Such. 243. 487.

SWINKE, *n.* SAX. Labour. 188.

SWINKE, *v.* To labour. 187. 12808.

SWIRE, *n.* SAX. The neck. R. 325. It is more commonly written Swere.

SWITHE, *adv.* SAX. Quickly, immediately. 5150. 12730.

**SWIVE, v. SAX.** See *Junii Etymolog.* in v.

**SWOLOWE, n. SAX.** A whirlpool. L. W. 1102.

**SWONKEN, part. pa. of SWINKE.** 4233.

**SWOUGH, n. SAX.** Sound, noise. 1981. 3619.—**A swoon.** 6381. 8976.

T.

**TABARD, n. 20.** See the quotation from Speght's *Gloss. Discourse, &c.* n. 6.

**TABLES, n. pl. FR.** A game so called. 11212.—

*Tables Toletaxes.* 11585. See the note.

**TABOUR, v. FR.** To drum. L. W. 354.

**TACHE, n. FR.** A spot, or blemish. C. N. 192.

**TAILLAGER, n. FR.** A collector of taxes. R. 6811.

**TAILLE, n. FR.** A tally; an account scored on a piece of wood. 572.

**TAKE, v. SAX.** To deliver a thing to another person. 5137. 13334. 15691.

**TAKE for TAKEN, part. pa.** 1868. 10789.

**TAKEL, n. SAX.** An arrow. 106. R. 1727.

**TALE, v. SAX.** To tell stories. C. D. 103. *And namely when they TALEN longe.* Conf. Am. 27 b.

**TALE, n.** Speech, discourse. Bo. i. pr. 5.—Reckoning, account. *Litel tale hath he told of any dreme.* 15124. He made little account of any dream.

**TALENT, n. FR.** Desire, affection. 5557. P. 20.

**TALING, n.** Story-telling. 13364.

**TANE for TAKEN.** C. D. 888.

- TAPES, *n. pl. SAX.* Bands of linen. 3241.
- TAPINAGE, *n. FR.* *En tapinois.* Lurking, sculk-ing about. R. 7363. Conf. Am. 93 b.
- TAPISER, *n. FR.* A maker of tapestry. 364.
- TAPITE, *v. FR.* To cover with tapestry. Du. 260.
- TAPPE, *n. SAX.* A tap, or spigot, which closes that orifice through which the liquor is drawn out of a vessel. 3890.
- TAPSTERE, *n. SAX.* *A woman,* who has the care of the tap in a public-house. 241. 3336. See the *n.* on ver. 2019. That office, formerly, was usually executed by women. See the *Adventure of the Pardonere and the Tapstere,* in the *Continuation of the Canterbury Tales.* p. 594. Ed. Ur.
- TARE, *pa. t. of TEAR, v. SAX.* Tore. Magd. 150.
- TARGE, *n. FR.* A sort of shield. 473. 2124.
- TARS, *n. Cloth of Tars.* 2162. *Tartarium.* F. L. 212. A sort of silk. See Du Cange, in *v. TAR-*  
*SICUS, TARTARINUS.*
- TAS, *n. FR.* A heap. 1007. 1011.
- TASSELED, *part. pa.* Adorned with tassels. 3251.
- TASTE, *v. FR.* To feel. 15971.—To examine. L. W. 1991.
- TATARWAGGES, *n. pl.* R. 7211. The Orig. is—*Toutes fretelées de CROTES.* All bedaggled with dirt.
- TAVERNER, *n. FR.* The keeper of a tavern. 12619. 12641.
- TAURE, *pr. n.* The constellation Taurus. 6195. 9761.

T<sup>A</sup>WE, *n.* SAX. Tow. 3772.

TECHE, *v.* SAX. To teach. 310.

TEINE, *n.* 16693, 7. 16708. seems to signify a narrow, thin, plate of metal; perhaps from the LAT. GR. *Tenia*.

TEMPS, *n.* FR. Time. 16343.

TENE, *n.* SAX. Grief. 3108. *Conf. Am.* 140.

TENE, *v.* To grieve, to afflict. T. L. II. 338 b.

TERCELET, TERCELL, *n.* FR. The male hawk. 10818.—The male eagle. A. F. 393.

TERINS, *n. pl.* R. 665. A sort of singing-bird, called in FR. *Tarin*. See Cotgrave in *v.*

TERMAGAUNT, *pr. n.* 13741. See the note.

TERRESTRE, *n.* FR. Earthly. 9206.

TERY, *adj.* SAX. Full of tears. T. IV. 821.

TESTERES, *n. pl.* FR. Head-pieces. 2501.

TESTES, *n. pl.* LAT. Vessels for assaying metals. 16286.

TESTIF, *adj.* FR. Head-strong. 4002.

TETCH, *n.* as TACHE. R. 6517.

TEWELL, *n.* FR. A pipe, or funnel. F. III. 559.

TEXTUEL, *adj.* FR. Ready at citing texts. 17184. 17265.

THACKE, *n.* SAX. Thatch. C. D. 1771.

THACKE, *v.* To thump, to thwack. 7141.

THAN, *adv.* SAX. *Quādūm.* LAT. 219. 242.

THANK, *n.* SAX. Thankfulness, good will. R. 2741.

IN THANKE—is taken more.—

EN plus grant GRE, sont receus. Orig.

So the phrases, *his thankes*, *hir thankes*, (see the n. on ver. 1628.) answer to the French, *sou gré*, *leur gré*.

THANNE, THAN, *adv.* SAX. Then. 12260. 12284.

THAR, *v.* SAX. *impers.* Behoveth. See the n. on ver. 4318.

THATTE, THAT, *pron. dem.* SAX. used as a *relative*.

10. 699. *Thatte Saint Peter had.* So this verse should be written.—*That he mighte.* 5456. As much as he was able; *Quod potuit.*—It is sometimes put, not inelegantly, for *the same*. See ver. 194. *With gris, AND THAT the finest of the lond.* ver. 346. *Of fish and flesh, AND THAT so plenteous.* ver. 3517. *Shal fall a rain, AND THAT so wild and wood.* See also ver. 563. 3938. 9280.

THATTE, THAT, *conj.* SAX. *Quod.* LAT. 131. 226, 8.

THE, *prep. art.* SAX. See the *Essay, &c.* p. lxxxvi.

*The* when prefixed to *adjectives*, or *adverbs*, in the *comparative degree*, is generally to be considered as a corruption of *þy*, which was commonly put by the Saxons for *þam*, the *ablative ca. sing.* of the *art.* *þat*, used as a *pronoun*. *THE merier.* 716. *Eo letiūs.* *THE more mery.* 804. *Eo lætiōres.* Of the same construction are the phrases —*Yet fare they THE worse.* 4348. *Yet fare I never THE bet.* 7533.

When *the* is repeated with a second comparative, either *adj.* or *adv.* the first *the* is to be under-

stood in the sense of the LAT. *Quo*. See ver. 5955.

*The more it brenneth, the more it hath desire  
To consume every thing.—*

—*Quo magis—eo magis.*—And ver. 8589.

*And ay the further that she was in age,  
The more trewe (if that it were possible)  
She was to him in love and more penible.*

Sometimes the first *the* is omitted, as in the phrases, *Ever lenger the werse*. 3870. *Ever longer  
the more*. 8563. See P. 119. For *eartes*, if a man hadde a dedly wound, *ever the lenger* that he taried to warishe himself, *the more wold it corrupt*—and also the wound wold be *the werse* for to hele.

**THE**, *v. SAX.* To thrive. See the *n.* on ver. 3862.

**THEDOME**, *n. SAX.* Thrift, success. 13335.

**THEFELY**, *adj. SAX.* Like a thief. L. W. 1779.

**THENNES, THENNE**, *adv. SAX.* Thenca. 5463. 6723.

**THENNESFORTH**, *adv. SAX.* From *thennesforth*.

13495. From that time forward.

**THEODOMAS**, *pr. n.* 9594. See the note.

**THEOPHRAST**, *pr. n.* 9170. See the Discourse, &c.  
*n.* 19. and the *n.* on ver. 9172.

**ther**, *adv. SAX.* There, in that place; is frequently used in the sense of *Where*. 7348. 7378. 12059.

**ther**, in composition, signifies *that*, without including any idea of place. See **HERE**. *Therabouten*. 939. *Theragain*. 7070. *Therbefore*. 2036. *Therby*. 7786. *Therfore*. 777. *Therfro*. R. 4941. *Ther-*

- gaine.* R. 6555. *Therof.* 3781. *Theron.* 161.  
*Therto.* 153. *Therwith.* 3780. *Therwithall.* 568.  
**THEWES,** *n. pl.* SAX. Manners, qualities. 8285.  
 9416.
- THIDER,** *adv.* SAX. Thither, to that place. 1265.  
**THIDERWARD,** *adv.* SAX. Toward that place. 2532.
- THILKE,** *adj.* SAX. This same, that same. 5600.  
 5759.
- THINKE,** *v.* SAX. To consider. 12261. It is very frequently used as an *Impersonal* in the *pr.* and *pa. t.* in the sense of *SEEMETH*, or *SEEMED*. *Me thinketh.* 3170. *Him thinketh.* 3614. *Him thoughte.* 956. *Hire thoughte.* 9838. *How thinketh you?* 7786. *Hem thoughte.* 8282.
- THINNE,** *adj.* SAX. Slender, small. 9556. *A thinne imagination.* Bo. III. pr. 3. *Tenui imagine.* *A thinne suspicion.* Bo. III. pr. 12. *Tenui suspicione.*
- THIRLE,** *v.* SAX. To pierce through. 2712.
- THIS,** *pron. demonst.* SAX. is sometimes put for the prepositive article. 12619.
- THISÉ,** *pl.* 6142. 11508.
- THO,** *prep. art. pl.* DA. SAX. used as a demonstrative pronoun. Those. 2315. 2353. 12482. M. 122.
- THO,** *adv.* SAX. Then. 2214. 2393.
- THOLE,** *v.* SAX. To suffer. 7128. *And what mischefe and male ease Christ for man tholed.* P. P. 65 b.

THORE. R. 1853. is put for THERE, for the sake of the rime.

THORPE, *n.* SAX. A village. 8075. 17323.

THOUGHTEN, *pa. t. pl.* of THINKE, *v.* SAX. 7612.

THRALL, *n.* SAX. A slave, or villain. P. 114.

THRALLE, *v.* To enslave. T. II. 773.

THRASTE, *pa. t.* of THRESTE. 12194.

THRED-BARE, *adj.* SAX. Having the threads bare, the nap being worn away. 16358.

THREMOTE. Du. 376. should be written, in two words, *thre mote*, as in the Bodl. MSS. MOT. *n.* FR. is explained by Cotgrave to signify, among other things, *the note winded by a huntsman on his horne*.

THREPE, *v.* SAX. To call. 16294.

THRESTE, *v.* SAX. To thrust. 2614. 9877.

THRESWOLD, *n.* SAX. A threshold. 3482. 8164.

THRETE, *v.* SAX. To threaten. L. W. 754.

THRETTENE, *num.* SAX. Thirteen. 7841.

THRIDDE, *adj.* SAX. Third. 1465. 2273.

THRIE, THRIES, *adv.* SAX. Thrice. 63. 564. T. II. 89. 1285.

THRILLED for THIRLED, *pa. t.* of THIRLE. R. 7636.

THRINGE, *v.* SAX. To thrust. R. 7419. T. IV. 66.

THRISTE, *pa. t.* of THRESTE. T. III. 1580.

THRONGE, *pa. t.* of THRINGE. 10227.

**THROPS for THORPES.** A. F. 350.

**THROSTEL, n. SAX.** A thrush. 13699.

**THROW, n. SAX.** Time. *But a throw.* 5373. But a little while. *Any throw.* 14142. Any space of time. *Many a throw.* 16409. Many times.

**THRUST for THURST, n. SAX.** Thirst. R. 5713.

**THRUSTY for THURSTY, adj. SAX.** Thirsty. Magd. 708.

**THURGH, prep. SAX.** Through. 2614, 9.—By means of. 1330, 1.

**THURGHFARE, n. SAX.** A passage. 2849.

**THURGHOUT, prep. SAX.** Throughout, quite through. 1098. 2569.

**THURROK, n. SAX.** The hold of a ship. P. 37.  
See the note.

**THWITEL, n. SAX.** A whittle; *Cultellus* 3931.

**THWITTEN, part. pa.** Chipped with a knife; whit-tled. R. 933. *Bien dolt.* Orig.

**TIDDE, part. pa.** of TIDE, v. SAX. Happened.  
*Thee shulde never have tidde so faire a grace.*  
T. i. 908. So fair a fortune should never have happened to thee.

**TIDIFE, n.** 10962. See the note.

**TIKEL, adj. SAX.** Uncertain. 3428.

**TIL, prep. SAX.** To. 2067. 2966. *Hire-till.* 10812.  
To her.

**TIMBESTERE, n.** R. 769. is supposed by Lye, (*Etym. Ling. Angl.* in v.) to mean the same with *Tombe-*

*stere.* The Orig. French has been quoted above in v. **SAILOURS**, which Chaucer has thus imitated.

*There was many a timbestere  
And sailours, that, I dare well swere,  
Ycoute heir craft full parfityl.  
The timbres up full subtilly  
Thei casten, and hent hem full oft  
Upon a finger faire and soft,  
That thei ne failed never mo.*

According to this description, it should rather seem, that a *Timbestere* was a woman, (See the n. on ver. 2019.) who played tricks with *timbres*, basons of some sort or other, by throwing them up into the air, and catching them upon a single finger; a kind of Balance-mistress.

**TIMBRES**, *n. pl. Fr.* R. 772. *Basons.* See **TIM-BESTERE**.

**TIPET**, *n. SAX.* A tippet. 3951.

**TIPPED**, *part. pa.* Headed; covered at the tip, or top. 7319. 7322.

**TIPTOON**, *n. pl. SAX.* Tiptoes; the extremities of the toes. 15313.

**TIRE**, *v. FR.* To pluck; to feed upon, in the manner of birds of prey. T. i. 788. *For loke how that a goshauke TYRETH.* Conf. Am. 132 b.

**TISSUE**, *n. FR.* A riband. T. ii. 639.

**TITE for TIDETH**. T. i. 334. Happeneth.

**TITERING**, *n. SAX.* Courtship. T. ii. 1744.

**TITLELES, *adj.* SAX.** Without title. 17172.

**TITUS LIVIUS, *pr. n.*** 11935. L. W. 1681. The Roman historian.

**To, *adv.* SAX.** Too. 877. 996.

**To, *prep.* SAX.** *To day.* 7758. 7821. On this day.

*To morwe.* 782. 1612. On the morrow, *the following day.* *To yere.* 5750. T. III. 242. F. I. 84. In *this* year.

To, in composition with verbs, is generally augmentative. 2611. *The helmes they TO-HEWEN and to-SHREDE,* i. e. hewe and cut to pieces. 2613. *The bones they TO-BRESTE,* i. e. break in pieces. **TO-BROSTEN.** 2693. **TO-DASHED.** T. II. 640. Much bruised. **TO-RENT.** 12036. Rent in pieces. **TO-SWINKE.** 12453. Labour greatly.—Sometimes the *adv.* **ALL** is added. **AL-TO-RENT.** 14267. **ALL-TO-SHARE.** R. 1858. Entirely cut to pieces. **ALL-TO-SHENT.** *Ibid.* 1903. Entirely ruined.

**TOFORE, TOFOREN, *prep.* SAX.** BEFORE. M. 115.

**TOGITHERS, *adv.* SAX.** Together. T. IV. 1322.

**TOLD, *pa.t.* of TELL, *v.* SAX.** Accounted. 14404.

**TOMBESTERE, *n.* SAX.** A dancing-woman. T. L. II. 326 b.

**TOMBESTERES, *pl.* 12411.** See the note.

**TOMEDES.** T. II. 1201. should be written as two words. *To mede, or to medes,* according to the Saxon usage, signifies *for reward, in return.*

**TONE, *n. pl.* SAX.** Toes. 14868. F. III. 938.

**TONNE-GRET, adj.** Of the circumference of a tun.

1996.

**Toos, n. pl.** 13337. as **TONE**.

**TORETES, n. pl.** Fr. Rings. See the note on ver.  
2154.

**TORNE, v. Fr.** To turn. 2320. *The devil out of  
his skinne Him torne!* 16742. May the devil  
turn him, inside out!

**TORNED, part. pa.** 16639.

**TORTUOUS, adj.** Fr. Oblique, winding. 4722.

**TOTELER, n.** A whisperer. L. W. 353. **TOTELAR.**  
*Susurro.* Prompt. Parv.

**TOTTY, adj.** SAX. Dizzy. 4251.

**TOUGH, adj.** SAX. Difficult. *And maketh it full  
tough.* 13309. And takes a great deal of pains.  
*Or make it tough.* T. v. 101. Or take pains  
about it. See also T. ii. 1025. iii. 87. *And  
made it neither tough ne queint.* Du. 531. Made  
no difficulty or strangeness.

*Al be it ye make it never sa tewche,  
To me your labour is in vane.*

Ms. Maitland. *The mourning maiden.*

*Will. Swane makis wonder tewche.*

Ibid. *Peblis to the play.* St. 21.

**TOUGHT, adj.** SAX. Tight. 7849.

**TOUR, n. Fr.** A tower. 1032.

**TOURNET, n.** R. 4164. should be written *Tourette*,  
as in Ms. Hunter. A turret, or small tower.

**TOUT, n.** The backside. 3810. 3851.

- TOWAIL, *n.* FR. A towel. 14663. 14671.
- TOWARDES, *prep.* SAX. Toward. 12640.
- TOWEL, *n.* 7730. is perhaps put for TEWEL; a pipe; the fundament.
- TRACE, *n.* FR. A track, or path. 176.—A train. L. W. 285.
- TRADE, *pa. t. of TREAD, v.* SAX. Trod. 15184.
- TRAGETOUR, *n.* F. III. 187. as TREGETOUR.
- TRAIE, *v.* FR. To betray. F. I. 390.
- TRAIS, *n. pl.* FR. *Traits.* The traces, by which horses draw. 2141. T. I. 222.
- TRAMISSENE, *pr. n.* A kingdom in Africa. See the *n.* on ver. 57.
- TRANSMEWE, *v.* FR. To transform. 8261. T. IV. 467.
- TRAPPURES, *n. pl.* BARB. LAT. The cloths, with which horses were covered for parade. 2501. See Du Cange, in *v.* TRAPPATURA.
- TRASHED, *part. pa.* Betrayed. R. 3231.
- TRATE, *n.* 7164. See the note. Bp. Douglas frequently uses *Trat* for an *old woman*. Æn. VII. 416. in *vultus sese transformat aniles*—he renders,  
*And hir in schape transformyt of ane trat.*  
See also p. 96, 28. *auld trat*—and p. 122, 39.
- TRAVE, *n.* FR. *Travail.* A frame, in which farriers put unruly horses. 3282.
- TRE, *n.* SAX. A tree; wood. 5682. *Cristes tre.* 3765. The Cross.

- TRECHOUR, *n.* Fr. A cheat. R. 6308. 7168.
- TREDE-FOULE, *n.* A treader of hens; a cock. 13951. 15457.
- TREGETOUR, *n.* See the *n.* on ver. 11453.
- TRENCHANT, *part. pr.* Fr. Cutting. 3928.
- TRENTAL, *n.* See the *n.* on ver. 7299.
- TREPEGET, *n.* Fr. A military engine. R. 6279.  
See Du Cange, in v. TREBUCHETUM.
- TRESSE, *n.* Fr. An artificial lock, or gathering of hair. 1051. See Du Cange, in v. TRICA, TRECIA.
- TRESSED, *part. pa.* Gathered in a tress, or tresses. 5926.
- TRESSOUR, *n.* An instrument used in tressing the hair; or an ornament of it, when tressed. R. 568. 3717. See Du Cange, in v. TRESSORIUM.
- TRETABLE, *adj.* Fr. Tractable. P. 74. L. W. 411.
- TRETE, *v.* Fr. To treat, to discourse. 10534.
- TRETEE, *n.* Treaty. 9566.
- TRETIS, *n.* Treaty. T. iv. 64. 670.
- TRETIS, *adj.* Fr. Long and well proportioned. 152. R. 1016. 1216.
- TREWE, *n.* Fr. A truce. T. iv. 1312.
- TREWE, *adj.* SAX. True, Faithful. 2237. 3706.
- TREWE-LOVE, *n.* 3692. See the note. Since which Mr. Steevens has very obligingly suggested to me, that there is a herb called *True-love*, according to Gerard, in his Herbal. Ed. 1597. p. 328. "HERBA PARIS. One-berrie, or herbe *Truelove*—at the

very top whereof come forth fower leaves, directly set one against another, in manner of a Burgun-  
nion cross, or a true love knot; for which cause among the auncients it hath been called herbe *Truelove.*" This herb, however, to the best of my remembrance, is rather too large to be carried conveniently *under the tongue*—A *trewelove*, of the same or another sort, is mentioned in the concluding stanza of the *Court of Love*.

Eke eche at other threw the floures bright,  
The primerose, the violete, and the gold :  
So than as I beheld the royal sight,  
My lady gan me sodenly behold,  
And with a *trewelove*, *plited many a fold*,  
She smote me through the very heart as blive,  
And Venus yet I thanke I am alive.

**TRIACLE**, *n.* Fr. corruption of *Theriaque*. A remedy, in general. 4899. 12248.

**TRICE**, *v.* SAX. To thrust. 14443.

**TRIE**, *adj.* 13785. f. Tried or refined. Gloss. *Ur.*

**TRILL**, *v.* SAX. To twirl, to turn round. 10630.

**TRILL**, *v. neut.* To roll, to trickle. 7446. 13604.

**TRINE**, *adj.* Fr. Triple. *Trine compas.* 15513.  
The Trinity. See COMPAS.

**TRIPPE**, *n.* 7329. evidently means *a small piece* of cheese. *Les tripes d'un fagot*, in Fr. are *The smallest sticks in a faggot.* Cotgrave.

**TRISTE**, *v.* for TRUSTE. T. 247.

**TRISTE**, *n.* T. II. 1534. A post or station in hunt-

ing. *Cowell*. This seems to be the true meaning of the word, though the etymology is not so clear.

**TROMPE**, *n.* Fr. A trumpet. 2176. 2513.

**TROMPOUR**, *n.* A trumpeter. 2673.

**TRONCHOUN**, *n.* Fr. A spear, without a head. 2617.

**TRONE**, *n.* Fr. A throne. 2531. 12776.

**TROPHEE**, *pr. n.* 14123. See the note. It afterwards occurred to me that the reference might possibly be to the original of the *Troilus and Cresseide*, which, according to Lydgate, was called *Trophe*; (See the *n.* on P. 131. l. 1. Vol. IV. p. 340.) but I cannot find any such passage, as is here quoted, in the *Filostrato*.

**TROTULA**, *pr. n.* 6259. See the *n.* on ver. 6253.

**TRUBLE**, *adj.* Fr. Dark, gloomy. 8341.

**TRUBLER**, *comp. d.* R. 7020.

**TROWANDISE**. R. 3954. for **TRUANDISE**.

**TROWE**, *v.* SAX. To believe. 7139. 7567.

**TRUANDISE**, *n.* Fr. Begging. R. 6664. **TRUANDING**. R. 6721.

**TULLE**, *v.* SAX. To allure. 4132. See ver. 5597.

**TULLIUS**, *pr. n.* M. 99. 100. M. Tullius Cicero.

See also R. 5286. A. F. 31.

**TURKEIS**, *n.* Fr. A sort of precious stone. C. L. 80.

**TURKEIS**, *adj.* Fr. Turkish. 2897. See the note.

**TURMENTISE**, *n.* Fr. Torment. 14435.

**TURVES**, *pl. of TURF*, *n.* SAX. 10109.

- TWAINE, T. III. 551. TWAY. 794. TWEY. 1696.  
 TWEINE. 8526. *numer.* SAX. Two.  
 TWEIFOLD, *adj.* SAX. Double. 16034.  
 TWIES, *adv.* SAX. Twice. 4346.  
 TWIGHT, *pa. t.* and *part.* of TWITCH, *v.* SAX.  
 Pulled, plucked. 7145. 10732.  
 TWINNE, *v.* SAX. To depart from a place, or thing.  
 837. 12364.  
 TWINNED, *part. pa.* Separated. T. IV. 476.  
 TWIRE, *v.* Bo. III. m. 2. *Twireth* seems to be the  
 translation of *susurrat*; spoken of a bird.  
 TWIST, *n.* SAX. A twig. 10223.  
 TWISTE, *v.* SAX. To twitch, to pull hard. 10880.  
 TWISTE, *pa. t.* Twitched. 9879.

## V.

- VALENCE, *pr. n.* A. F. 272. Valencia in Spain.  
 Gloss. *Úr.*  
 VALERIE, *pr. n.* 6253. See the Discourse, &c. n.  
 19.  
 VALERIE. 14638. VALERIUS. 6747. *pr. n.* Vale-  
 riūs Maximus.  
 VALURE, *n.* Fr. Value. R. 5236.  
 VARIEN, *inf. m. v.* Fr. To change, to alter. T. II.  
 1621.  
 VARIAUNT, *part. pr.* I6643. Changeable.  
 VASSALAGE, *n.* Fr. Valour, courage. 3056. R.  
 5871.

- VAVASOUR, *n.* 362. See the note.
- VAUNTOUR, *n.* FR. A boaster. T. II. 724.
- VECKE, *n.* ITAL. An old woman. R. 4286. 4495.
- VEINE-BLODE, *n.* Blood drawn from a vein. 2749.
- VENDABLE, *adj.* FR. To be sold. R. 5804.
- VENERIE, *n.* FR. Hunting. 166. 2310.
- VENGE, *v.* FR. To revenge. M. 109.
- VENIME, *n.* FR. Poison, venom. 2753.
- VENTOUSING, *n.* FR. Cupping. 2749.
- VER, *n.* LAT. The Spring. T. I. 157.
- VERAMENT, *adv.* FR. Truly. 13643.
- VERAY, *adj.* FR. True. 6786.
- VERDEGRESE, *n.* FR. *Verd du gris.* The rust of brass, so called from its colour, a grey green. 16258.
- VERDITE, *n.* FR. Judgment, sentence. 789. A. F. 503.
- VERGER, *n.* FR. A garden. R. 3618. 3831.
- VERMEILE, *adj.* FR. Of a vermillion colour. R. 3645.
- VERMELET, *adj.* C. L. 142. as VERMEILE.
- VERNAGE. 9681. See the note.
- VERNICLE, *n.* 687. diminutive of *Veronike.* FR. A copy in miniature of the picture of Christ, which is supposed to have been miraculously imprinted upon a handkerchief, preserved in the church of St. Peter at Rome. Du Cange, in v. VERONICA.
- MADOX, *Form. Angl.* p. 428. Testam. Joh. de Nevill. an. 1386. *Item Domino Archiepiscopo Ebo-*

*rum fratri meo i. vestimentum rubeum de velvet cum le verouike (r. veronike) in granis rosarum desuper brondata (r. broudata).* It was usual for persons returning from pilgrimages to bring with them certain tokens of the several places which they had visited; and therefore the Pardoner, who is just arrived from Rome, is represented with *a vernicle, sewed upon his cappe.* See P. P. 28 b.

*An hundred amoles on hys hatte sette,  
Sygnes of Sinay and shelles of\* Calice,  
And many a crouch on his cloke and kayes of Rome,  
And THE VERNICLE before, for men shold knowe  
And se by hys signes, whom he sought hadde.*

VERNISH, *v.* FR. To varnish. 4147.

VERRE, *n.* FR. Glass. T. II. 867.

VERSIFIOUR, *n.* FR. A maker of verses; a poet. M. 133.

VERTULES, *adj.* Without efficacy. T. II. 344.

VERTUOUS, *adj.* FR. Active, efficacious. 251.

VESSELL, *n.* FR. *Vaisselle.* Plate. 14154. 14310.

UGLY, *adj.* SAX. Horrid, frightful. 8549.

VIAGE, *n.* FR. A journey by sea or land. 77. 794.

VICARY, *n.* LAT. A vicar. 17333.

VICE, *n.* FR. The newel, or upright centre of a winding stair-case. C. D. 1310.

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\* Ms. *Gales.* Perhaps it should be *Galice.* See ver. 468.

VIGILE, *n.* FR. The eve of a festival. 379.—The wake, or watching of a dead body. T. v. 305. See the *n.* on ver. 2960.

VIGILIE, *n.* LAT. as VIGILE. 6138.

VILANIE, *n.* FR. Any thing unbecoming a gentleman. 70. 6733.

VINOIENT, *adj.* LAT. Full of wine. 6049. 7513.

VIRELAYE, *n.* FR. 11260. “A round, freeman’s song.” Cotgrave. There is a particular description of a *Virlai*, in the *Jardin de plaisance*. fol. xii. where it makes the *decima sexta species Rhetorice Gallicane*.

VIRGILE, *pr. n.* 7101. L. W. 924. F. i. 449.

VISAGE, *v.* FR. To front, to face a thing. 10147.

VIDE, *n.* 1987. In Ms. A. *veze*. Perhaps we should read *rese*, a Saxon word signifying *violence, impetuosity*. See T. iv. 350. where (according to Gloss. *Ur.*) instead of *rage* some MSS. have *rees*; and the *Prol. to the Contin. of the Cant. T.* ver. 498. 548. If this correction be admitted, we must also read in the next line *rese* for *rise*, with Ms. A.

VITAILLE, *n.* FR. Victuals. 3551. 7935.

VITELLON, *pr. n.* 10546. See the note.

UNBETIDE, *v.* SAX. To fail to happen. Bo. v. pr. 6.

UNBODIE, *v.* SAX. To leave the body. T. v. 1549.

UNBOKEL, *v.* FR. To unbuckle, to open. 17337.

UNCE, *n.* FR. LAT. Ounce. 16722. 16734.

UNCOMMITTED, *part. pa.* A. F. 518. *Office uncommitted oft annoyeth.* Compare ver. 16534, 5.

UNCONNING, *part. pr.* Ignorant. 2395.

UNCONNING, *n.* Ignorance. B. K. 608.

UNCOVENABLE, *adj.* Inconvenient. Bo. iv. pr. 6.

UNCOPPLE, *v.* To go loose; *Metaphor* from hounds. 14420.

UNCOUPLINGE, *n.* Letting loose. Du. 377.

UNCOUTH, *part. pa.* Unknown. See COUTH.—

Uncommon, not vulgar, elegant. 10598. T. III.  
1803. F. L. 276. C. D. 93.

UNCOUTHLY, *adv.* Uncommonly. R. 584.

UNDEPARTABLE, *adj.* Not capable of departing.  
Bo. iv. pr. 3.

UNDERFONG, *v.* SAX. To undertake. R. 5709.

UNDERGROWE, *part. pa.* Undergrown, of a low  
stature. 156.

UNDERLING, *n.* SAX. An inferior. P. 87.

UNDERMELE, *n.* SAX. 6457. See the note. Upon  
further consideration, I am rather inclined to be-  
lieve, that *undermele* signifies *the time after the  
meal of dinner*; the afternoon. UNDERMELE.  
*Postmeridies.* Prompt. Parv.

UNDERN, *n.* SAX. The third hour of the artificial  
day; nine of the clock. A. M. 15228. See the n.  
on ver. 8136. *Till it was UNDERNE hygh, and  
more.* Conf. Am. 103 b.

UNDERNOME, *pa. t.* of UNDERNIME, *v.* SAX. Took  
up, received. 15711.

UNDERPIGHT, *pa. t.* See PIGHT. *He dranke, and*

*wel his girdel underpight.* 5209. He drank, and stuffed his girdle well.

**UNDERSPORE**, *v. SAX.* To raise a thing, by putting a *spere*, or pole, under it. 3465.

**UNDERSTONDE**, *part. pa.* Understood. 4940. 9559.

**UNDO**, *v. SAX.* To unfold. R. 9.

**UNDOUTOUS**, *adj.* Undoubted. Bo. v. pr. 1.  
*Indubitata.* Orig. See **Doutous**.

**UNESCHUABLE**, *adj. SAX.* Unavoidable. Bo. v.  
pr. 1. *Inevitabilis.* Orig.

**UNESE**, *n.* Uneasiness. C. D. 867.

**UN-ETH**, **UN-ETHES**, *adv. SAX.* Scarcely, not easily.  
3123. 7685.

**UNFAMOUS**, *adj.* Unknown. F. III. 56.

**UNFESTLICHE**, *adj.* Not suitable to a feast. 10680.

**UNGODELY**, *adj.* Uncivil, ungenteel. R. 3741.  
*That I n'olde holde hire UNGODELY.* Orig. *Que  
je ne tenisse à vilaine.*

**UNGREABLE**, *adj.* Unpleasant, disagreeable. Bo. i.  
m. 1. *Ingratas.* Orig.

**UNHELE**, *n. SAX.* Misfortune. 12050.

**UNHIDE**, *v.* To discover. R. 2168.

**UNJOINE**, *v.* To separate; to disjoin. Bo. III.  
pr. 12.

**UNKINDELY**, *adv.* Unnaturally. 12419.

**UNKNOWNABLE**, *adj.* Incapable of being known.  
Bo. II. m. 7. *Ignorabiles.* Orig.

**UNLETTED**, *part. pa.* Undisturbed. C. D. 1829.

**UNLOVEN**, *v.* To cease loving. T. v. 1697.

- UNLUST**, *n.* Dislike. P. 77.
- UNMANHODE**, *n.* Cowardice. T. I. 825.
- UNMIGHTY**, *adj.* Unable. T. II. 858.
- UNPEREGAL**, *adj.* Unequal. Bo. III. pr. 1. *Impar.* Orig.
- UNPIN**, *v.* SAX. To unlock. T. III. 699.
- UNPITOUS**, *adj.* Cruel. Bo. I. m. 1. *Impia.*
- UNPLITE**, *v.* To unfold. Bo. II. pr. 8.
- UNREST**, *n.* Want of rest. 6686.—Uneasiness, trouble. 8595.
- UNRESTY**, *adj.* Unquiet. T. v. 1354.
- UNRIGHT**, *n.* Wrong. 6675.
- UNSAD**, *adj.* Unsteady. 8871.
- UNSCIENCE**, *n.* Not-science. Bo. v. pr. 3.
- UNSELY**, *adj.* Unhappy. 4208. 15936.
- UNSET**, *part. pa.* Not appointed. 1526.
- UNSHETTE**, *pa. t.* Opened. 9921.
- UNSKILFULLY**, *adv.* SAX. Without reason. Bo. III. pr. 6. *Injuriā.* Orig.
- UNSLEKKED**, *part. pa.* Unslackled. 16274.
- UNSLEPT**, *part. pa.* Having had no sleep. C. D. 1834.
- UNSOFT**, *adj.* Hard. 9698.
- UNSOLEMPNE**, *adj.* Uncelebrated. Bo. I. pr. 3. *Incelebris.* Orig.
- UNSPERDE**, *part. pa.* Unbolted. R. 2654.
- UNSTANCHEABLE**, *adj.* Inexhaustible. Bo. II. pr. 7. *Inexhausta.* Orig.
- UNSTANCHED**, *part. pa.* Unsatisfied. Bo. II. pr. 6. *Inexpletam.* Orig.

UNSUFFICIENT, *adj.* Insufficient. 10351.

UNSWELL, *v.* To fall after swelling. T. iv. 1146.

UNTHANK, *n.* No thanks; ill-will. 4080. T. v. 699.

UNTIL, *prep.* SAX. To, unto. 214.

UNTIME, *n.* An unseasonable time. P. 126.

UNTO, *adv.* SAX. Until. A. F. 647.

UNTRESSED, *part. pa.* Not tied in a tress, or tresses. 2291. 8255.

UNTRETABLE, *adj.* Not admitting any treaty. Bo. ii. pr. 8. *Bellum inexorabile.* Orig. Πολεμος ακηρυκτος.

UNTRISTE for UNTRUSTE, *v.* To mistrust. T. iii. 841.

UNTRUST, *n.* Distrust. 10080.

UNUSAGE, *n.* Want of usage. Bo. ii. pr. 7. *Insolentia.* Orig.

UNWARE, *part. pa.* Unforeseen. 4847. 11668.

UNWELD, *adj.* Unwieldy. 3884. R. 359.

UNWEMMED, *part. pa.* Unspotted. 5344. 15605.

UNWETING, *part. pr.* Not knowing. *Unweting of this Dorigen.* 11248. Dorigen not knowing of this.

UNWETINGLY, *adv.* Ignorantly. 12420.

UNWIST, *part. pa.* Unknown. T. ii. 1294. *Unwist of him.* 2979. It being unknown to him.—Not knowing. T. ii. 1400.

UNWIT, *n.* Want of wit. 16553.

UNWOTE, *v.* SAX. To be ignorant. Bo. v. pr. 6.

UNWRIE, *v.* To uncover. T. I. 859.

UNYOLDEN, *part. pa.* Not having yielded. 2644. 2726.

VOIDE, *v. Fr.* To remove. 8786. 10502.—To quit, to make empty. 8682. 9689.

VOIDE, *v. neut.* To depart, to go away. 11462. T. II. 912.

VOIDED, *part. pa.* Removed. 11507. 11613.

VOLAGE, *adj. Fr.* Light, giddy. 17188. R. 1284.

VOLATILE, *n. Fr.* Wild fowls; game. 13002.

VOLUNTEE, *n. Fr.* Will. R. 5276.

VOLUPERE, *n.* A woman's cap. 3241. A night-cap. 4301. VOLYPERE. KERCHER. *Teristrum.*

Prompt. Parv. But *theristrum* signifies properly a veil. See Du Cange, in *v.*

VOUCHE, *v. Fr.* *Vouchen sauf.* 11885 To vouchsafe. *Voucheth sauf.* 11355. Vouchsafe ye. *As ye have made present, the king VOUCHES it SAVE.* P. L. 260.

UP, *prep. Sax.* Upon. *Ther lith on up my wombe and up myn hed.* 4288. There lieth one upon my belly and upon my head. *Up peine.* 1709. 2545. Upon pain. *Up peril.* 6727. Upon peril.

UP, *adv. SAX.* *Up on lond.* 704. Up in the country. *Up so doun.* 1379. 16093. P. 23. Upside down. *The londe was tourned UP SO DOUN.* Conf. Am. 37. 159. *But Pandare up.* T. III. 549. An elliptical expression, of which it is not easy to give the precise meaning.

- UPPER, *comp. d.* Higher. F. II. 376.
- UPHAF, *pa. t.* of UPHEVE, *v.* SAX. Heaved up. 2430.
- UPHEPING, *n.* SAX. Accumulation. Bo. II. pr. 3. *Cumulum.* Orig.
- UPON, *adv.* 6964. *He had upon a courtpey of grene.* He had on a courtepy, &c. Or perhaps it is an elliptical expression for *He had upon him.* See ver. 6141.
- UPPEREST, *adj. superl.* Highest. Bo. I. pr. 1.
- UPRIGHT, *adj.* SAX. Straight. *Upright as a bolt.* 3264. Straight as an arrow. It is applied indifferently to persons *lying*, as well as standing. 4264. 6350. 13246. 13541. 14489. 15048.
- URCHON, *n.* A hedge-hog. R. 3135.
- URE, *n.* FR. Fortune, destiny. B. K. 152. C. L. 634.
- URED, *adj.* Fortunate. *Well ured.* C. D. 144.
- USAGE, *n.* FR. Experience, practice. 2450.
- USANT, *part. pr.* FR. Using, accustomed. 3938. P. 95.
- UTTER, *comp. d.* of OUT, *adv.* SAX. Outward, more out. 15966. T. III. 665.
- UTTERESTE, *superl. d.* Uttermost. 8663.
- UTTERLY, *adv.* FR. *Oultrément.* Thoroughly, entirely. 8829. L. W. 1488.
- UTTREN, *inf. m.* of Utter, *v.* SAX. To publish. 16302.
- UTTREN, *pr. t. pl.* 6103. Give out; sell.

## W.

**WADE**, *pr. n.* 9298. See the note.—See also Cambden. Brit. 907. and Charlton's Hist. of Whitby, p. 40.

**WADE**, *v.* SAX. LAT. To pass through water, without swimming. 7666.—To pass, generally. 9558. 14412. q?

**WAFERERS**, *n. pl.* Sellers of wafers, a sort of cakes. 12413.

**WAFOURES**, *n. pl.* Wafers, a sort of cakes. 3379.

**WAGET**. 3321. See the note. But, upon the whole, I believe that *a light waget* should be understood to mean *a light blue colour*.

**WAIMENTING**, *n.* SAX. Lamentation. 904. 997.

**WAINE**. *n.* SAX. A waggon. Bo. iv. m. 1.

**WAITE**, *v.* FR. To watch. 3295.

**WAKE**, *v.* SAX. To watch. 7482. C. D. 1904.

**WALACHIE**, *pr. n.* Walachia. Du. 1024.

**WALA WA**, or **WA LA WA**, *interj.* SAX. Woe! alas! 940. See the note. *Wala wa the while!* 4790. Alas the time!

**WALNOTE**, *n.* SAX. A walnut, i. e. a French, or foreign nut. F. iii. 191.

**WALWE**, *v.* SAX. To tumble about, to wallow. 6667. 6684.

**WALWING**, *part. pr.* 3616.

**WAN**, *pa. t. of WIN*, *v.* SAX. Gained. 444. 7059.

**WANE**, *v.* SAX. To decrease. 2080. 3027.

**WANG**, *n.* SAX. A cheek-tooth. 4028.

WANGER, *n.* SAX. A support for the cheek, a pillow. 13840.

WANHOPE, *n.* SAX. Despair. 1251. P. 128, 9.

WANTRUST, *n.* SAX. Distrust. 17230.

WAPED, *part. pa.* SAX. Stupified. An. 217.

WARDECORPS, *n.* FR. Body-guard. 5941.

WARDEIN, *n.* FR. A warden of a College. 3997.

—A guard. T. III. 666.—A keeper of a gate.

T. v. 1177. WARDEINS, *pl.* Guards, watchmen. 6788.

WARDERERE. 4099. perhaps a corruption of the Fr. *Garde arriere*.

WARDROPE, *n.* FR. *Garderobe*. A house of office. 13502.

WARIANGLES. 6990. See the note; and Cotgrave, in v. *Pie* and *Engrouée*, where he explains “the Wariangle to be a small *Woodpecker*, black and white of colour, and but halfe as big as the ordinary green one.”

WARICE, WARISH, *v.* FR. To heal. 12840.—*v. neut.* To recover from sickness. M. 81.

WARISON, *n.* R. 1537. seems to be put for Reward. *Son merite*. Orig. WARYSON. *Donativum*. Prompt. Parv.

WARNE, *v.* SAX. To caution; to apprise. 8949. 16058.—To refuse. R. 3652. 3730.

WARNESTORE, *v.* To furnish; to store. M. 114.

WARRIE, *v.* SAX.—To abuse; to speak evil of. 4792. T. II. 1619.

WASHEN, *part. pa.* of WASH, *v.* SAX. 3311.

WASTEL-BREDE. 147. Cake-bread; Bread made of the finest flour; from the Fr. *Gasteau*, a cake.

WASTOUR, *n.* FR. A spoiler. 9409.

WATE, *v.* SAX. To know. R. 5399.

WATERING OF SEINT THOMAS. 828. A place *for watering horses*, I suppose, a little out of the borough of Southwark, in the road to Canterbury. The same place, I apprehend, was afterwards called St. Thomas *a Waterings*, probably from some chapel dedicated to that Saint. It was a place of execution in Q. Elizabeth's time. Wood. Ath. Oxon. i. 229.

WATLYNGE STRETE. F. II. 431. An old street in London.

WAVE, *pa. t.* of WEAVE, *v.* SAX. Wove. L. W. 2353.

Wawe, *n.* SAX. A wave. 1960.

WAY, *n.* SAX. is often put for *the time* in which a certain space can be passed through. *A furlong way.* 3637. 4197. *A mile way.* 13206. Any short time.—*At the leste wey.* 16144. seems to signify no more than *At the lest.* 4458. At least.—*A devil way.* 3136. 7824. *A twenty devil way.* 3713. 4255. 16250.

WAY, *adv.* Away. *Do way.* 3287. 15955. Do away, put away.

WAYE, *v.* SAX. To weigh. L. W. 398.—To press with weight. L. W. 1786.

WEBBE, *n.* SAX. A weaver. 364.

WEDDE, *n.* SAX. A pawn, or pledge. *To wedde.*  
1220. 13353. For a pawn. *And leyde TO WEDDE*  
*Normandie.* R. G. 393.

WEDE, *n.* SAX. Clothing, apparel. 8739. *Under*  
*wede.* 13845. See the note; and R. 6359. where  
*Under wede* seems to signify simply *In my cloth-*  
*ing.*

WEDE, *n.* SAX. A weed; a useless herb. T. I.  
947.

WEHEE. A word to express the neighing of a  
horse. 4064. P. P. 36 b.

WEIVE, *v.* SAX. To forsake. 17127. 17344.—To  
decline, to refuse. T. II. 284.

WEIVE, *v. neut.* To depart. 9357. 10298.

WEIVED, *part. pa.* Departed. 4728.

WEKE, *v.* SAX. To grow weak. T. IV. 1144.

WEKE, *adj.* SAX. Weak. 889.

WEL, *adv.* SAX. Well, in a good condition. 4372.

WEL WAS THE WENCHE, *with him mighte mete.*  
C. D. 270. WEL WERE THEY, *that thider might*  
*twin.* It is joined to other adverbs and adjectives,  
*as full* and *right* are; and still more frequently  
to verbs; in the sense of the Fr. *bien.*

WELDE, *v.* SAX. To govern, to wield. 7529. 14583.

WELDY, *adj.* SAX. Active. T. II. 636.

WELE, *adv.* for WEL. 928. 2233.

WELE, *n.* SAX. Wealth; prosperity. 3103. 4595.  
9166.

- WELEFUL, *adj.* Productive of happiness. 4871.
- WELEFULNESS, *n.* SAX. Happiness. Bo. II. pr. 8.
- WELKE, *pa. t. of WALK, v. SAX.* Walked. C. D. 828.
- WELKED, *part. pa. of WELKE, v. SAX.* Withered, mouldy. 5859. 12672.
- WELKIN, *n. SAX.* The sky. 9000.
- WELL, *n. SAX.* A spring. 7924. *Well of vices.* 4743.—*of perfection.* 5689.—*of alle gentillesse.* 10819.
- WELLE, *v. SAX.* To flow, as from a spring. T. IV. 709.
- WELMETH, R. 1561. seems to be put for WELLETH; Springeth.
- WELTE, *pa. t. of WELDE.* 14016.
- WEL-THEWED, *adj. SAX.* Endowed with good qualities. Bo. IV. pr. 6.
- WELWILLY, *adj. SAX.* Favourable, propitious. T. III. 1263.
- WEMME, *n. SAX.* A spot; a fault. 10435. R. 930. *Without wemme.* P. P. 98 b.
- WENCHE, *n. SAX.* A young woman. 4165. It is sometimes used in an opprobrious sense. 10076. *I am a gentil woman and no wenche.*
- WEND for WENED, *pa. t. of WENE.* Thought; intended. 3693. 4257. WENDEN, *pl. T. IV. 683. 724.*
- WENDE, *v. SAX.* To go. 21. 1393.
- WENDE, *n. SAX.* Guess, conjecture. B. K. 463. perhaps for WENE.

**WENE**, *n.* SAX. Guess, supposition. *Withouten wene.* R. 574. 732. Not by supposition; certainly.

**WENE**, *v.* SAX. To think; to suppose. 2197. 5893.

**WENT**, *part. pa.* of **WENDE**. Gone. 3665. 13470.

**WENTE**, **WENT**, *pa. t.* of **WENDE**. 78. 257. *Went at borde.* 6110. Lived as a boarder. **WENTEN**, *pl.* 822.

**WENT**, *n.* A way, a passage. T. III. 788. F. I. 182.—A turn, in walking. T. II. 815. T. V. 605. in bed. T. II. 63.

**WENT**, *v.* F. L. 150. for **WANT**.

**WEP**, *pa. t.* of **WEPE**, *v.* SAX. Wept. 2823.

**WEPELY**, *adj.* SAX. Causing tears. Bo. III. m. 12.

**WEPEN**, *n.* SAX. A weapon. 1593.

**WERCHE**, *n.* & *v.* as **WERKE**.

**WERE** for **WEREN**, *ind. m. pa. t. pl.* of **AM**, *v.* SAX. 18. 41. It is sometimes used for **HAD**, according to the French custom, with reflected verbs. 12595. *Thise riotoures—WERE set hem in a taverne for to drinke.*—*S'ETOIENT mis, s'ETOIENT assis.*

**WERE**, *subj. m. pa. t. sing.* 89. *As it were.* 148. *If on of hem were.* 1159. *Whether she were.* 2115. *Were it.* 2288. *It were a game.*

**WERE**, *v.* SAX. To wear. 2177. 2950.—To defend. 2552.

**WERE**, *n.* FR. *Guerre.* Confusion. *His herte in*

*such a WERE is set.* R. 5699. *Son cuer a mysen tel GUERRE.* Orig. 5289. L. W. 2675. *And in a WERE gan I wexe and with myself to dispute.* P. P. 54 b.

**WERE**, *n.* SAX. A wear, for catching fish. T. III. 35. A. F. 138.

**WEREN**, *pa. t. pl.* of AM, *v.* SAX. 28, 9. Were.

**WERKE**, *n.* SAX. Work. 3311. 12274. **WERKES**, *pl.* 3308.

**WERKE**, *v.* SAX. To work. 3133. 3530, 1.

**WERNE**, *v.* 5915. as **WARNE**.

**WERRE**, *n.* FR. War. 47. 1673. In T. v. 1392. it seems to be used as **WERE**.

**WERREIE**, *v.* FR. To make war against. 1546. 10324. 14338.

**WERSE**, *comp. d.* of **ILL**, *adv.* SAX. Worse. 4348. 5753.

**WERSE**, *comp. d.* of **BAD**, *adj.* SAX. Worse. 1226. 3870.

**WERSTE**, *superl. d.* of **BAD**. Worst. 9094. 13091.

**WERY**, *adj.* SAX. Weary. 4105. 4934.

**WESH**, *pa. t. of WASH*, *v.* SAX. Washed. 2285. 4873.

**WESTREN**, *inf. m. v.* SAX. To tend toward the West. T. II. 906.

**WETE**, *adj.* SAX. Wet. 2903.

**WETE**, *v.* SAX. To wet. T. III. 1121.

**WETE**, *v.* SAX. To know. 7096. 10305.

**WETHER**, *n.* SAX. The weather. 10366.—A castrated ram. 3542. T. IV. 1374.

WETING, *n.* SAX. Knowledge. 1613. 6231.

WEVE, *v.* SAX. To weave. L. W. 2341.

WEVE, *v.* SAX. To put off, to prevent. T. II.  
1050. See WEIVE.

WEX, *pa. t.* of WAXE, or WEXE, *v.* SAX. Waxed,  
grew. 4232.

WEXING, *part. pr.* Increasing. 2080.

WEYEDEN, *pa. t. pl.* Weighed. 456. See WAYE.

WHAT, *pron. interrog.* SAX. is often used by itself,  
as a sort of interjection. 856. WHAT? welcome be  
the cutte.—3477. WHAT? Nicholas! WHAT how?  
man!—3491. WHAT? thinke on God.—See also  
3900. 6496. 7820.

WHAT, *pron. indef.* Something. A little what. Bo.  
iv. pr. 6. Μικρὸν τι. What for love and for dis-  
tress. 1455. Partly for love and partly f. d. See  
3965. 4441, 2. F. II. 43. We teys what? 10305.  
17031. Do ye know something? Ne elles what.  
F. III. 651. Nor any thing else. Οὐδὲ αλλως τι.

WHAT, when joined to a *n. subst.* (either expressed  
or understood) is a mere *adj.* answering to Qualis.

LAT. Quel. FR. 40, 41. What they weren.

1705. What men they were.—What so. 524.

6873. What that. 5602. 7113. Whatsoever.

WHEDER, *conj.* SAX. Whether. 9838. 15141.

WHELM, *v.* SAX. T. I. 139. To sink, to depress.

WHELMYN A VESSELL. Supprimo. Prompt. Parv.

WHENNES, *adv.* SAX. Whence. 12269.

WHER, *conj.* SAX. Whether. 7032. 10893.

**WHER**, *adv. SAX.* Where. 423. 899.

**WHER**, in composition, signifies *Which*. See **HERE** and **THER**. *Wherfore*. 8533. *Wherin*. 13732. *Wherthrough*. R. 3733. *Wherwith*. 304.—or *What*, when used interrogatively. *Wherof*. 5654. *Wherwith*. 5713.

**WHETHER**, *adj. SAX.* Which of *two*. 1858. 6816.

**WHETTE**, *part. pa. of WHET, v. SAX.* Sharpened. T. v. 1759.

**WHICHE**, *pron. rel. SAX.* Who. 16482. Whom. 13083.—*adj.* What; what sort of. 2677. 5621. 6875.

**WHILE**, *n. SAX.* Time. *In this mene while*. 7027. In the mean time.—*How he might quite hire while*. 5004. How he might requite *her time, pains, &c.* L. W. 2225. R. 1542. *God can ful wel your WHILE quite*. So Ms. Hunter.

**WHILERE**, *adv. SAX.* Some time before. 16796.

**WHILKE**, *adj. SAX.* Which. 4076. 4169.

**WHILOM**, *adv. SAX.* Once, on a time. 861. 9121.

**WHINE**, *v. SAX.* To utter a plaintive cry. 5968. See An. 158.

**WHITE**, *adj. SAX.* Fair, specious. T. III. 1573.

**WHITE**, *v.* To grow white. T. v. 276.

**WHO**, *pron. interrog. SAX.* 1350. 1456.

*Whos, gen. ca. sing.* 5438.

**WHO**, *pron. rel. SAX.* 3154. It is generally expressed by *that*.

*Whos, gen. ca. sing.* 7908. 9047.

WHO, *pron. indef.* T. III. 268.

*For wel thou wost, the name as yet of her  
Amonges the people, AS WHO SAYTH, halowed is.*

Where *as who sayth* seems to be equivalent to *as one should say*. See also Du. 559. In Bo. III. pr. 4. the same phrase is used to introduce a fuller explanation of a passage; as we might use —*That is to say*.—WHO SO. 743. WHO THAT. 807. Whosoever. In ver. 4298. there is a phrase which I know not how to explain grammatically. *But sikerly she n'iste who was who*, . See also C. D. 1305, 6.

WIDE-WHERE, *adv. SAX.* Widely, far and near. 4556. T. III. 405. Conf. Am. 162.

WIERDES, *n. pl. SAX.* The fates, or destinies; *Parcæ.* T. III. 618.

WIF, *n. SAX.* A wife. 2260.—A woman. 6580.

WIFHOOD, *n. SAX.* The state of a wife. 10064.

WIFLES, *adj. SAX.* Unmarried. 9112. 9124.

WIFLY, *adj. SAX.* Becoming a wife. 8305.

WIGHT, *n. SAX.* A person, male or female, 2108. 13917. 4234.—A small space of time. 4281.—Weight.

T. II. 1385. A witch. 3484. WYTCH CLEPYD NYGHT MARE. *Epialtes.* Prompt. Parv.

WIGHT, *adj. SAX.* Active, swift. 4084. 14273. *Of hem that ben deliver and wight.* Conf. Am. 177 b.

WIGHTES, *n. pl.* Witches. 3479. See the note.

WIKE, *n.* for WEKE. T. II. 1273.

**WIKET, n. FR.** A wicket. 9919.

**WIKKE, adj. SAX.** Wicked. 5448. 15429.

**WILLIAM ST. AMOUR, pr. n.** R. 6763. A doctor of the Sorbonne in the xiiith Century, who took a principal part in the dispute between the University of Paris and the Dominican Friars. See Moreri, in v.

**WILLY, adj. SAX.** Favourable. B. K. 628.

**WILN for WILLEN, pl. n. of WILLE, v. SAX.** 6870. 12848.

**WILNE, v. SAX.** To desire. 2566.

**WIMPLE, n. FR.** A covering for the neck. It is distinguished from a *veil*, which covered the head also. R. 3864.

*Wering a vaile, instede of wimple,  
As nonnes don in hir abbey.*

**WINDAS, n. FR. Guindal.** An engine to raise stones, &c. 10498.

**WINDE, v. SAX.** To turn round. 6684.

**WINDE, as WENDE;** To go. R. 2055.

**WINE OF APE.** 16993. See the note.

**WINNE.** R. 3674. *v. SAX.* To gain. 715. 7003.  
*To winne to.* R. 3674. To attain. See L. W. 2416.

**WIRRY, v. SAX.** To worry. R. 6264.

**WIS, adv. SAX.** Certainly. 11780. See YWIS.

**WISE, n. SAX.** Manner. 1663. T. II. 921.

**WISLY, adv. SAX.** Certainly. 1865. 3992

**WISSE, v. SAX.** To teach, to direct. 6590. 6991.

*So God me wisse.* 7440. So may God direct me.

**WYSSYN OR LEDYN.** *Dirigo.* Prompt. Parv.

**WISTE,** *pa. t. of WISTE, v. SAX.* Knew. 1158.  
8690.

**WITE,** *v. SAX.* To know. 9614. R. 7661.—To blame. 10051. 14588.—To impute to. *Wite it the ale of Southwark.* 3142. Impute it to the a. o. S.—or, Blame the a. o. S. for it. 14756.

**WITE,** *n. SAX.* Blame. 16421.

**WITH,** *prep. SAX.* is used in the sense of *by.* 4895.

*Was with the leon frette;* was devoured by the lion.—*In with his thought.* 9460. *In with hire bosom.* 9818. Within his t. Within hire b.—*With meschance.* 5316. 7797. *With meschance and with misaventure.* 6916. *With sorwe and with meschance.* 4410. *With sorwe.* 5890. 5922. are phrases of the same import as *God yeve him meschance.* 5334. *God yeve me sorwe.* 5733. They are all to be considered as parenthetical curses, used with more or less seriousness. And so are the following phrases. *With evil prefe.* 5829. *With harde grace.* 7810. *With sory grace.* 12810.

**WITHHOLDE,** *v. SAX.* To stop. 14002.

**WITHHOLDEN, WITHHOLD,** *part. pa.* Retained, detained. 513. M. 84. 15813.

**WITHSAIN,** *inf. m. of WITHSAY,* *v. SAX.* 1142.

**WITHSAYE,** *WITHSEYE,* *v. SAX.* To contradict, to deny. 15915. L. W. 367.

**WITNESFULLY,** *adv. SAX.* Evidently. Bo. iv. pr. 5.

- WITNESSE, n. SAX.** Testimony; a witness. *Witnesses on Mida.* 6533. *Witnesses on Mathew.* 12568.
- WITTE, n. SAX.** Understanding, capacity. 748. *To my witte.* 11187. F. II. 194. In my judgment.
- WITTES, n. pl. SAX.** The senses of man. M. 120.
- WIVE, n. for WIF.** 1862.
- WIVERE, n. SAX.** A serpent. T. III. 1012.
- WLATSON, adj. SAX.** Loathsome. 14542. 15059.
- Wo, n. SAX.** Woe, sorrow. 1360. 1384. *Wo were us.* 8015. *Wher me were wo.* 10893. are expressions derived from the Saxon language, in which *us* and *me* were equivalent to *nobis* and *mihi*, without the addition of the prep. *to*.
- Wo, adj. SAX.** Sorrowful. R. 312. C. L. 32.
- WO-BEGON.** 3372. 3658. Far gone in woe. See BEGON.
- WODE, Wood, adj. SAX.** Mad. 3507. Violent. 3517. *For wode.* L. W. 2409. F. III. 657. Like any thing mad. See ver. 2952. *Into the fire, that brent as it were wood.*
- WODE, v. SAX.** To grow mad. 15935. Bo. IV. m. 5.
- WODEWALE, R.** 658. *pr. n.* of a bird. Widewael.
- BELG.** *Oriolus.* Kilian. According to Ray, our *Witwall* is a sort of Wood-pecker. Synop. Av. p. 43.
- WOL, v. auxil. SAX.** To will. 42. 805. It is used sometimes by itself, the *infin. v.* being understood. 10810. *As she to water wolde;* i. e. would dissolve into w. 1093. *And to the wood he wol;* i. e. will

*go.* 16453. *Ful many a man hath he begiled er  
this, And wol;* i. e. will begile.

**WOLDE**, *pa. t.* **WOULD**. 144. **WOLDEN**, *pl.* 4666.  
—*pa. t. subj. m.* *Wolde God!* 9932, 5. *God  
wolde!* Du. 665. 814. O that God were willing!  
*Ne wolde God!* 11068. God forbid!

**WOLD**, *part. pa.* Willed; been willing. M. 83.  
120. L. W. 1207.

**WOMANHEDE**, *n.* Womanhood; the virtue of a  
woman. 8951.

**WONDE**, *v.* **SAX.** Wandian. To desist through  
fear. L. W. 1185.

**WONDE**, *pa. t.* C. M. V. 102. may perhaps be de-  
duced from **WINDE**; to turn; *to bend*. See T. I.  
257.

*The yerde is bet, that bowen wol and WINDE,  
Than that that brest.*

**WONDE**, *pa. t. of WONE.* Dwelled. L. W. 2241.

**WONDER**, *adj.* **SAX.** Wonderful. 2075. 5465.

**WONE**, *n.* **SAX.** Custom, usage. 337. 13434. Du.  
475.—Habitation. 7687. 13730.—A heap; an as-  
sembly. R. 1673. L. W. 2159.

**WONE**, *v.* **SAX.** To dwell. 7745.

**WONEDEN**, *pa. t. pl.* Dwelled. 2929.

**WONED**, *part. pa.* Wont, accustomed. T. I.  
511. Du. 140.

**WONING**, *n.* **SAX.** A dwelling. 608.

**WONNE**, *part. pa. of WINNE*, *v.* **SAX.** Won, con-  
quered. 51. 59.—Begotten. L. W. 2553.

- WONT**, *part. pa. of WONE*. Accustomed. Bo. iv.  
pr. 4.
- WOOD**, *adj.* as **WODE**.
- WOODNESS**, *n.* Madness. 3452. 12430.
- WORDLES**, *adj.* SAX. Speechless. C. D. 514.
- WORLDES**, *gen. c. of WORLD*, *n.* SAX. is used in  
the sense of the *adj.* **WORLDLY**. *Every worldes*  
*sore*. 2851. *My worldes bliss*. 15206.
- WORT**, *n.* SAX. A cabbage. 8102. 15227.—New  
beer, in a state of fermentation. 16281.
- WORTH**, *v.* SAX. To be, to go. C. M. 95. *Wo*  
*worthe!* T. II. 344, 5, 6. Unhappy be! or Wo be  
to!—To climb, to mount. 13681. T. II. 1011.
- WOST** for **WOTEST**. 1165. 1176. 6144. Knowest.
- WOTE**, **WOT**, *v.* SAX. To know. 1142. 1262, 4, 5.  
**Wot**, *pa. t.* Knew. 4856.
- WOWE** (rather *Woe*), *v.* SAX. To woo. T. v. 791.  
L. W. 1245.
- WOXE**, *pa. t. of WAXE, or WEXE*, *v.* SAX. Grew.  
7703.
- WOXEN**, *part. pa.* Grown. T. v. 1014.
- WRAIE**, *v.* SAX. To betray, discover. T. III. 285.
- WRATHEN**, *inf. m. v.* SAX. To make angry. 17029.  
P. 7.
- WRAWE**, *adj.* SAX. Peevish, angry. 16995.  
**WRAWE**. FROWARD. ONGOODLY. *Perversus.*  
*Bilosus*, Prompt. Parv.
- WRAWNESS**, *n.* Peevishness. P. 77.
- WRAY**, *v.* 11256. as **WRAIE**.

WRECHE, *n.* SAX. Revenge. 14521. 14533.

WRENCHES, *n. pl.* SAX. Frauds, stratagems. 16549.

WREST, *v.* SAX. To twist. B. K. 48. *The nightingale with so great might hire voice began out wrest.* To turn forcibly. T. iv. 1427.

WRETCHES. Bo. ii. pr. 7. should probably be WRETCHED.

WRETHEN, *part. pa.* of WRITHE. F. L. 57. *Wrethen in fere;* Twisted together. In Urry's Edit. it is printed—*Within in fere.*

WREYE, *v.* 3503, 7. as WRAIE.

WRIE, *v.* SAX. To cover. 7409. R. 6795.—To turn, to incline. 17211. T. ii. 906.

WRIGHT, *n.* SAX. A workman. 616.

WRINE, for WRIEN, *inf. m.* of WRIE. R. 6684.

WRING, *v.* SAX. To squeeze so as to express moisture. 13706.

WRITHE, *v.* SAX. To twist, to turn aside. 3283. T. iv. 986.

WRITHING, *n.* A turning. 10441.

WRONGE, *part. pa.* of WRING. *His hondes wronge.* T. iv. 1171. Later writers have used the same expression of distress. I suppose it means to clasp the hands, and squeeze them *strongly* one against the other. I do not recollect a similar expression in any other language.

WROTE, *v.* SAX. To dig with the snout, as swine do. P. 150. *Or like a worm, that wroteth in a tree.* Lydg. *Trag.* 33.

WROUGHT, *part. pa.* of WORKE, *v.* SAX. Made.  
11184.

## Y.

Y at the beginning of many words, especially *verbs* and *participles*, is merely a corruption of the Saxon *Ge*, which has remained uncorrupted in the other collateral branches of the Gothic language. What the power of it may have been originally, it is impossible, I apprehend, now to determine. In Chaucer it does not appear to have any effect upon the sense of a word; so that there seems to be no necessity for inserting in a Glossary such words as *yblessed*, *ygranted*, &c. which differ not in signification from *blessed*, *granted*, &c. Some, however, of this sort are inserted, which may serve at least to shew more clearly the extent of this practice in Chaucer's time. Several other words are shortly explained under this letter, of which a more full explanation may be found under their respective *second* letters.

YA, *adv.* SAX. Yea. 3455. 8231. It is used emphatically with *both*. 4827. Ya, bothe yonge and olde. 6832. Ye, bothe faire and good.

YAF, *pa. t. of YEVE, v.* SAX. Gave. 498. 1902.

YALTE for YELTE. R. 4904. Yalte him. Yieldeth himself. Se *rend*, Orig.

YARE, *adj.* SAX. Ready. L. W. 2258.

YATE, *n.* SAX. A gate. 8889.

- Y-AVE, *pa. t. of YEVE.* Gave. 304. 602.  
Y-BE, *part. pa.* Been. 10275.  
Y-BERIED, *part. pa.* Buried. 948.  
Y-BETE. 981. See the note, and R. 837.  
Y-BLENT, *part. pa. of BLEND.* R. 1610. Blinded.  
Y-BLENT, *part. pa. of BLENCHE.* 3751. Shrunk,  
started aside. See the note on ver. 1080.  
Y-BLINT, *part. pa.* 3806. Blinded.  
Y-BORE, *part. pa. of BERE.* 380. Borne, carried.  
Y-BOURDED, *part. pa.* Jested. A. F. 589.  
Y-BRENT, *part. pa. of BRENN.* 948. Burned.  
Y-CHAPED, *part. pa.* 368. Furnished with chapes.  
From *chappe.* FR.  
Y-CLOUTED, *part. pa.* R. 223. Wrapped in clouts,  
or rags.  
Y-CORVEN, *part. pa.* 2015. Cut. See CORVEN.  
Y-COUPLED, *part. pa.* 9095.  
Y-CRASED, *part. pa.* Du. 324. Broken.  
Y-DELED, *part. pa.* 7831. Distributed.  
Y-DIGHT, *part. pa.* T. v. 541. Adorned.  
Y-DO, *part. pa.* 2536. Done, finished.  
Y-DRAWE, *part. pa.* 946. Drawn.  
YE, *adv. SAX. as YA.* 9212. *Ye wis.* T. II. 887.  
Yea certainly.  
YEDDINGES, 237. See the note. The Prompt. Parv.  
makes *Yedding* to be the same as *Geste*, which it  
explains thus. GEEST OR ROMAWNCE. *Gestio.*  
So that of *yeddinges* may perhaps mean *of story-*  
*telling.*

- YEDE**, *part. pa. of YEDE, v. SAX.* Went. 13249.  
16609.
- YEFTE**, *n. SAX.* A gift. 9185. **YEFTES**, *pl.* 2200.  
9186.
- YELDE**, *v. SAX.* To yield, to give. 6494. 8719.—  
To pay. 5712. *God yelde you!* 7759. God re-  
ward you!
- YELLEDEN**, *pa. t. pl. of YELLE, v. SAX.* 15395.
- YELPE**, *v. SAX.* To prate, to boast. 2240. T. III.  
308.
- YELTE** for **YELDETH**. T. I. 386.
- YEMAN**, *n. SAX.* A servant of middling rank; a bai-  
liff. 6962. 6977.—THE KNIGHTES **YEMAN**. See  
his CHARACTER, ver. 101—17.—THE CHANONES  
**YEMAN**. See his PROLOGUE, ver. 16022—16187.
- YEMEN**, *pl.* 2511. 2730. See the n. on ver. 101.
- YEMANRIE**, *n.* The rank of Yeoman. See the n.  
on ver. 101.
- YERDE**, *n. SAX.* A rod, or staff. 149. T. II. 154.  
*Under the yerde.* 13027. See the note.
- YERE** for **YERES**, *n. pl. SAX.* Years. 4919. 11125.
- YERNE**, *adj. SAX.* Brisk, eager, 3257.
- YERNE**, *adv.* Briskly, eagerly. 6575. 12332. Early.  
T. III. 337. *As yerne.* T. III. 151. T. IV. 112.  
Soon, immediately.
- YERNE**, *v.* To desire, to seek eagerly. T. III. 152.  
T. IV. 198.
- YERNING**, *n.* Activity, diligence. R. 5951. *Eswil.*  
Orig.

**YETEN**, *part. pa.* R. 5702. Gotten.

**YEVE**, *v. SAX.* To give. 507. 613.

**YEVEN, YEVE, part. pa.** Given. 1088. 1091.  
7135.

**Y-FALLE**, *part. pa.* 25. Fallen.

**Y-FEINED**, *part. pa.* 8405. *Lordes hestes may not  
ben y-feined.* The commands of sovereigns may  
not be executed with a feigned, pretended zeal;  
they must be executed strictly and fully.

**Y-FETTE**, *part. pa.* 10488. Fetched.

**Y-FONDEN**, *part. pa.* 10154. Found.

**Y-FOSTERED**, *part. pa.* 3944. Educated.

**Y-FRETEM**, *part. pa.* L. W. 1949. Devoured.

**Y-GETEN**, *part. pa.* 3564. Gotten.

**Y-CLOSED**, *part. pa.* 16983. Flattered.

**Y-GLUED**, *part. pa.* 10496. Glued; fastened with  
glue.

**Y-go**, *part. pa.* 288. Gone.

**Y-GRAVE**, *part. pa.* 6078. Buried.

**Y-HALOWED**, *part. pa.* L. W. 1869. Kept holy.

**Y-HERD**, *part. pa.* 3736. Covered with hair.

**Y-HOLD**, *part. pa.* 1309. L. W. 1952. Beholden.

**Y-JAPED**, *part. pa.* 17094. Tricked, deceived.

**Y-LESSED**, *part. pa.* T. I. 1090. Relieved. See  
LISSED.

**Y-LICHE, Y-LIKE**, *adj. SAX.* Resembling. 594.  
1541. Equal. 2736.

**Y-LICHE, Y-LIKE**, *adv. SAX.* Equally, alike. 2528.  
7796.

- Y-LIMED, *part. pa.* 6516. Limed; caught, as with bird-lime.
- Y-LOGGED, *part. pa.* 14997. Lodged.
- Y-MASKED, *part. pa.* T. III. 1740. Mashed, or Meshed, *Masche.* BELG. *Macula retis.* Kilian.
- Y-MEINT, *part. pa.* 2172. Mingled.
- Y-MELL, *prep. SAX.* Among. 4169.
- YMENEUS, *pr. n.* Hymenæus. 9604.
- YNOUGH, YNOW, *adv. SAX.* Enough. 11020. 13988.
- YOLDEN, *part. pa.* of YELDE. Given. 3054.— Yielded. T. III. 1217.—Repaid. R. 4556.
- YONGHEDE, *n. SAX.* Youth. R. 351.
- YORE, *adv. SAX.* Of a long time. 4692. 7944.— A little before. 9990.—*Yore agon.* 13639. Long ago. *In olde times yore.* 9016. *Of time yore.* 11275.
- YOVE, *pa. t. of YEVE.* C. L. 688. Gave.
- YOU'RE, *pron. poss. SAX.* is used for YOUREs. 16716. T. II. 587. L. W. 683. C. L. 855.
- YOUREs, *pron. poss. SAX.* used generally, when the Noun, to which it belongs, is understood, or placed before it. 7495. 8379. 10911. *He was an old felaw of youres.* 12606. He was an old companion of yours, i. e. of, or among, your companions. See the Essay, &c. n. 29.
- YOUTHEDE, *n. SAX.* Youth. R. 4931.
- YOXE, *v. SAX.* To hickup. 4149. YYXYN. *Singultio.* Prompt. Parv.
- Y-PIKED, *part. pa.* 367. Picked, spruce.

- Y-QUEINT, *part. pa.* 3752. Quenched.  
Y-REIGHT, *pa. t.* F. III. 284. Reached.  
Y-REKEN. 3880. seems to be put for the old *part. pr.*  
Y-REKEND. Reeking.  
YREN, *n. SAX.* Iron. 1996. 6488.  
Y-RENT, *part. pa.* 5265. Torn.  
Y-RONNE, YRONNEN, *part. pa.* 3891. 2695. Run.  
Y-SATELED, *part. pa.* 10279. Settled, established.  
YSE, *n. SAX.* Ice. F. III. 40.  
Y-SERVED, *part. pa.* Treated. 905.  
Y-SETTE, *part. pa.* 10487. Set, placed. Appointed.  
1637.  
Y-SHENT, *part. pa.* 6894. Damaged.  
Y-SHOVE, *part. pa.* L. W. 726. Pushed forwards.  
Y-SLAWE, *part. pa.* 945. 4904. Slain.  
Y-SOWE, *part. pa.* 5653. Sown.  
Y-SPREINT, *part. pa.* 2171. Sprinkled.  
Y-STIKED, *part. pa.* 1567. Sticked, thrust.  
Y-STORVEN, *part. pa.* 2016. Dead.  
Y-TAKE, *part. pa.* 3353. Taken.  
Y-TEYED, *part. pa.* 459. Tied.  
Y-TRESPASED, *part. pa.* M. 120. Trespassed.  
Y-VANISHED, *part. pa.* 6578.  
YVEL, *adj. SAX.* Bad, unfortunate. 4172. 4182.  
YVEL, *adv. SAX.* Ill. 1129. 3715.  
YVOIRE, *n. FR.* Ivory. Du. 946.  
Y-WIMPLED, *part. pa.* Covered with a wimple.

Y-WIS, *adv.* SAX. Certainly. 3277. 3705.

Y-WRAKE, *pa. t.* T. v. 1467. Wreaked, revenged.

Y-WRIE, *part. pa.* 2906. Covered.

Z.

ZEUXIS, *pr. n.* 11950. A Grecian painter.

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WORDS AND PHRASES NOT UNDERSTOOD.

Afere. R. 4073.

Agathon, *pr. n.* L. W. 526.

Blakeberied. 12340.

Broken harm. 9299.

Cankedort. T. II. 1752.

Carrenare. Du. 1029.

Consite. C. D. 1238.

Cost. 1480.

Countour. 361.

Cuppes. To turnen c. 3926.

Cytherus, *pr. n.* F. III. 137.

Douced. F. III. 131.

Dulcarnon. T. III. 933, 5.

Durende. C. D. 1199.

Eclympasteire, *pr. n.* Du. 167.

- Farewell feldefare. R. 5510. T. III. 863.  
Fortenid crese. R. 4875.  
Frape. T. III. 411.  
Gattothed. 470. 6185.  
Gnoffe. 3188.  
Hawebake. 4515.  
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